

The Weather

Today—Cloudy in morning; thunder showers and cooler in afternoon; moderate at night. Yesterday—High, 100; low, 78. Details on Page 10.

The Washington Post

AUG - 5 1941

Rented First Day!

A 40c Post want ad rented Mr. Newton's vacant apartment in Hillcrest in one day! To get tenants quickly, use Post want ads.

NO. 23,784

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WASHINGTON: TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1941

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Entered as Second Class Matter,
Postoffice, Washington, D. C.

THREE CENTS

Two Killed, 27 Felled As Mercury Reaches 100

Lightning Strikes
2 Men in Maryland;
Suburbs Have Heavy
Rain as D. C. Swelters

Hourly Readings

8 a.m.	77	5 p.m.	99
9 a.m.	78	6 p.m.	95
10 a.m.	80	7 p.m.	94
11 a.m.	83	8 p.m.	93
12 a.m.	89	9 p.m.	93
1 a.m.	93	10 p.m.	93
2 a.m.	95	11 p.m.	93
3 a.m.	98	12 a.m.	93
4 a.m.	99	1 a.m.	93
5 a.m.	99	2 a.m.	93
6 a.m.	99	3 a.m.	94

Humidity Is Bad

The year's hot weather record of 100 degrees yesterday brought drowning to one man in the Capital area, while a Washington man died of a paralytic attack induced by the heat.

Twenty-seven persons were treated for prostration, and one man was injured by lightning that accompanied a local storm near Bethesda, Md.

More than 30,000 Government workers left offices which are not air-conditioned yesterday afternoon. Little relief was promised for today.

The Weather Bureau forecast a temperature of 96 degrees, with generally fair weather. There is no relief in sight for the Washington area and the sweltering two-thirds of the Nation, the bureau said.

The heat belt of 100 degrees extended from the Kansas plains to the Capital, with 104 deaths attributed to the heat throughout the country—70 in the North Central States.

Humidity kept pace with high temperatures in Washington. When the high of 100 was reached at 3 p. m., humidity of 40 per cent was recorded.

Heavy Rain in Prince Georges

Humidity readings earlier in the day were: 9:30 a. m., 58 per cent; 10:30 a. m., 62 per cent; 11:30 a. m., 60 per cent; 12:30 p. m., 47 per cent; 1:30 p. m., 43 per cent; 2:30 p. m., 38 per cent; 3:30 p. m., 40 per cent; 4:30 p. m., 49 per cent; and 5:30 p. m., 51 per cent.

U. S. Park Police last night reported a record number of heat sufferers were sleeping on Hains Point grounds and in Rock Creek Park. The number, it was said, would run into the thousands.

William Kearns, 1229 Maryland Avenue Northeast, was found dead in his bed by a son, William, Jr., at 7 p. m. yesterday. He had been previously treated for paralytic attacks in April and May, members of his family said. It was believed a similar attack last night was brought on by the heat.

Police and fishing boats were dragging the West River last night near Shady Side, Md., for the body of Ernest Starks, 31, Negro, of the Sacred Heart Home, Hyattsville, Md.

Starks fell overboard from a small fishing boat near Shady Side, and went down before he could be saved, West River police reported. There were four other men in the boat, it was said.

Lightning Fells Workman

Struck by lightning as he unloaded lumber near Danbury Road, Bethesda, Md., late yesterday, Lacey White, 50, of Thornburg, Va., was reported to be in fair condition at Georgetown Hospital last night.

A fellow workman, Alfred Badgley, Negro, of 311 Mount Vernon Avenue, Alexandria, Va., suffered slight shock from the bolt that felled White. He was not hospitalized.

The two men were unloading materials for a housing development. The Bethesda Rescue Squad took White to the hospital.

While Washington sweltered heavy rain fell for ten minutes in Prince Georges County, Md., accompanied by wind that blew tree branches onto the Baltimore Boulevard, slowing traffic. A live wire

See WEATHER, Page 4, Col. 4.

Reducing Diet Starts Today!

Want to lose five pounds in a hurry? Follow the 10-day summer reducing diet prepared for you by the famous weight expert, Ida Jean Kain. This morning's Post brings you the prescribed meals for the first day. Turn to Ida Jean Kain's column on page 11.

Twice as Big as Any Here 35 Million War Dept. Building In Arlington Voted by House

By Robert De Vore
Post Staff Writer

Over the protest of a handful of its members, the House yesterday voted 25 million dollars for a new War Department Building in Arlington County, Va., a structure to house 40,000 employees and to be nearly twice as large as the biggest Federal edifice in Washington.

Two attempts to delay the appropriation, led by Representative Hull (Progressive), of Wisconsin, were beaten down without a record vote, and then the House sent along to the Senate the measure of which the building item is a part—a new \$8,063,238,478 defense bill.

These are the principal totals of the measure:

To equip and maintain a land force of 1,727,000 men, in addition to critical items for a three-million-man Army—\$4,780,203,313.

For the Navy, including funds to increase enlisted strength from 238,000 to 360,000 and the Marine

personnel from 46,000 to 75,000 men—\$1,589,374,655.

For the Maritime Commission to provide construction of 541 cargo vessels and acquisition of 350 other ships to meet a serious shortage—\$1,098,650,000.

Debate on the building appropriation was launched when Representative Sabath (Democrat), of Illinois, leading advocate of decentralization of the Federal Government by moving agencies out of the Washington area, brought in a special rule for consideration of the bill. The move was made to circumvent Hull's point-of-order objection to the building appropriation by which he delayed action on the bill last week on the ground that authorization for the item was lacking.

Hull called the proposal "staggering and astounding." He said

See FUNDS, Page 4, Col. 1.

Broader Tax Base Forecast For 1942

Defense Revenue Bill
Receives 'No Changes'
Rule From Committee

By Robert C. Albright
Post Staff Writer

Deeper tax action next year, broadening the base and generally taxing consumers, was predicted yesterday as the \$3,529,200,000 defense revenue bill received an iron-clad "no changes" rule from the House Rules Committee.

Chairman Doughton of the Ways and Means Committee told Rules committee members to expect another tax bill in 1942 "and it may broaden the base and provide a general consumption tax."

Later Doughton told reporters he wasn't "trying to write next year's tax bill," but the Government will need more funds for defense and will have to raise them where it can.

Debate on the pending steep bill meanwhile was scheduled to open today, with a coalition fight on closed rule procedure. If the rule is adopted noncommittee changes will be barred and the bill will pass after three days' debate in the form recommended by Ways and Means.

Some Democrats opposing the joint return and other controversial provisions will combine with Republicans in an effort to upset the rule. Should the measure be thrown open to changes, any germane amendment, including lowering of exemptions or a general sales tax, would be in order from the floor.

Leaders predicted approval of the rule and passage of the bill by Thursday night.

Receiving last-minute Ways and Means Committee approval were the following three minor changes:

A floor stock tax of 2 cents a thousand on matches, with stock in the hands of retailers exempted.

The 5 per cent tax on local telephone service was extended to

See TAX, Page 4, Col. 3.

Gasoline Sales In East Increase Despite Ickes' Plea

Petroleum Coordinator Harold Ickes said last night that despite his plea for a reduction in gasoline consumption in Eastern States, seven large suppliers in that area reported their sales last week were larger than in those of the preceding week—increasing 1,525,979

Milk Producers Ask Dairies To Raise Prices

Irked by U. S. Delay,
Association Solicits
Voluntary Increases

By Gerald G. Gross
Post Staff Writer

Irked by Governmental delay in acting upon its demand for a cent-a-quart price increase, the Maryland-Virginia Milk Producers Association is attempting a short-cut by soliciting voluntary increases from the various dairies.

This radical development unprecedented since a Federal milk marketing order has been in effect here, was learned of by The Post yesterday.

That the association's bold move will not succeed was indicated by a telephone sampling of the Capital's milk distributors. Two dairies said positively they will grant the producers no "voluntary" price, most pending action by the Secretary of Agriculture on the farmers' demand.

Two other distributors asserted simply that they are waiting for Secretary Claude R. Wickard's decision, while the remainder withheld comment, except in a few cases where authorized spokesmen were not available.

Increase Sought for August 1

Here is what it's all about:

At public hearings June 23-25, the organized dairy farmers supplying four of every five quarts sold in Washington asked for a penny-a-quart increase in the price paid them for Class 1 milk. That is, fluid milk, including the small percentage bought by the Surplus Marketing Administration at a lower rate for sale to needy Washington families at 5 cents a quart.

Bruce B. Derrick, secretary-treasurer and sole spokesman for the association, asked that the increase become effective by August 1.

The hearing closed June 25. July 7 was the deadline for submitting argumentative briefs to the Secretary of Agriculture. Hence, all evidence has been in his hands for three weeks. But still no verdict, either on the increase or on any of the other proposed amendments to the Federal milk marketing order.

No Maximum Prices

Impatient at the delay and realizing that it is now impossible to get his price hike by August 1, Derrick has gone to the dairies and asked them to volunteer a 40-cent-a-hundred increase on Class 1 milk and 20 cents on Class 2.

At the milk hearings, Derrick demanded a 46-cent increase on Class 1 milk, the equivalent of a

See MILK, Page 4, Col. 4.

Debate Opens Tomorrow On Selects

Sharp, Brief Fight
Expected in Senate
On Retention With
Passage This Week

By John G. Norris
Post Staff Writer

Senate Majority Leader Barkley said last night that the Senate would begin debate tomorrow on legislation extending the service of Selectees, Reservists and National Guardsmen, and predicted its passage before the weekend.

Developments of the last few days, particularly in the Far East, have changed the legislative situation as to the bill, both opponents and proponents agreed yesterday. While prior predictions had all been of a lengthy floor fight over the measure, Senate approval by a two to one vote Friday or Saturday is now forecast.

Chairman Reynolds of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, who is against the bill, conceded yesterday that it would be approved by a large majority, perhaps by Saturday. He estimated that the opposition could muster about 30 votes.

Plan Strong Fight

Opponents, however, plan a strong though perhaps not so extended a fight on the measure. While their strategy remained to be worked out at conferences today and tomorrow, there were indications they might marshal their strength behind several compromise suggestions.

Senator Taft (Republican), of Ohio, an opposition leader, introduced his substitute plan yesterday. Under it selectees would be rotated, serving 18 months instead of the present year. The War Department opposed the proposal when suggested during hearings on the legislation on the ground it would provide too few well-trained men.

Meanwhile, House committee action on the service extension legislation was postponed, when a group of opposition witnesses charged the measure was being "railroaded" and demanded that they be heard.

The group had begun consideration of the question of approving the legislation when the witnesses entered the committee offices asking to testify. After some heated debate over the charge of "railroading," the committee decided to hear them and each was permitted to make a brief statement.

"Mothers" Represented

Mrs. Rosa M. Farber, of Detroit, acting president of the Mothers of the United States of America, protested that the committee "had heard all the representatives of the military" but had "heeded the only opponent heard last week"—Frank Murray, president of the National Parents of Selectees, Inc.

Among the opponents were Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Bengt of Cincinnati, who asked a committee investigation of deaths and suicides in the Army. Bengt said he had heard that 13 men were killed in one convoy during night maneuvers at Ford Ord, Calif.

Mrs. Arbogast, of the Cincinnati Mothers and Sons Forum, said that a mother of a selectee had reported that her son had written from his camp in California that he would commit suicide rather than remain in service. Mrs. Ether Green, also

See SERVICE, Page 5, Col. 2.

See DUTCH, Page 2, Col. 5.

Dad Will Bring Him Back

D. C. Boy's Trip to Hollywood, On \$12, Ends in New York

By the United Press

New York, July 28.—Wearing a white polo shirt, linen shorts, ankle socks and sport shoes, and possessing a little over \$12 in change taken from his home bank, David Herman, 11, of 1829 Columbia Road, Washington, D. C., set out today for Hollywood, Calif., determined to become a movie star.

Police frustrated his plans at La Guardia field as he was dithering for a low-cost plane ride to the West Coast.

The chubby, tow-headed lad left the National Capital by train from Manhattan he took a taxi to La Guardia field, where he inquired of Warren Hall, information clerk, the half-fare rate to Hollywood. His face showed dismay when he was told it was \$75.

He started to walk away, but turned back and asked the clerk if it would be possible for him to travel on credit. At this juncture a dock department employee, who had been keeping his eye on the youthful traveler, summoned Patrolman Cooley, who took him down to the police information desk.

The boy first told Sgt. Ernest

Nazi Drive Broken, Red Army On Offensive, Russians Say; Dutch Cancel Tokyo Oil Rights

Netherlands Indies
Scraps Treaty, Puts
All Nipponese Trade
On a License Basis

Dutch Assets Frozen

JAPAN freezes the assets of the Netherlands and the Netherlands East Indies. Page 3.

Economic Body Blow

By International News Service

Batavia, Java, July 28.—The Netherlands East Indies, joining the American-British "economic front" in the Far East, tonight dealt a serious blow to Japan's war machine by suspending a trade treaty calling for the sale of 1,800,000 tons of oil per year to the Japanese.

Japan's navy—third largest in the world—and her air force, as well as the armored and transport vehicles of the Japanese army, thus stood to be deprived of one of the main sources of the fuel which serves as the lifeblood of the entire Japanese military system.

Assets Are Frozen

Suspension of the Japanese-East Indies trade pact, which had more than tripled the amount of petroleum Japan had acquired from the East Indies under a previous agreement, was coupled with an order freezing all assets held by the Japanese in these Dutch colonial islands and paralyzing all financial transactions with Japan.

The government also placed under a special licensing system all future East Indian exports to Japan and the Japanese-occupied area of Manchukuo and China.

Importance of the move, precipitated by Japan's occupation of bases in French Indo-China, may be gauged by the fact that Japan relies on imports to provide 89 per cent of her vitally needed oil and oil derivatives. This she has obtained primarily from the United States and the Dutch East Indies.

Dutch authorities tonight emphasized that the amount of raw materials Japan may purchase from the East Indies henceforth will depend on whether satisfactory barter arrangements can be made and that even this prospect must be viewed in the light of Japan's move into Indo-China and possible further moves southward in the future.

John Raleigh, C. B. S. correspondent at Batavia, Java, said in a broadcast Monday morning that defense measures are being rapidly put into effect by the Dutch, who, he said, feel that war is "certain to come and come soon."

Filipinos Wonder About Bomb Refuge

Manila, July 28 (AP)—War jitters increased noticeably in the Philippines today as the Japanese rapidly consolidated their gains in French Indo-China and the United States, preparing for any eventuality, united troops in the Philippines under

Admiral Sees Welles

40 Japanese Ships Hovering Off Coast Get U. S. Clearance

By George Bookman
Post Staff Writer

The United States pledged last night not to seize the 40-odd Japanese vessels that have been fearfully hovering off the Pacific Coast if they put into American harbors.

At a dramatic 15-minute conference, Sumner Welles, Acting Secretary of State, told the Japanese Ambassador, Admiral Nomura, that prompt clearance would be granted Japanese ships from American ports.

Apart from this concession on shipping, however, there was no sign in Washington yesterday that the United States was prepared to relax its drastic "freezing" of Japanese trade unless satisfactory assurances are received from Tokyo that Japan's course of conquest in the Far Pacific will be stopped.

The Senate confirmed without dissent the President's nomination of Maj. Gen. Douglas MacArthur to be a lieutenant general in command of the United States Army in the Far East. This vote apparently gave

approval to the President's dramatic order Saturday Federalizing the Philippine armed forces as a military gesture to back his economic moves against Japan.

To strengthen MacArthur's hand, the Army ordered 16 officers to duty in the Philippine Islands. The men will leave San Francisco on or about August 7.

President Roosevelt drew to a close an action-filled weekend at his Hyde Park, N. Y., estate and headed for the Capital to confer today with his military and diplomatic advisors, and also with Congressional leaders, on what is officially regarded as an increasingly grave Far Eastern crisis.

Officials in Washington professed not to know whether the freezing order will be administered as a complete embargo against Japan, or will be somewhat relaxed depending upon the course

See PACIFIC, Page 2, Col. 4.

11 Colleagues Join Defense Of Wheeler

Walsh Says Admiral
Rebuffed Senator's
Son Because of Views

Eleven Senators, of three parties, yesterday joined Senator Wheeler (Democrat), of Montana, in denouncing Secretary of War Stimson's charges that Wheeler had engaged in "near treason" by sending out a million anti-war post cards, a few of them to soldiers.

At the same time, Majority Leader Barkley of Kentucky, questioned the "propriety or fairness of any Senator permitting the use of his frank by a private committee," and read the law which prohibits use of the franking privilege by "any committee, organization or association." Senator Wheeler's frank was used by the America First Committee in sending the cards to a commercial mailing list.

Barkley was joined, also, by Senator O'Mahoney (Democrat), of Wyoming, in the charge that there had been "smeared" by both sides in the controversy. O'Mahoney said there had been attempts to "smeared" President Roosevelt as a "warmonger."

Wheeler precipitated the heated debate, in the course of which there were numerous bursts of applause from the galleries for those defending Wheeler, by taking the floor on a question of personal privilege.

"With deliberate cunning," he charged, "Secretary Stimson created the utterly false and spurious impression that I had circulated this franked card principally among the selectees—and that it encouraged these American boys to resist any attempt to keep them in service over a year."

He said that so far only three men in service were known to have received the cards, which urged the recipients to write to the President opposing American entrance into the war.

Senator Walsh (Democrat), of Massachusetts, charged that an admiral had rejected an application for a commission for Senator

See WHEELER, Page 2, Col. 3.

Nazis Protest Seizure of Data By Argentines

Legislative Group
Confiscates Pouches
Of Reich Diplomats

By the Associated Press

Berlin (Tuesday), July 29.—A "strongest" German protest against an Argentine committee's seizure of German diplomatic pouches was reported early today by D. N. B., official German news agency, several hours after the Germans struck anew at Bolivian charges of a Nazi conspiracy to overthrow the La Paz government.

D. N. B. said three diplomatic pouches which the German Legation at Lima forwarded to the German Embassy at Buenos Aires were taken off an airplane at Cordoba, Argentina. Germany demanded the return of the pouches.

In Buenos Aires, the Argentine congressional committee investigating anti-Argentine activities, which reported seizing a 500-pound German portable radio transmitter, yielded to the German protest and agreed to return it along with "documents in code."

In the Bolivian case, a spokesman yesterday accused a "third power" of the crude forgery of a letter involved in the incident. It was strongly implied that the "third power" was the United

See BOLIVIA, Page 2, Col. 5.

Soldiers Clash With Pickets In Canadian Strike

Hamilton, Ont., July 28 (AP)—A group of unarmed soldiers shouting "What are you holding up production for?" tonight clashed with about 300 pickets formed at the main entrance to the National Steel Car Co. after the Steel Workers' Organizing Committee declared a strike.

All Available Help Called

Fire Threatens to Destroy Prince Frederick, Block Razed

Special Dispatch to The Post

Prince Frederick, Md., (Tuesday), July 29.—This small Maryland town was threatened with destruction early today by fire which broke out shortly before last midnight. It was reported raging out of control at 1:30 a. m., when telephone communication was cut off.

Within half an hour the blaze had started in the rear of an A. & P. store on the main street fronting on the road to Solomon's Island, one block had been destroyed, several frame houses and stores had been razed and the Prince Frederick Department Store, the largest in town was ablaze.

Citizens of the town, which has no fire apparatus, fought the flames with a bucket brigade, while a frantic call for help was sent to

neighboring towns. First apparatus to arrive was from North Beach, followed by that of Upper Marlboro and La Plata. Calls for aid went as far as Leonardtown.

The firefighters were reported to be held up by a lack of hydrants, and fire hoses had to be stretched almost one-half mile to the nearest stream, a branch of the Patuxent River. One engine fought the blaze with chemicals but was making little headway.

Within an hour after the fire started, it threatened to spread southward to the Calvert Hotel, and the courthouse, as well as several gas reserves.

State police at Waldorf reported that as far as could be learned before the phones went off that there had been no casualties.

Battle of Smolensk
All but Won, Berlin
Asserts; Both Sides
Envision Showdown

(Detailed Stories On Page 2.)
By the Associated Press

The Red command early today made its first positive and direct claim that the German offensives had failed, both at the Russian center protecting Moscow and about Zhitomir in the Ukraine.

The Russians declared that in some areas Soviet troops were destroying great numbers of invaders in counterattacks.

Speaking of the fighting in the area of Smolensk, scene of the battle of battles for the approaches to Moscow, and in the vicinity of Zhitomir, the Russian communiqué declared:

"The enemy offensive in these directions is breaking against the firmness and stubbornness of our troops."

Report 700,000 Nazis Fallen

[The Germans have suffered staggering losses and Adolf Hitler's Russian campaign time table has been "completely upset," a high-ranking foreign military expert in Istanbul declared, according to the International News Service.

[This officer said the Germans had lost at least 700,000 men and 6,000 armored vehicles. He declared that at the outset of the war the Russians had more armored vehicles than the Nazis and that the Russian air force numerically equaled the Luftwaffe.]

Moscow had another air raid during the night. The Russians claimed to have shot down 9 of the 150 attacking planes.

Both Suggest Showdown

Moscow's and the German version of the land battle was farther apart than at any time in recent days, but both had one thing in common: A suggestion that the crisis in the battle in the whole western Russia had drawn appreciably nearer.

Berlin claimed a Nazi victory in the Smolensk area, which lies 230 miles or less from the Soviet capital, was now all but complete and that a direct thrust at Moscow itself thus was in sight.

Hint Red Reserves Are Few

Specifically, the Germans asserted a Red army division which had been hurriedly dispatched from the Soviet Far East forces 4,000 miles away had been destroyed along the Russian center—the third division reported annihilated within 24 hours.

The intention was to show that the Soviet western armies were no longer self-contained in the matter of reserves and had been forced to the dangerous expedient of weakening their eastern divisions at a time when a Japanese thrust into Siberia was seen in many quarters as a distinct possibility.

As to the northern and southern drives, official and semi-official Nazi informants pictured advanced units of the first as having reached to within 45 miles of Leningrad, and the other as proceeding "in pursuit of the enemy" into the Ukraine.

The Russians, in their day communiqué, told a vastly different story.

ImPLY an Offensive

A declaration of the Soviet command that Red troops were in "fighting actions"—as against the exclusively defensive actions so often reported in recent days—was made with the implication that both in the Smolensk salient and in the Zhitomir area before the Ukrainian capital of Kiev the Russians had seized the initiative after defeating long and bloody Nazi efforts to break through in those key areas.

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Nazi Drives Broken, Moscow Says; Berlin Forecasts a Great Victory

Red Army Is Counterattacking After Stalling, Soviet Says

Initiative Theirs Now, Russians Assert; Airforce Joins in Counteroffensive

Moscow (Tuesday), July 29.—Soviet Russia officially claimed today that the German offensives aimed at Moscow and Kiev are "breaking against the firmness and stubbornness of our troops" and that counterattacking Red soldiers had inflicted heavy losses on the Germans in some areas of the vast front.

The heaviest fighting was in the Smolensk sector, where the Germans are attempting to break through to Moscow, and in the Zhitomir area, the battleground for the Ukrainian capital of Kiev.

The Soviet information bureau indicated in its morning communiqué that Russian forces opened energetic counter-drives after the German drives bogged down.

Other Sectors Quiet

Aside from the Smolensk and Zhitomir fighting, the communiqué said, there were no important combats on the front.

Approximately 150 German airplanes again attempted a mass attack on Moscow during the night, but only a few of them broke through to scatter bombs which killed several persons and started a few fires.

Nine German planes were reported shot down, with Soviet night fighters unscathed. Fires set by German bombs in Russian homes were extinguished by prompt work of the fire brigades.

It declared that 109 German planes were brought down Saturday while only 36 Russian planes were lost. At sea the Russians asserted Red planes had sunk a German torpedo boat and two patrol boats in the Baltic. The communiqué acknowledged the loss of a Russian torpedo boat.

Reports last night had indicated that Red troops had seized the initiative on the approaches to Kiev and Moscow.

This turn in the battle for western Russia, which followed Moscow's official claims that the whole of the Nazi invasion had been reduced from blitzkrieg tempo to a siege of the Soviet vastnesses, was indirectly reported by the Soviet high command itself in a communiqué of extraordinarily confident tone.

"Fighting actions of our troops continued in the directions of Novol, Smolensk and Zhitomir," said the afternoon war bulletin, thus abandoning for the first time in days a familiar phraseology which had reported only exclusively defensive operations in "stubborn battles" and "fierce fighting."

Novol is at the northern end of the central German salient pointed toward Moscow; Smolensk, at the

tip of that salient, is 230 miles short of the Soviet capital, while the Zhitomir area is the scene of an old and bloody struggle for the routes to the principal Ukrainian city of Kiev.

Airforce on Offensive

The swing to offensive tactics by the ground forces was paralleled, said the Red general staff communiqué, by a widening bombing campaign of the Soviet air fleet not only over the battle front against Nazi troops and air forces, but extending to German-allied Rumania to the waters of Finland.

Constanta, the principal Rumanian oil port, was raided overnight, it was declared, while other bombers ranging far to the north hit a Finnish coastal defense monitor with heavy bombs and left her exploding.

While official details as to the Russian operations abroad were scarce, two specific offensive sorties were reported.

A Russian detachment attacking the German-garrisoned city of "Z" had already been driven the Germans out with bayonets and grenades, while other units were raiding German artillery batteries and routing a German motorized column.

Neutral Officer Puts Nazi Loss at 700,000

Istanbul, July 28 (AP).—Staggering losses including at least 700,000 men and 5,000 armored vehicles have already been sustained by Germany in the five weeks since she invaded Russia, according to a high-ranking foreign military expert in Istanbul.

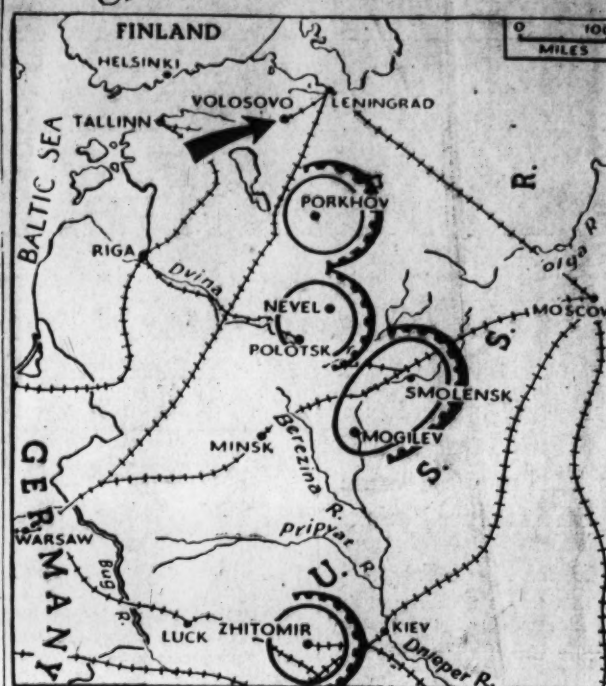
The recipient of the private advice cautioned that it is "still too early to see clear signs of a catastrophe for Germany."

Although Germany had increased her panzer forces from 12 armored divisions at the start of the war in 1939 to 30 in June, Russia's armored force was still bigger, the expert declared, asserting:

"Russia had 15 armored army corps and 64 armored brigades—equivalent to 53 German armored divisions. It was unquestionably the greatest armored force in the world."

The Russian air force numerically also equaled the Luftwaffe, he said, adding: "We estimated Russia's first-line air strength at 15,000 planes. The Russian aircraft industry has 3,000 factories between Moscow and the Urals—a region that is so far not menaced."

Krieg, but No Blitz . . .



SWING TO OFFENSIVE—Russians said the war on the eastern front had settled down to an old-fashioned siege with the Red forces swinging to the offensive. Fighting was reported overnight in the familiar Nevel, Smolensk and Zhitomir sectors. The Porkhov sector has been important in the defense of Leningrad. The German high command has not confirmed German press reports that one tank detachment has reached Volosovo (arrow), 45 miles from Leningrad.

II Colleagues Join Defense Of Wheeler

WHEELER, from Page 1.

Wheeler's son because the son said he shared his father's views on foreign relations. Later, Walsh said, Secretary Knox overruled the admiral and the commission was granted.

"Smearing is bad enough," the Bay State Senator said, "when it is confined to persons capable of defending themselves, but it is time to call a halt when it extends to members of a man's family."

Senator Johnson (Republican), of California, dramatically championed Wheeler.

"Every man in this chamber should be proud of you," he said, "as I am proud of you. Everyone here should be shouting 'Hurrah for Wheeler!'"

He said that if ever Wheeler should be sent to a concentration camp "we will go together. We will stand together for the rights of the people. So I say, stick to it, Brother Wheeler; stand up; never mind how many are with you. There'll always be one with you."

Senator Tydings (Democrat), of Maryland, declining to approve of all of Wheeler's stands and policies, declared he was "sorry that the Secretary of War seized upon a few cards in an attempt to smear the Senator from Montana, to question his sincerity and to question his patriotism."

Senator Vandenberg (Republican), of Michigan, was applauded when he said that "the Senator from Montana represents not the seeds of treason but the hope of democracy."

Barkley Urges Caution

Others who praised the Montanan's service or denounced Secretary Stimson's attack on him included Senators Truman (Democrat), of Missouri; LaFollette (Progressive), of Wisconsin; Brooks (Republican), of Illinois; Clark (Republican), of Missouri; Taft (Republican), of Ohio; Chavez (Democrat), of New Mexico, and Smith (Democrat), of South Carolina.

In addition, Barkley, while urging greater caution in use of the franking privilege, which he conceded had been abused by national committees of the political parties, praised Wheeler as "one of the ablest and one of the most courageous men in the Senate."

Stimson's criticism was based chiefly on the fact that some of the cards fell into the hands of men serving in the Army. The President last week backed up Stimson by praising New York newspaper editorials claiming that Wheeler had gone "too far."

Wheeler arose soon after the Senate convened to defend himself against the "treason" charges. He said the Administration's campaign against him was intended to "terrify the American people into submitting to participation in war," and added that "whatever temporary success this smear campaign has enjoyed can be attributed to the artful planning and falsity of its foundation."

Senator Wheeler recounted charges which had been leveled at him by the Harding Administration, and which had culminated in a Federal indictment against him. He had taken the charges as "a badge of honor."

U. S. Promises To Clear 40 Japanese Ships

PACIFIC, from Page 1.

It was said that only the President himself knows how much force will be behind the economic punch that the United States has now readied itself to deliver to Japan. It was considered possible that Mr. Roosevelt would shed some light on this question at a scheduled press conference this afternoon.

American on Board

Admiral Nomura carried directly to the U.S. desk all the resentment and anxiety that has been welling in Japanese officialdom since the United States, in concert with Great Britain and the Netherlands, clamped down its freezing order Friday night. It was their first meeting since the President issued his executive order.

Wheeler's pledge apparently assured that the Japanese vessels, hovering offshore ever since the crisis with Japan dated anew last week, could put into port.

Among these vessels is the big N. Y. K. liner Tatsu Maru, carrying 150 Americans and a \$2,500,000 cargo of silk. The silk, one official said, is worth more to its Japanese owners than the vessel.

Meanwhile, it was learned that the United States is engaged in a campaign to align the Latin-American nations in a common front of economic warfare against Japan.

Reports yesterday that some of the Japanese vessels were planning to proceed to Mexico in refusal, spurred these efforts, but they had been under way for some time.

Oil-hungry Japan would not be able to buy much petroleum either in Mexico or in Venezuela, officials were sure. Officials pointed out that a tanker to carry Mexican oil to Japan would have to pass through the Panama Canal, which the United States already has closed to Japanese vessels "due to repairs." It was also emphasized that British, Dutch and American corporations own the Venezuelan oil fields and, even in the absence of the freezing order, would not be disposed to sell oil to Japan against the wishes of their respective governments.

As far as strategic minerals are concerned, Mexico and Brazil, which abound in them—have independently instituted licensing systems that restrict these minerals to Western Hemisphere customers, chiefly the United States.

Shipping Difficulties

Officials were not greatly worried, either, that Brazilian cotton might provide a sizable leak in the blockade of Japan. They pointed out, first, that Brazil has been in close collaboration with the United States on many matters and, second, that the Brazilian cotton crop cannot measure up to the American crop in size. Shipping would present a serious difficulty to the Japanese also, unless they found some means to round Cape Horn for cotton cargoes.

It was not considered likely by officials that the United States, through some such instrumentality as the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, would have to engage in large-scale preclusive buying to keep Latin American raw materials from falling into Japanese hands.

Welles also discussed the Far Eastern crisis with Lord Halifax, the British Ambassador.

Showdown Near in Battle Of Smolensk, Germans Assert

Road to Moscow to Be Opened To Hitler's Legions Soon, D.N.B. Claims

Berlin, July 28.—German forces were reported tonight on the threshold of victory in the fierce "Battle of Smolensk" and a direct assault on Moscow was forecast as the first stroke for Adolf Hitler's legions.

Another Red army division—the third reported within 24 hours—was said to have been wiped out, and war dispatches said the newest one destroyed had been shifted 4,000 miles from the Far East to buttress the defenders of the Soviet capital.

Previously (Saturday), two Russian divisions had been reported annihilated in an encircling operation near Moshilav, south of the Smolensk salient, with 23,000 soldiers captured and 61 cannons, 80 anti-tank guns and 750 vehicles seized.

Picture Fox as Trapped

The latest German war reports pictured the Russians as hopelessly split up and trapped in a German pocket at Smolensk.

A brief but confident communiqué from Hitler's headquarters said: "The Battle of Smolensk is drawing to a successful conclusion. All Bolshevik attempts to prevent the annihilation of encircled Soviet units were nipped in the bud."

If that bloody battle ends with the outcome the high command evidently regards as assured, military commentators predicted, the center of the German front would be ready to move on Moscow.

[However, Maj. Otto Lehmann, writing in today's Lokalanzeiger, said fierce resistance by masses of Russian troops—even when encircled—had been reported. "It would be unfounded optimism to expect a faster tempo in the course of events," he said.]

Dutch Abrogate Tokyo Oil Pact

DUTCH, from Page 1.

command of Lieut. Gen. Douglas A. MacArthur.

The expression most frequently heard from Americans and Filipinos who evidently believe war was not far distant, was:

"Where do you figure we can find the best spot to avoid air raids?"

A plea for maintenance of cordial relations between Japan and the Philippines came from Japanese Consul General K. Nihiro in an interview with the Manila Bulletin.

Nihiro said he did not believe the orders of United States and Japan freezing each other's credits should lead to war, but added that the "whole situation depends entirely upon future developments."

Nazi Data Seized By Argentines

BOLIVIA, from Page 1.

States.

The German foreign office made public a note to Bolivia saying the Reich's government "again launches the sharpest protest" against the "falsification in the crudest manner possible" of the letter, which purported to be from Maj. Elias Belmonte Pabon, Bolivian military and air attaché, who has been dismissed by his government on a charge of treason.

Minister Ernst Wendler, expelled from La Paz.

Maj. Belmonte Pabon himself read a prepared declaration in Spanish to the foreign correspondents declaring that "upon my word of honor as an officer . . . I never addressed either this letter or any other piece of writing or any communication to the German Minister."

Espionage Suspect

Changes Plea to Guilty

New York, July 28.—Bertram Wolfgang Zenzinger, one of the 33 alleged Nazi spies under indictment in United States District Court, Brooklyn, changed his plea today from not guilty to guilty on the second count of the true-bill, charging him with conspiring to transmit national defense information to Germany.

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By Ed Carl, Manager

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Call CARL, Inc.

By Ed Carl, Manager

Citywide Strike Called in New York

New York, July 28 (AP).—By unanimous vote, 5,000 members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (A. F. L.) tonight called a city-wide general strike of electricians for 7 a. m. tomorrow.

The brotherhood said more than 8,000 skilled electricians working for private contractors and other concerns would be affected throughout the five boroughs.

Union officials predicted that ultimately the strike might cause a general tie-up involving York's 250,000 construction workers.

The union said that arrangements had been made for continuance of street lighting and traffic signals, and that all defense projects had been exempted from the strike.

Union Business Manager Harry Van Arsdale, Jr., declared the walk-out would be a protest stoppage over a controversy between Local 3 of the union and the Consolidated Edison Co. concerning the right of union members to perform electrical construction work on the new Edison waterfront power plant in Manhattan, where an unaffiliated union is employed.

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Be Fighting Men or Slaves, Knox Tells U.S.

Fort Sheridan, Ill., July 28.—Secretary of the Navy Knox asserted tonight that "it is time ever comes when we Americans are unwilling to fight to preserve the freedoms we have inherited, those freedoms will be destroyed and taken from us by a stronger breed of men . . ."

Calling for a decision on the "perils which confront us," he told the Legion of Valor, an organization of Army and Navy men who were decorated for bravery:

"There are those in this country who think we can solve these problems by refusing to face them. That is precisely what happened to a dozen countries in Europe who have lost their liberties. The need is not only for a decision to take every possible measure that can be taken to prevent this fate overtaking us, but the need is for a decision now, a decision that, come what may, we shall resist to the uttermost and every assault that is made upon us, and we will make due preparations to meet any and every threat or force that is pointed in our direction."

He declared that "in times of peril like these" a few Americans professed to see no danger, and would "disband our half-trained Army" and protest acquisition of outlying sea bases.

"What breed of Americans are these who would blindly shut their eyes to perils that can be ignored or who, in an unworthy timidity of which our forefathers would be ashamed, shrink from whatever stern measures are necessary to preserve our liberties and maintain our freedoms?" Knox asked.

"If the time ever comes when we Americans are unwilling to fight to preserve the freedoms we have inherited, those freedoms will be destroyed and taken from us by a stronger breed of men who retain the courage to fight for what they have and for what they want."

The address was broadcast over the N. B. C. red network.

SPECIAL NOTICES

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE POLARIS Insurance Company of the District of Columbia, for the election of directors, will be held in the office of the company, 906-908 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., MONDAY, August 4, 1941, at 11 a. m. and the books for the transfer of stock will be closed from July 29 to August 3, inclusive. DOUGLAS R. PHILLIPS, Secretary. 24.25.26.28.29.30.31.1.2.4

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Western Cartridge Dispute Nears End

Company Officials Raise No Questions On Four Points in Settlement Plan

By Alfred Friendly

The long-standing dispute involving the Western Cartridge Co., Alton, Ill.—probably the most critical controversy on the Defense Mediation Board docket—appeared yesterday to be on the mend, when management representatives unexpectedly indicated concurrence with the major points of the board's settlement proposals.

The company had been sharply criticized publicly and privately by board officials during the long course of the controversy and its recalcitrance had provoked discussion of possible Government occupation of the plant, which manufactures smokeless powder and small arms ammunition.

Yesterday, however, Charles E. Wyzanski, chairman of the board panel considering the case, reported that company officials "had raised no question" on four major points of the board's proposals, and planned to meet last night to work out with officials of the A. F. of L. Chemical Workers Union ways of effectuating the remaining two points.

Threatened Strikes Certified

The two points to have been discussed last night related to wages and the cancellation of existing contracts with individual workers. The major issue of the dispute, however, and the one at which the company had previously balked, was recognition of the union and granting it a security guarantee. Wyzanski said that in making its answer, the company apparently had no question about the board recommendation that the company accept a maintenance of membership agreement.

Meantime, two new threatened strikes were certified to the mediation board last night, which immediately sought by telegram to the disputants to avert stoppages scheduled for today.

Most important was a threatened strike of 1,750 workers of three Los Angeles plants of the Aluminum Co. of America, makers of vital aircraft parts. The C. I. O. United Auto Workers union involved seeks higher wages, vacations, paid holidays and the union shop.

The second certification was of a dispute of the Lincoln Mills, Huntsville, Ala., where the C. I. O. Textile Workers Union asks wage increases and union security. About 1,800 workers are employed. The company holds more than \$600,000 of Army and Navy cotton textile orders.

Panel to Meet Today

Another Mediation Board panel is to meet today, it was announced, to consider the reply made by the Air Associates, Inc., Bendix, N. J., to recent recommendations for settlement of a two-week strike by the C. I. O. United Auto Workers.

Late Sunday, the company told the board it would agree to reinstate all employees involved in the dispute—which was the principal issue of the strike—but gave only a

conditional acceptance of other points in the board's settlement proposal. Purpose of today's panel meeting, it was understood, is to determine whether the company's reply is acceptable and provides the basis for ending the strike.

About 525 employees are involved. The company manufactures aircraft parts on defense orders.

Besides the Air Associates strike, the major defense stoppages yesterday involved naval projects at Key West, Fla., and the construction of a St. Louis small arms plant.

Coyne Denounces Strikes

Both strikes were denounced here by John P. Coyne, head of the A. F. of L. Building Trades Department, who said they "should not have taken place" and that the trouble frequently is with the local leadership.

At Key West, where from 300 to 400 A. F. of L. carpenters walked out in sympathy with striking laborers seeking wage increases, work was halted on a submarine base, a naval air base, a Navy housing project and naval station improvements.

Some 2,200 A. F. of L. laborers continued the strike at the \$9 million dollar St. Louis ammunition plant, protesting the discharge of two ice-water haulers whom the contractor accused of idling.

Meantime, the OPM labor division yesterday indicated its agreement with a recent Mediation Board recommendation by requesting 200 airplane companies and other defense manufacturers to employ women workers "without lowering wage, hour and other working condition standards."

In recommendations issued last month on a dispute involving the Marlin-Rockwell Co., Plainville, Conn., the board proposed that equal wage raises be given to both men and women workers.

Jobs for Women

Yesterday's OPM request, made by Co-director Sidney Hillman, listed a long series of occupational classifications in which he said women had been found qualified. He urged their employment "to avoid unnecessary importation of out-of-town labor and the resultant housing difficulties and uprooting of families."

Surveys of the aircraft industry, Hillman said, show that women are competent in such work as machine shop, press and forming, metal fabrication, bench and stainless steel assemblies, fuselage assembly, wing, control surfaces, cowling, painting, tank, final assembly, painting, covering, heat treating, anodizing, welding and many other operations.

Hillman said that shortages in male labor were already occurring in some industries in certain areas but that the World War had demonstrated the ability of adequately trained women to do these jobs.

H'wood Receives Army's Champ Movie-Goer



Associated Press Wirephoto

SOLDIER IS WELCOMED BY STARLETS—Private Kenneth Wilkinson, recognized as the Army's "champion movie-goer," arrived in Hollywood yesterday from Fort Lewis, Wash., for a six-day whirl in the film capital. Wilkinson was welcomed by (left to right) Carol Bruce, Virginia O'Brien, Joan Leslie and Linda Darnell. He saw 245 feature-length movies during his first eight months' enlistment.

Reporter Tells How Four Fooled Italian Navy In Flight From Yugoslavia in Small Boat

(Editor's note: Battling to keep alive to tell the story of the German attack in Yugoslavia, four correspondents took to sea in an open boat although they knew nothing about navigation. Robert St. John tells of their perils in this second chapter of his odyssey.)

By Robert St. John

Associated Press Staff Writer

New York, July 28.—Here in New York Harbor the water is full of big ships and some of them are famous warships, but the greater ship in all the world to me will always be the Makedonka.

The Makedonka was the 20-foot sardine boat that four of us newspapermen got in trade for an automobile in the little Yugoslav town of Budva. It was the boat that stood up long enough to get us to the Greek island of Corfu, thus enabling us eventually to reach Cairo.

It was just a dirty, smelly fishing boat with a piece of canvas they called a sail and four cracked and a little outboard motor that worked all right if there was no rain to dampen the ignition.

The people in that ancient walled town of Budva were kind, but they refused to sell us much food. In a day or two they knew the army of the invaders would come sweeping into the city, and they were hiding their food for themselves. I was chief of supplies because I was the oldest member of our four-man crew and the others suspected it might be a tough job.

The liquid supplies were more than adequate to begin with. But the first night we had water trouble. We ran into a terrific storm. The Makedonka was washed by 10-foot waves, and bounced around like a peanut shell. Sometime unknown to us, the cork popped out of the water demijohn.

The next time we got thirsty we found we had a weak solution of salt water. That meant our only liquid for the rest of the trip was alcoholic—brandy, rum and several brands of wine.

Two Ambulance Drivers Tell Of Escape From Nazi Captors

By the Associated Press

New York, July 28.—Two American survivors of the Egyptian steamer Zamzam returned to home shores today and credited croaking frogs with aiding them to escape from occupied France.

They are James W. Stewart, of Oneonta, N. Y., and Thomas O. Greenough, of Profit, Va., members of the British-American ambulance corps, who arrived aboard the American export liner Excalibur.

Recounting their escape while en route by train from occupied France to a prison camp, Stewart said:

"We followed the sound of croaking frogs knowing there was water, and after we have gone three days without water, even a frog pond is a godsend."

"We were being taken from Biarritz to some place in Germany, when Tom suggested we try to escape. We were fed up with the German guards' insistence that escape was impossible and, when we learned that instead of being headed toward Lisbon we were headed for Germany, we decided that the first opportunity presented would find us waiting."

"At midnight on June 27, we reached a city of about 45,000 population which we will not name, and we went out through the window."

"We ran into two German guards. Tom spoke German and French and convinced them we had left our papers at home and were tired after working in the yards 18 hours. They let us by."

If we had been on a pleasure trip, it might have been a funny accident, this salting of our drinking water, but when you're battling the elements for your life, and watching for mines, and trying to evade the Italian navy, you don't want your brain befogged with alcohol. We had to go light on liquids. It was another rationing job for me.

Several times, as we neared Corfu, the crew came close to mutiny. I had rationed our ten loaves of bread so it would last ten days. But a loaf of bread a day for four men isn't much food, especially when you're doing hard manual labor, like rowing.

So, there were times when it seemed as though the chief of food would have to enforce his decisions with the automatic pistol. King Peter's bodyguard had given us as a souvenir just before he flew off with the boy monarch to Greece.

Navigation was our chief problem. We had no sea charts, but we did have a few automobile road maps that showed us the contour of the coast line. We tried to stay just within sight of Yugoslavia and later Albania, because we wanted to avoid mine fields and Italian ships that were hugging the shore.

During the daytime the hilly coast line was visible about 8 or 10 miles. But night brought our own problems. In the faint starlight the shore was visible for only a mile or two. That was too close for safety. So we hit on a happy solution. When the first stars came out, we spotted two or three which seemed to be in the direction we wanted to go, and then when the shore line vanished in the darkness we just kept the bow headed for these stars.

But when morning came we found that land was nowhere in sight and so for an hour or two we had to head due east until the hills of Albania loomed up.

Again the following morning we were far at sea and had to waste precious hours getting land back. A week or two later, in Cairo, after we had had food and rest, one of us remembered that stars move! They move from east to west. Of course!

One long night, when the engine was flooded with water and the

wind was so strong we couldn't put up the sail, all four of us kept at the oars until morning.

Another night we saw an Italian warship ahead. We killed the engine (it was working for a change) and rowed for hours until we had circled away out to sea and had avoided possible seizure.

As we headed close to Durazzo, chief Albanian port, we saw that it was full of Italian warships, so we went out 15 miles to sea again. It seemed to take us all night to pass Durazzo.

The next morning we sighted what we thought were two Italian submarines. They turned out to be two Italian minelayers. One of them bore down on us. We saw gunners suddenly spring into position and train machine guns right on the Makedonka.

We got out of that fix by pulling caps down over our eyes and dangling pieces of rope in the water. A closer call was when an Italian destroyer hove in sight. An Italian seaplane circled overhead. The fisherman trick didn't work, so we hauled out a bloodstained United States flag and waved it. The officers of the destroyer looked puzzled, but they finally made off.

It was Greek orthodox Easter morning when a brilliant red sun came up and showed us a speck of land dead ahead. Our automobile map indicated it must be Corfu.

We were reaching a safe land just in time, because a few hours before a heavy sea had sprung up, our gasoline had given out, and the sail was useless. Now because the mast had cracked from top to bottom, nearly knocking us all into the water.

There was a crowd on the shore of Corfu to greet us with rifles all pointed seaward. It was a ticklish moment, for none of them could speak English.

They must have decided, finally, that we were too exhausted to be dangerous. Anyway, they let us land. Then arrested us.

We probably were the most unpopular Americans who ever set foot on that island. The Italian seaplane that had been following us all flew back and forth over our heads and the Corfu people as they blamed us for attracting the enemy to their shores. When the plane left and then came back with a lot of bombers, which gave Corfu its first real air attack in a month, the people knew we were bad luck.

That island was soon to become an island of desolation, and the Makedonka was doomed to be sunk, but all that counted at that moment was that we were on dry land again.

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Panzer General's Death Disclosed

Berlin, July 28 (AP).—The death of Maj. Gen. Karl Ritter von Weber, 48, commander of a tank division, on the Eastern Front July 20 was disclosed today in a death notice in Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung.

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Henderson May Fix Price Ceiling on Tin

Defense agencies sought yesterday to hold to a minimum dislocations in industry resulting from tin shortages.

Leon Henderson, head of the Office of Price Administration and Civilian Supply, warned of a possible price ceiling on tin, pointing to the problem of shipping from the war-threatened Dutch East Indies and British Malaya, while the OPM production division wired all tin consumers to draw on their reserve supplies temporarily and not to attempt increasing their individual stock piles.

At the same time, interdepartmental meetings were held yesterday to consider problems resulting from a curtailment of raw silk from Japan. Members of the silk industry, it was learned, will confer this week with OPM officials, and priority orders, giving parachute requirements first call, were hinted. Although the freezing of Japanese credits here may put a stop to further silk importations, it was reported that supplies are adequate for parachute needs.

In other action on tin, OPM yesterday issued an allocation program giving preference on existing supplies of tinplate and zinc oxide to makers of cans for this year's food crop. The order followed a meeting of can manufacturers and OPM officials at which it was stated that iron and steel shortages may compel restrictions on the use of cans for nonessential purposes.

It was said that although there is no present shortage of tinplate or zinc oxide, defense demands may create one while the current food crop is being packed, with the resulting danger of spoilage of "precious quantities of perishable food."

In other moves to expand and preserve vital materials, the OPM yesterday announced that steps were being taken to triple the supply of fabricated alloy steel for aircraft manufacturer, and that chlorine, necessary in powder manufacture and for chemical warfare purposes, and calcium-silicon, used in steel manufacture, would be placed under full priority control.

The three-fold expansion of alloy steel for aircraft purposes, the OPM iron and steel branch declared, will be accomplished before the end of 1942 by enlarging the industry's electric furnace, heat treating and other finishing capacity, and by allocating orders to obtain maximum output.

Mrs. Pumphrey's Funeral Is Today

Funeral services for Mrs. Mary Riggs Pumphrey, of Germantown, who died Saturday, will be held at 2 p. m. today at her home there. Burial will be in the Goshen Cemetery.

Mrs. Pumphrey was the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Remus Dorsey Riggs, of Laytonville, and was a life-long resident of Montgomery County. She leaves two daughters, Mrs. Ervin H. Mateny and Mrs. Bessie Hargett, both of Germantown; a brother, Ledoux E. Riggs, of Laytonville, and two grandchildren.

The Rev. Spence Dunbar will officiate.

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Finns Cut Ties With Britain

By the United Press

London (Tuesday), July 29.—The British foreign office announced today that Finland, now a cobelligerent with Germany against Russia, has severed diplomatic relations with Britain.

Foreign Minister Rolf Witting handed the British minister to Helsinki, Gordon Vereker, an aide memoire, stating that Finland could not maintain normal diplomatic relations with Britain because of her

military action side by side with Germany, the British foreign office announced.

Vereker asked if Witting's statement meant that Finland was requesting severance of diplomatic relations. Witting replied, "Yes." British-Finnish relations have been nominally normal since the start of the Russo-German war, despite Finland's decision to ally herself with Britain's enemy.

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Orig. \$7.95, \$10.00, \$12.95, \$15.00, \$16.95, \$18.95

... Winkleman Fine Shoes ...

\$5.50

Orig. \$10.95, \$12.95, \$14.95

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Tokyo Charges Japan Moves U.S.-Dutch Plot

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Tokyo (Tuesday), July 29.—The assets of the Netherlands and the Netherlands East Indies were frozen today. The Nanking government is expected to follow the action of Japan.

A United Press dispatch said the Japanese government appointed a commission to plan additional countermeasures against the Anglo-American freezing of Japanese credits, which led to a near panic on the Tokyo stock exchange yesterday.

Representatives of the military and naval ministries, foreign ministry, several domestic ministries, the Manchurian Affairs Bureau, the Overseas Planning Bureau and the China Affairs Board were appointed to the new commission by the finance ministry to draft new measures of "tit-for-tat" retaliation.

Panic was averted among traders of the Tokyo Stock Exchange when the official securities company, acting under a government order, advanced funds to halt tumbling prices. The quick action quieted traders' fears and stocks recovered between five and six points.

The freezing of American, British and Canadian assets was put into effect when the banks opened here this morning. The Tokyo branch of the National City Bank was not opened at all because it was occupied by Japanese bank examiners.

The finance ministry announced today certain alleviations in the freezing operations by promising general permits for some foreigners by allowing limited financial operations through a clearing house.

The privy council meeting held in the presence of Emperor Hirohito today ratified the Japanese "joint defense" agreement, but for some reason this news has not appeared in Japan so far, excepting in the form of an editorial in the foreign office organ, the Japan Times Advertiser. The newspaper emphasized that the Japanese occupation of French Indo-China had been peaceful and bloodless, and had been accompanied by all the diplomatic courtesies.

The Japan Times Advertiser denies there is any need of alarm, and reproaches the press of the United States for its "sensationalism," which, it says, "hampers opportunities for a harmonious understanding between Japan and the United States—now that the Franco-Japanese joint defense pact is an accomplished fact."

Bargain Outing PHILADELPHIA

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Round Trip

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Thrill to historic sights and scenes famous in our Nation's history... Independence Hall and the Liberty Bell... Betsy Ross House... and other famous spots in this Birthplace of Freedom.

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Price Control Bills Ready for Debate

The Administration's price-control legislation, revised to the satisfaction of Congressional leaders, is expected to be introduced in both Houses within the next two days and speed on its way by a message from the President.

Speaker Rayburn said the bill's passage should be expedited. Senate leaders said that after prompt committee hearings the price measure would receive the No. 1 spot on the Senate program, with action slated after passage of the Selective Service bill.

Rayburn told reporters the revised version "appears satisfactory" to him and stressed urgency of its passage.

Fears Sudden Spurt

"We're liable to wake up some morning and find a lot of runaway prices," said the Speaker.

Details of the bill were withheld by House and Senate leaders pending today's legislative conference with the President. A draft is said to have been completed Saturday by Price Administrator Leo Henderson, providing "over-all" price control authority by the President, with licensing powers and authority to fix individual commodity prices.

While no committees have yet been assigned to the bill, it was thought likely Senator Clegg (Democrat), of Virginia, acting chairman of the Senate Banking Committee, may handle the legislation in the Senate, and Chairman Steagall, of

the House Banking Committee, in the House.

Subject to revision before introduction were farm price provisions, on which it was reported a compromise has been reached. Farm interests, which have objected to inclusion of farm prices in the regulatory authority, reportedly have been assured that no agricultural prices would be fixed below parity.

The bill is expected to designate a base period, with provision against fixing prices of any commodities below the average for the period. Presidential power to fix individual commodity prices, with authority to impose over-all ceiling prices in various categories, would be provided. Licensing powers would provide additional controls against inflation, it was said.

It was indicated no wage ceilings would be imposed but that farmers would be guaranteed parity and rents would be stabilized in defense areas where there were abnormal increases. One provision, reportedly in the bill, would permit Government purchase of high-cost marginal production to permit marginal producers of some commodities to continue in operations. This would be done without affecting the general price ceiling imposed on regular producers.

Ford Predicts A New World Of Prosperity

By the Associated Press

Detroit, July 28.—Henry Ford, who will be 76 on Wednesday, believes that out of the war now affecting most of the world's peoples will come an era "filled with opportunity for everybody who can stop looking backward, face about and go forward."

He said he had no fear of a depression following the completion of the national defense program—"if competition remains active."

The noted industrialist, who is completing a giant aviation engine factory and a new bomber plane as part of his effort in the national defense, reiterated his hatred of war, but added:

"It seems that wars—and I hate to say it—are necessary to teach us lessons we seem unable to learn any other way."

He predicted a turning of industry, in its search for materials, from the forest and the mine to the farm, and asserted that a new plastics industry and a tremendous expansion of aviation, will give employment to millions of people in the new world he visualizes.

Asked whether the new world would be tolerant to the Jew, Ford replied:

"Yes, there's a need for the Jew in the world and it's bound to be recognized. Among the Jews are some of our ablest financiers and greatest merchants. They understand business. They know that all prosperity is based on the ability of the farmer to buy. And they know the value and function of competition."

Ford repeated his conviction that "it's the munitions-makers who foster and promote wars because of the tremendous profits wars bring them."

Several members of the House committee predicted some form of troop-retention legislation would be approved this morning and that it would be passed by the House next week.

The Senate committee formally reported its service extension bill yesterday, with the declaration that since last year, the "international developments have been such as to imperil our national safety and security and to make essential the maintenance of an adequate and efficient armed force."

The committee said it had avoided language declaring a national emergency because such might require extended debate and "immediate measures are necessary to prevent disintegration of the Army."

'Bridge Dedication . . .'



BOYS BUILT IT FOR THE GIRLS—At their summer camp near Lux Manor Farm, Montgomery County, Md., boys of the Georgetown Children's Home, staged a bridge dedication yesterday. To make walking easier for the girls, the span, 5 feet long and 2 feet wide, was built across a small stream. Here, Paul Westlein, "chief engineer" of the project, cuts the rope and officially opens the bridge.

Seaway to Make 50,000 Jobless, Lewis Charges

Copyright by New York Times

John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, yesterday expressed the "united opposition of his organization of the St. Lawrence Waterway project," claiming that it is economically unjustified and that in time it would displace at least 50,000 American working men.

He said that "it is common gossip in the Congressional halls, and admitted in editorial comment, that the proposed St. Lawrence project would be kicked out of the window without ceremony, if a sane appraisal and simple economic yardstick could be utilized to determine its merits."

"Rejected in 1934 as being totally unnecessary for either power or commerce," Lewis told the House Rivers and Harbors Committee, "it is here again under a new dress—patriotism—wartime defense. It is being propelled by all the adjectives known to the seasoned campaigner, plus all of the wartime facilities of an overrecruited, high power publicity staff."

"The new dress of defense necessity is calculated to lift the proposal from the mire of the monstrous and uneconomic, and make those who know better accept it as an essential arm of national defense."

He charged that completion of the project would result in the displacement of cost in the generation of electricity, would provide a water route and would serve as an inducement for the importation of foreign goods and coal.

The waterway, Lewis said, not only would increase unemployment of miners but would open up "a vast area to economic invasion by foreign countries—sending low-cost goods in foreign ships" into the heart of the United States.

Lewis said Canada, "which has not yet compulsory military service or tax rates as heavy as ours," would be assured a low-cost waterway for low-priced foreign goods. Canada, he said, would get the waterway "whether she contributes a dollar or a postage stamp."

Establishment of a new division of Bundles for Britain, Inc., known as "Bundles for Blue Jackets," to conduct an extensive program of aid to the men on British merchantmen and fighting ships, was announced yesterday in New York by Mrs. Wales Latham, president of the relief organization.

The new division, created at the suggestion of the Navy League of the United States, will undertake to provide knitted woolen garments and recreational equipment to the crews of ships engaged in the transportation and safeguarding of cargoes to Britain.

Sheldon Clark, Chicago, president of the Navy League, pledged the cooperation of that organization. Mrs. Latham has asked the 1,135 local branches of Bundles for Britain, including those in and near Washington, to expand their knitting activities immediately to fill the needs of the men in the Battle of the Atlantic.

The District branch of Bundles for Britain is preparing to send three cases of goods immediately to sailors aboard the destroyer Columbia, a former United States vessel.

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On a Washington Thoroughfare

Sub Skipper Tells of Sinking 9 Axis Ships 'Like Wooden Ducks'

By Larry Allen
Associated Press Staff Writer

Alexandria, Egypt, July 27 (delayed).—A British submarine captain, just returned from Mediterranean operations, described today the sinking of an Axis convoy off Crete by "knocking them off like wooden ducks in a shooting gallery."

Ordered to frustrate German and Italian efforts to reinforce Aegean Islands, the captain came back with a score of five caiques, two schooners, one big Italian tanker and one troop transport sunk.

The captain was at sea about two weeks. His detailed account of action went something like this:

"Sliding through the Aegean the submarine first came upon a convoy of two troopships escorted by a destroyer and an aircraft. The ships were loaded with Italian soldiers probably on their way to Piraeus, port of Athens.

"We immediately fired torpedoes at each of the ships, one about 4,000 tons, to other 2,500 tons. We hit and undoubtedly sank the largest, which, I believe, was the City of Tripoli."

Using her 4-inch deck gun, the submarine later sank a caique aboard which there were 30 Germans, the captain said.

Two days later, the captain sighted a large caique and a schooner, both flying the swastika and loaded with troops. Coming to the surface the submarine opened fire and shelled for 6 minutes, setting both ships ablaze. About 100 German soldiers leaped for rubber boats.

Some nights later, three caiques and a schooner were sighted off the Greek mainland carrying troops, oil and ammunition.

"We sank them one by one, knocking them off like wooden ducks in a shooting gallery by gun-fire under brilliant early-morning moonlight," the captain said.

The submarine moved alongside one of the caiques before sinking her.

One of the submarine officers boarded the caique. He spoke German. While he asked questions one German soldier attempted to hurl a hand grenade, but he was shot dead. Another German raised

his rifle and he, too, was shot down. The Germans were ordered to abandon the caique and then clambered into a rubber raft.

It was after this encounter that the submarine intercepted an Italian tanker of 5,000 tons. She was sunk by a torpedo, the captain said.

Files for Divorce
Reno, Nev., July 28.—Divorce suits filed here today included Lucille M. Cobb vs. Julian R. Cobb, of Richmond, Va., married in Washington, D. C., on August 1, 1933. The charge was cruelty.

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Martin Warns U. S. Faces Dictatorship After War Ends

By the Associated Press

Baraboo, Wis., July 28.—Representative Joseph W. Martin, Jr., chairman of the Republican National Committee, warned Wisconsin Republicans today that America was threatened with a dictatorship as an aftermath of the second World War.

In an address prepared for delivery before the party's off-year State convention, Martin said he was taking the opportunity to call attention to "the greatest danger menacing this country."

He declared that national preparedness might well cost a hundred billion dollars, and that the public debt would be so staggering it would make generations of Americans "round-shouldered to bear the burden of taxes necessary to repay it."

"I do not want to appear here today to be an apostle of gloom," Martin said. "Neither do I want to see this Nation walk blindly up to the edge of that economic and social abyss and go over and down into the deepest, darkest pit of economic depression and social desperation possible to imagine, without raising my voice to warn of the danger."

Under the conditions of chaos, confusion, exhaustion, gigantic public debt, discontent, grief and the hatreds and agonies left as the awful aftermath of the war, the Communist and Fascist will find fertile fields in which to plant their propaganda for debt repudiation, property confiscation, abolition of the Constitution and the establishment of a dictatorship of the Stalin type or the Mussolini or Hitler type.

"I warn you, my fellow citizens, there will come a vast danger that we in America, in that terrible time, may lose those four freedoms we hear talked about so much and which we are supposed to carry to all the peoples everywhere in the world."

Ten Midwestern State Republican

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Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

Those Best Laid Plans Go and Do It Once Again

Changed Arrangements Disjoint a Reunion;
Cheer Up, Soldiers, Shows Are Coming;
News Notes and Gossip of Amusements

HISTORY ALMOST REPEATED ITSELF. That "almost" is why theater promotion departments and drama desks grow prematurely gray.

Shortly after the Armistice ended the First World War, a young representative in Congress from Tennessee was delegated to journey to New York to meet a young hero from his district who had accomplished the stupendous feat of capturing 132 German prisoners with hand grenades and through the sights of his rifle. When the young soldier came down the gangplank, it was his Representative who took him in hand and rode beside him up Fifth Avenue in one of the most star-spangled parades New York has ever seen.

Secretary of State Cordell Hull and Mrs. Hull were expected to head the group of dignitaries who will be on hand to honor Sgt. Alvin C. York at the premiere of the film based on his life, to be celebrated in the Earle Theater on Thursday night. But circumstances have arisen that will prevent the return of Secretary and Mrs. Hull from White Sulphur Springs in time for the gala goings on. Word to that effect was received late yesterday.

Secretary Hull, of course, no longer is a member of the Congress and Sgt. York is not now the obscure mountaineer he was before his personal valor lifted him above every other soldier in the A. E. F., but both still are staunch Tennesseans. Thursday night's would have been a memorable reunion. If Sgt. York can remain over a day or two, it may happen yet.

Another distinguished guest to attend the premiere of "Sgt. York" will be Gov. Prentice Cooper of Tennessee. Gov. Cooper will arrive in Washington with Sgt. York and Jesse L. Lasky, coproducer of the picture, tomorrow at 12:30 p. m., at Union Station. He was of great aid to Mr. Lasky in persuading York to sanction the making of the film. This group will be welcomed at the station by members of the Tennessee State Society, among other patriotic, service and civic organizations that will form the reception committee to greet the visitors.

And Now We Seem to Be Getting Somewhere

And that word "committee" reminds me that at yesterday's luncheon meeting of the subcommittee on entertainment of the District Council of Defense, the boys and girls responsible for arranging stage entertainment for the Army training camps in and around the Capital really got down to cases, as well as their salads and iced tea. By the first of next week, Henry Anger, managing director of the Earle Theater, will be about the serious business of whipping his unit into shape, augmented a little beyond the results of last Saturday night's first auditions. Further auditions will be held at an early date—time and place to be announced in the press—to "mop up" the large number of remaining registrants and further additional talent also will be recruited. That should take care of the unit. Gene Ford, of Loew's Capitol, will organize and perhaps one of two others. After that, the going will be easier, although still tough enough, the number of units required to service eight or ten camps being what it is. Anyhow, the thing is rolling. And with constantly increasing momentum. You probably won't have to drag the river for the committee, after all.

Once our old friend John Boles gets to town to fulfill his week's engagement at Loew's Capitol, beginning Thursday, he ought to be able to offer valuable suggestions on this training-camp entertainment business. . . . It was when he was singing in A. E. F. camps on the other side during the First World War that a Britisher urged him to abandon his idea of becoming a doctor and stick to music. . . . After the Armistice, he took that advice. . . . When the Masquers of Roosevelt Community Center present Justin Huntley McCarthy's "If I Were King," at the National Sylvan Theater, Monument Grounds, tomorrow night, E. H. Sothern's original role of Francois Villon will be played by Charles Shoemaker and Cecilia Loftus of Katherine de Vaucelles by Gay Hess. . . . Coheadlining the stage bill at the Capitol with John Boles and Marty May next week, Harriet Hootor will present a new ballet never before seen here. . . . It is based on the music of "Arms for the Love of America," the new number Irving Berlin has just given to the United States Army. . . . Harriet will interpret the arms with her legs.

Come October, Gene Autry, the cinema's No. 1 cowboy, will be back in Madison Square Garden, New York, doing a little more rodeoing.

Personal-Aside-to-the-Weatherman Note

How do you mean, 96 degrees, 98 degrees, 98 degrees? On two downtown thermometers yesterday it was 106 and 110. Even if both were wrong, split the difference and you still have 108!

HEDDA HOPPER

Wangers' Eagles Soar Abroad

Hollywood, Calif., July 28. News from England is that Walter Wanger's "Eagle Squadron" has two directors

working on it. One is Ernest Schoedsack. And Col. Sweeney, who's done a lot of work on it, used to fly for the Sultan of Morocco; helped with Lafayette Escadrille in the last war. I hear unknowns are playing leading parts. It's the real stuff, just as they're doing it daily for England. No studio so far. If you want to find out more about the "Eagles," read in July Harper's "Squadron 71, Scramble!" It's one of the most fascinating accounts of courage I've read.

That should be a grand picture, but I'm wondering what will happen to the lives of the boys if any of them survive. How can one slow down to a humdrum routine, after your brain has worked like a watch and you look into hell fire every 24 hours?

A certain New York writer is here to give Alice Faye a blast for not waiting until September to marry Phil Harris, when his divorce becomes final. . . . Don't know whether she'll ever make it, but she's after Clara Blandick seems hell-bent for

heaven. She stepped right out of "One Foot in Heaven" and into "Almost an Angel."

Bachelor Philip Reed no longer hands out advice to married couples. He had a letter from Arizona, some months ago appealing to him for advice as to what this woman should do because her husband once or twice had come home and beaten her. Reed, in a facetious mood, wrote, "Get yourself a baseball bat and use it on him." She did. Now the woman writes her husband hasn't been home since, and she blames it all on Reed and asks what he's going to do about it!

Elsa Lanchester says turnabout's fair play. She's had plenty of competition from husband Charles Laughton. Now she's giving him some. She's appearing at the Turnabout Theater, and heckles the Yale Puppets. Elsa sings.

My desk is piled high with

AMUSEMENTS

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THURSDAY, 8 P. M.

National Symphony Orchestra

SUNSET SYMPHONIES

AT THE WATER GATE

Leaves 8:00 A. M. Returns 7:00 P. M.

Guest Conductor

HANS KINDLER, Conductor

Guest Conductor

HOA. FIORELLA M. LAGUARDIA

Stroganov-Volkov-Bokosovsky

BALLET

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Industrial Safety Experts Meeting Here

Faced with a threat of an enormous increase in industrial accidents, which even under normal circumstances take a toll of more than one billion man hours a year, 400 of the Nation's leading safety experts will meet here in a two-day conference beginning today under Labor Department auspices.

The technicians, whose goal is a nationwide campaign to reduce accidents in defense industries, will be assisted by a small staff of paid Government experts in making specific recommendations for improvements in plants where there are accident hazards. It was announced.

Importance of the problem was emphasized in a recent speech of Robert J. Watt, international representative of the A. F. of L., who declared that in 1940, with production far below present intensive levels, industrial accidents caused 17,000 deaths, 93,000 permanent disabilities and 1,300,000 temporary disabilities.

Rise Disproportionately

Using Labor Department figures, Watt estimated that accidents accounted for four times as many man-days lost as strikes in 1940. Industrial accidents, he continued, rise disproportionately with increases in employment, some times jumping to double the percentage increase in employment.

The reasons:

1. The employment of many new workers and the reemployment of long idle workers unfamiliar with the hazards of plant operations.
2. Lack of instruction in safe work practices and lack of systematic and sustained safety programs in factories suddenly deluged with huge orders.
3. Greatly accelerated pace of production, and increased emphasis on speed and output.
4. The overcrowded condition of plants due to sudden and abnormal increase in working forces.

Frequent in Plane Plants

In the aviation industry, Watt declared, there was a frequency rate of 17 accidents for each million man-hours of production. These accidents mounted in 1940 to a total time loss of more than 580,000 days, or the equivalent of a year's working time of 2,322 men. Due to the step-up in the production rate brought about by defense orders, Watt estimated, the aircraft industry may expect an increase of from 10 to 15 per cent in the number of accidents this year unless remedial steps are taken.

Watt concluded, however, that accidents are 90 per cent preventable and that some of the country's best managed industries have practically wiped out on-the-job injuries by applying "tried and tested techniques within the reach of every manufacturer."

Girl Scouts Lower Flag In Defense Square

Girl Scouts from the day camp at Fort Dupont Park lowered the flag yesterday in ceremonies at Treasury House, Defense Square.

While men of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard stood at attention, the Scouts presented a brief flag ceremony.

May Leonard, of Troop 106, recited Whitman's "The Ship of State." The history of the flag was outlined by Pat Purcell, Troop 82. The color guard which ran down the flag included Mary Logan, Troop 6; Carlina Mitchell, Troop 120; Jean Robinson, Troop 114; Doris E. Battist, Troop 115; Mollie Bigelow, Troop 80.

Today is Postoffice Day at Treasury House. A special program of entertainment, including music and motion pictures, will begin at 8:15 p. m.

Going to MAINE?

Take the **EAST WIND**

de luxe all-coach train daily by daylight to MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE

Like a daylight cruise is the trip to Maine in this stunning speedster. Safe from highway hazards, in blissful cool, clean, quiet you speed between breakfast and dinner to vacationland.

ENJOY...Your own reserved seat... Buffet-Lounge Car... Modern Dining Room... Attendants... all for this low fare!

One **12.95** to the East Wind way (Proportions for two other points)

Fast Daylight Schedule:

Leave Washington 7:00 A.M.
Ar. Boston 4:45 P.M.
Ar. New York 5:05 P.M.
Ar. Philadelphia 5:25 P.M.
Ar. Baltimore 5:45 P.M.
Ar. Old Orchard Beach 6:15 P.M.
Ar. Portland 6:15 P.M.
Ar. Brunswick 7:00 P.M.
Ar. Rockland 7:30 P.M.
Ar. Bangor 7:30 P.M.
1 Week-days only

For reservations phone TRAVEL 3328, 604-145 N. W. or District 1434

PAID

Pennsylvania Railroad

Gallant U.S. Relents, Lets Pola Negri In

POLA NEGRI

By the United Press

Jersey City, N. J., July 28.—Pola Negri, still a charmer of the old movie school, returned to the United States today after six years' absence and was detained by immigration authorities for a few hours at Ellis Island.

It seemed that Miss Negri who arrived from Lisbon on the American export liner *Excelsior*, had stayed away too long, so that her five-year return permit expired. A few words of explanation, a chivalrous nod from Washington and the vivacious star of the silent screen was put right with the U. S. A. and allowed to enter the country.

Miss Negri explained that she has been making pictures in Germany and France and now has an "excellent film offer" in this country.

Little has been heard of Miss Negri in her six years' absence from the United States. In 1928 she won a libel suit against a Paris movie weekly, which had reported she was a friend of Adolf Hitler.

"I made seven very successful talking pictures in Germany and France," she said. "After the war broke out I lived with my mother, an aunt and an uncle on the Riviera. But America is my second home. I plan to take out citizenship papers now."

Laundry Strike Still Under Way

An attempt to settle the Arcade-Sunshine Laundry strike, in progress a month tomorrow, proved unsuccessful yesterday. The attempt was made at a conference between representatives of the company and strikers with William Aichele, regional director of the NLRB.

Both parties indicated their willingness yesterday to hold a plant election to determine the Cleaners and Laundry Workers Union's right to represent the employees, but could not agree on terms. The union has demanded that the company first agree, "as evidence of good faith," to bargain collectively with them in the event that their majority is established, and to submit unsettled contract questions to an arbitrator after a specified length of time.

New Water Colors In Post Window

A church, a farm, and a cabin are subjects of water colors displayed in The Post's art window this week.

The paintings, loaned by the United States Section of Fine Arts, are "Prospector's Cabin," by Marianne Appel of Woodstock, N. Y.; "St. Luke's Church," by Frederic Vidar of Montclair, N. J.; and "Wisconsin Farm," by Dorothy May Johnson of Chicago.

Surgeons Plan Outing At Highland Beach

The Medico-Chirurgical Society will hold its outing at Highland Beach, Md., today.

The outing committee, composed of Dr. W. H. Greene, chairman; Dr. Paul E. Piper and Dr. Ethel M. Sutton, announces that in addition to an all-day program of swimming and other outdoor sports, a shore dinner will be served at 4:30 p. m.

Amazing results shown in improving the looks... boosting vitality!

Weak, run-down people suffering from sluggishness, underweight, poor digestion, lack of appetite now may restore vital digestive juices in the stomach... energize the body with rich, red blood.

If you are one of those unfortunate who have been ill, or have suffered with colds, the flu, worked under a strain, failed to eat the proper foods, or have been vexed by overeating worries... yet have no organic trouble or local infection... and your red-blooded cells have become reduced in vitality and number... if your stomach digestion refuses to work properly, then here is good news for you!

S.S.S. Tonic is especially designed to build back deficient blood strength... to revive and stimulate those stomach juices which digest the food so your body can make proper use of it in rebuilding worn-out tissues. These two important results enable you to enjoy the food you do eat... to make use of it as Nature intended. Thus you may get new vitality... pep... become animated... more attractive!

Build sturdy health!

You, when you tone up the stomach and get the digestive juices flowing freely, you should enjoy again that old-time zest for food... stomach digestive juices should vanish. S.S.S. Tonic also gives you the mineral matter in soluble and digestive form to restore your blood to the rich, red color... this makes for

Red Bombers Copies of Best, Italians Say

By the United Press

Rome July 28.—Italian diplomats evacuated from Moscow were quoted by the official Stefani agency today as saying the Red air force is well-equipped with new bombers which are "an exact copy of the latest American models."

The Italian diplomats, it was said, found that the Russians had undertaken vast preparations during the last three years for war with Germany and that, after the Russian-Finnish war in 1940, a reshuffle place younger army leaders in high positions in high command.

It was added the Russians had prepared "both politically and militarily" for war with Germany and Joseph Stalin had ordered a complete speed-up of military preparations.

"Artillery production increased and a series of new bombers appeared being an exact copy of the latest American models," the Stefani account said.

Leahy Sworn In As Draft Director For Washington

William E. Leahy, Washington attorney, was sworn in yesterday as local director of Selective Service, replacing Brig. Gen. Albert L. Cox, who has been appointed commanding general of the Washington Provisional Brigade.

He was sworn in by Col. Charles A. Dravo, deputy director of District Selective Service at the old National Guard Armory, Sixth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest. Gen. Cox was present.

Leahy had been chairman of the Selective Service Board of Appeals.

134 Are Assigned To Defense Work By Health Service

The Public Health Service announced that it has just assigned 134 new public health workers to State and local health departments throughout the Nation to assist with the public health problems created by the national defense program.

The workers have just completed the one-month orientation course sponsored by the National Institute of Health, Bethesda, Md.

You regulate the temperature yourself in the **AIR-CONDITIONED ROOMS** of the **WALDORF-ASTORIA**

Shower Room \$7. Hot Water, Heat \$10. Meeting rooms, restaurants, bar open for your convenience.

No extra charge for air conditioning. Park Ave. 49th to 50th St., New York

WARM COOL

WENT HOT WITH-EMB IN NEW YORK

Our Washington representative, Mr. John Deban, will be glad to make all your arrangements.

Ground Floor, 1422 N.W., N.W. Telephone: Republic 1163.

Amazing results shown in improving the looks... boosting vitality!

Weak, run-down people suffering from sluggishness, underweight, poor digestion, lack of appetite now may restore vital digestive juices in the stomach... energize the body with rich, red blood.

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SAVINGS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS AT Safeway

Our prices are based on a definite company policy. This policy is to set all prices at the lowest point that will yield a reasonable profit. Safeway will not cut any price with intent to injure or destroy competition but will meet the lowest price of every competitor item by item and day by day. That is why you find low prices on every item, every day, at Safeway.

Extra Value GROCERIES

Farm-Fresh PRODUCE

Guaranteed MEATS

ELBERTA FREESTONE PEACHES

Original Bushel Basket \$1.79 4 lbs. 15c

Red-Ripe Watermelons... 1 1/2 lb. 25c
Seedless Grapes... 2 lb. 6c
Firm, Ripe Bananas... 12c
California Avocados... 5 lb. 30c
Calif. Valencia Oranges... 2 lb. 25c
Fresh Green Peas... 10 lb. 17c
Fresh Iceberg Lettuce... 10 lb. 17c
New White Potatoes... 10 lb. 17c

CALIFORNIA SUNKIST LEMONS

10c per pound

Safeway figures the cost of lemons per pound... adds a small profit and then sells them by the pound. Thus you are sure of true value regardless of size.

GENUINE SPRING LAMB

All meats you buy at Safeway are guaranteed to give you 100% satisfaction or your money back.

LAMB ROAST

Shoulder with Neck and Breast 1 lb. 17c

LAMB CHOPS

Shldr. 27c Rib 31c
pound pound

Plain Breast of Lamb 1 lb. 10c

Plate Boiling Beef 1 lb. 10c

Boneless Stew Beef 1 lb. 21c

Beef Liver 1 lb. 23c

Happy Valley Bacon 1 lb. 35c

Standard Sliced Bacon 1 lb. 29c

Pure Lard 1 lb. 12c

Ground Beef 2 lb. 25c

BRIGG'S BOLOGNA

Choice of 3 Varieties 1 lb. 31c

SPICED LUNCHEON MEAT 1/2 lb. 18c

MEAT LOAVES 3 Varieties 1/2 lb. 7c

FRYING CHICKENS

SANICO 1 lb. 31c
PLYMOUTH ROCKS 1 lb. 27c

GINGER ALE or SODA

CLICQUOT 2 Qt. Bot. 19c

JELL-WELL ASSORTED DESSERT 3 pkgs. 10c

GORTON'S "READY TO FRY" CODFISH 10 oz. Can 12c

WHEATIES 9c

N. B. C. Shredded Wheat 2 pkgs. 19c

SOUP Campbell's Except 3 2 cans 15c

APPLE Sauce 3 No. 2 cans 20c

FLOUR Pillsbury Best 12-lb. sack 49c

TUNA White Star 2 7-oz. cans 33c

TREET Armour's Luncheon Meat 12-oz. can 25c

SPAGHETTI Franco-American 15 1/4-oz. can 7c

GERBERS Strained Foods 3 cans 19c

SU-PURB 2 24-oz. pkgs. 35c

RINSO Granulated Soap 24-oz. pkg. 20c

BAB-O POWDER 1 can 10c

PIERRE FRENCH DRESSING 8 oz. Jar 12c

DUCHESS SALAD DRESSING 1 qt. jar 29c

KRAFT'S MIRACLE WHIP 1 qt. jar 37c

BEVERLY PEANUT BUTTER 1 lb. jar 17c

C&E GRAPE JUICE 1 qt. bot. 19c

PINEAPPLE Plantation Brand 4 slice can 10c

PEACHES Highway Brand 2 No. 2 1/2 cans 27c

SUNDOWN Fruit Cocktail 16 oz. can 11c

GRAPEFRUIT Fla. Gold 2 20 oz. cans 19c

PIE CHERRIES 2 No. 2 cans 27c

PIE APPLES 2 No. 2 cans 19c

FLAKO PIE CRUST 1 pkg. 10c

B&M BEANS 28 oz. jar or can 15c

VAN CAMPS Pork & Beans 1 lb. can 19c

O&C POTATOSTIX 2 2 1/2 oz. cans 15c

SUCCOTASH 2 No. 2 cans 19c

LUCERNE GRADE A MILK 11c Single Qt. 2 qts. 19c

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(Published every day in the year.)

Eugene Meyer, Editor and Publisher

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New York Office: 270 Madison Avenue
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Subscription Rates Effective With
Issue of December 31, 1939.

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TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4300

Tuesday, July 29, 1941.

Hitler's Time Table

Saturday marked the thirty-fifth day of the fighting in Russia, and Russia is still fighting. How different from France! Thirty-five days after Hitler launched his blitzkrieg in the West last year German troops marched into Paris. By that time France was already in an advanced state of political as well as military disintegration. Indeed, it was only two days later, on June 16, 1940, that the French cabinet voted, 13 to 11, to ask for an armistice. No similar success has been achieved by the Nazis this time. They are still far from their goal. Leningrad, Kiev, Odessa, Moscow are still in Russian hands. The Russian army has belied the repeated and confident assertions of the German high command that it was demoralized by preserving its lines intact, by launching repeated counterattacks against the enemy, and by very considerably slowing down the Nazi drive. "The blitzkrieg," said S. A. Lozovsky, vice commissar of foreign affairs, "is a wash-out." But whether or not the German assault on the Soviet Union has really spent its force, and it is far too early to assume that it has, it is apparent that Hitler's time table is now out of kilter.

The German press is beginning to couple assurances that continued progress is being made with admissions that the tactical plan of the high command has not worked as well as was expected. It is evident that something has gone wrong. Despite the fierce initial drive of the German legions, Russia has failed to crack either politically or militarily. Unless, therefore, the Germans can succeed in mounting a new offensive on a larger scale than ever, they may find themselves still fighting when those ancient Russian allies, General Mud and General Frost, make their bivouacs in the endless reaches of the Russian land. Such a development could easily prove a crippling blow to Hitler's hopes of victory. For another winter of war without the spur of a smashing victory could easily crack the far from impregnable morale of the Germans.

Even, however, if the Germans resume their forward march into Russia, and that possibility certainly cannot be dismissed, despite the heroic fight made by the Russian soldiers and the tactical skill displayed by the Red army's high command, Russian resistance has already vouchsafed the enemies of Hitler very considerable advantages. It has enabled the R. A. F. to carry out an unrelenting attack on German and German-held cities. It has given the British a relative respite from bombing and, by easing the pressure in the Atlantic, has made possible united action by this country, Great Britain and the Dutch East Indies against Japan. Whatever happens in the fighting on the Eastern front, now in its sixth week, June 22—the day Hitler unleashed his thunderbolts against Russia—has already become a most significant, perhaps the most significant, date in World War II.

Plant Seizure

The Connally amendment to the Selective Service Act called for definite condemnation of defense strikes and lockouts in which either side refuses to recognize arbitration or mediation. That provision was deleted in House-Senate conference, along with a superfluous declaration reaffirming the collective bargaining rights of employees. The result is to leave a simple authorization for the President to take over and operate a private plant when an interruption of production impedes national defense. The proposed legislation would merely broaden the powers which the President already possesses under the Selective Service Act to take over defense plants if the owners fail to cooperate. It is a logical and necessary extension of existing executive powers of seizure.

As Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy the President proceeded, without specific authorization, to take over the plant of the North American Aviation Co. at Inglewood, Calif., because of a strike. And in returning the plant to its owners he stated emphatically that he would not hesitate to take whatever steps might hereafter be necessary to assure continued production. Consequently, it would seem that the reformed Connally amendment is chiefly important as a means of removing all doubt as to the President's legal right to act in cases of defense tieups caused by labor

troubles. In its present streamlined form the amendment, in spite of what Philip Murray says, ought to be acceptable to the most sensitive friends of labor. Yet it gives the President all the interventionist power that he requires in case of strikes that stall the defense program.

Senator Reynolds' Vote

Alone in the Senate Military Affairs Committee in opposition to the service resolution was the chairman, Senator Robert R. Reynolds. Now he has explained his dissenting vote. He says that the resolution would authorize the United States to enter the war as an "active, participating, shooting ally of Russia and Britain." The statement is so illogical that it deserves examination in the light of our national defense.

The isolationist position, as we understand it, is that the United States should avoid foreign action in order to be strong at home. How valid is the argument is a matter of opinion. For ourselves we feel that, even on the ground of security, our country must strain every sinew, and go to any lengths, in sustaining our natural allies, Britain and China. If they fall, then the burden which would devolve upon the United States would never be offset by a two-ocean Navy, or any kind of military establishment which we can erect. But let that pass. The logic of the isolationist argument would presuppose that the isolationists are even more zealous for an impregnable defense at home than the interventionists.

Surely an impregnable army cannot be created by allowing an army constantly to be fading away half-trained. It is no way to build "mightier and mightier our armed forces," in Senator Wheeler's phrase, if we allow the demobilization of two-thirds of the Army. It is no time to be thinking of disbandment when all the other continents of the earth are trembling under the impact of the most aggressive coalition in world history. How can an "unbeatable" (in Senator Wheeler's language again) army be fashioned by this sort of preparation? Avowedly Senator Reynolds is "strongly in favor of an adequate national defense" which will garrison every base on this continent. The word "adequate" can be understood only in the context of modern warfare, and there could be no adequacy in our defense if we clung to the principle of the short enlistment.

Our Chief of Staff, on the contrary, must keep his notion of adequacy abreast of modern needs and the forces against whom we must be on our defense. For we have given him the job of making our defense impregnable. And he cannot make an "unbeatable" army of the magnitude desired by the isolationists on a pattern which has almost been our undoing on every occasion that we have had to build up an army. Cold logic, as he says, is against any such assumption. "The virtual disbandment or immobilization of two-thirds of our trained enlisted strength and three-fourths of our trained officer personnel at this time might well involve a national tragedy," Gen. Marshall might have added that even an argument about it is destructive both of efficiency and morale among our armed forces.

Military Secrets

One answer to the troublesome question of "leaks" in military information may be found in the Navy's request for censorship of all outgoing cables from the United States. At present the discussion of military and naval secrets is particularly hazardous because anyone is free to cable anything he learns to foreign governments. Spies may listen in on a frank Congressional debate or committee hearing and report their findings freely to Berlin, Tokyo or Rome. Gossip and thoughtless comments about the movement of battleships in American waters may likewise be passed along to avowed enemies. Since it would be undemocratic to stifle debate and impossible to silence gossip, some means of controlling the transmission of military data to other countries appears to be a necessity.

Care must be exercised, of course, to limit any grant of censorship powers to this specific objective. There is no occasion whatever to deny the outside world general news of what is happening in the United States. With a judicious censorship of outgoing communications, the flow of legitimate news from this country would not be disturbed. Nor would freedom of speech and of the press within the country be adversely affected. Indeed, greater freedom of speech would be possible without jeopardizing our national defense, for military information used here in the discussion of our national policies could not then be cabled abroad to the detriment of our defenses.

No one should make the mistake of supposing, however, that such a check on outgoing communications would give legislators or newspapermen carte blanche to play fast and loose with military secrets. In times of crisis like the present the Government is in possession of voluminous information that ought not to be disclosed in any circumstances. It is the obligation of every official and others in a position to obtain confidential data bearing upon our na-

tional security to cooperate in keeping it under cover. President Roosevelt has on several occasions expressed his concern over the reckless way in which military secrets are sometimes bandied about for the sake of strengthening an argument. Let us remember that our Government could not function properly if such information should be withheld from legislators. Any step to deny Congress vital data would be a grave encroachment upon our democratic system. For that very reason members of the Senate and House are under the weightiest sort of obligation to guard their tongues when facts useful to any aggressor government are in their possession.

Dutch Follow Suit

The occupation of Saigon has brought the Japanese within bombing range of the Dutch East Indies. And the Dutch response is to persuade the Batavia government promptly to fall in line with the drastic action taken by Great Britain and the United States in freezing Japan's credits. It also has suspended the agreement of last year whereby Japan was to receive 1,800,000 tons of oil annually from the Dutch colony. From now on, therefore, all trade between Japan and the Netherlands Indies, just as all trade between Japan and the United States and Japan and the British Empire, will be on a licensed basis, with the possibility inherent in the situation of a complete embargo on that trade.

Hitherto the assumption has been that if shipments of oil, rubber, tin and other supplies were cut off from Japan, the Japanese would have attacked the Dutch East Indies. They may do so now. It happens, however, that during the past year Japan has grown weaker rather than stronger because of the debilitating effects of the prolonged China war, while the defenses of the Dutch East Indies have been considerably built up. The same is true of Singapore, which now has a sizable garrison and a fair-sized air force. Moreover, the policy of parallel action now being pursued in the Far East by the United States, Great Britain and the Dutch East Indies means a move to the south by Japan would probably mean war against three nations, and not merely a segment of one nation.

In the meantime, Japan is under notice that any further aggressions on her part may automatically result in a tightening of the economic screws. Such action Japan can hardly view with anything but perturbation. For Japan is vulnerable to such pressures, and there are no alternative sources of supply the island empire can look to to replace the raw materials she must get from this country, the British Empire and the Dutch Indies. In winning a cheap victory over Vichy in Indo-China, Japan has thus opened for herself a Pandora box of problems.

Voice From The Past

Equally applicable to the conditions of today is a speech which was made in a Washington committee room by John Donlin, president of the building trades department of the American Federation of Labor during World War I. There had been an argument over the proposal to put women in men's trades in order to release the men for military service. Mr. Donlin got up, and said: "This thing is very simple. If I'm going home on a Saturday night with my week's pay in my pocket and a guy steps up and tries to get it away from me, I'm a fool if I keep my left hand on the wad and try to beat him off with the right. If I do that, the chances are he will get me and the wad and get away clean. If I take the left hand off the wad, and go after him with both hands, I'll save the wad and get him. Now, Mr. Chairman, that's the case here. This German guy is just around the corner. If we keep one hand on our wads, he'll get us and our wads, too. If we use both our hands, we'll save the wads and get him. Unless we get him—if he gets us, our wads or anything else won't be worth much. So I say, Mr. Chairman, let us take both our hands out of our pockets and get after him. So far as I'm concerned, you can have every man in the building trades that can pass the doctors, and the boys, I'm sure, will back me up." This spirit is equally needed in these days.

OREAD HILL
As I looked down from Oread Hill
The village windows shone like brass;
I saw the west a sapphire sea
And bright waves beating on the grass.

(All in a moment's coming,
Too swiftly for surprise,
There gleamed in air and ocean
Light of my loved one's eyes.)

As I came down from Oread Hill
Such sudden glory was unfurled,
First I thought hidden in my heart
Spread over half the world.
M. WHITCOMB HESS

It's All Imagination



Today And Tomorrow

By Walter Lippmann

We Pay For Our Mistake

NOW that the Japanese are in Indo-China almost every one, including Senator Wheeler, sees that the United States cannot afford to stand by while Japan develops her position and organizes her power for the mastery of Asia and the Western Pacific. It is plain to almost everyone that if the Japanese imperial power is not checked now, it will become so great that it cannot be checked at all. It is plain that Japan has not been and will not be checked by our expressions of moral disapproval, and that, therefore, we have had to choose either to let Japan get ready for the conquest of the whole Western Pacific, including the Philippines, or to strike a blow aimed at the economic heart of Japan and intended, not to annoy Japan, but to paralyze her.

It would be a dangerous delusion to approve the President's freezing order without a full realization that it is meant to be a deadly blow at the power of Japan, and that in a conflict of this sort a blow should never be struck if it hurts but does not go home. Therefore, if the freezing is not sufficient to paralyze Japan, or conceivably to cause a real change in policy in Tokyo, other measures must necessarily follow quickly. Thus we find ourselves on the edge of embargo, and then of blockade, and then of war.

THE JAPANESE have arrived in Indo-China without firing a shot. They are there under an agreement with the Vichy government. Our whole position in the South Pacific is gravely imperiled. The Philippines are almost encircled, the resources of the South Seas are menaced, because the Vichy government is collaborating with Japan and the Axis against Britain, China and the United States. The Vichy government has delivered to Japan, along with words of comparable hypocrisy, the strategic key position in the South Pacific Ocean.

It is hardly conceivable, then, that Vichy will refuse to deliver to Hitler the strategic key positions in the South Atlantic. Vichy is certainly more completely sold to Hitler than to Japan, and what has just been done in Indo-China is a certain forecast, and a dress rehearsal, of what is being prepared in French Africa. The government of Vichy has opened the South Pacific to Japan and will open the South Atlantic to Hitler.

Today's News Sidelight

French Indo-China Is Union Of Six Administrative Groups

Colorful native monarchs occupying ancient thrones make up part of the administrative system of French Indo-China, which a bulletin from the National Geographic Society points out is not a single colony but a union of six governmental regions.

"These rulers," however, have little voice in the operation of the rich tropical country," the bulletin says, "even though the elaborate trappings and rituals of their courts are faithfully carried out. The actual administration has been the French governor-general, assisted by two councils of natives and French officials."

Cochin-China Only Colony

"Five of the six units of French Indo-China form a connected land, the size of Texas, curving along the eastern side of the Indo-Chinese peninsula south of China. They are Cochin-China, the only section formally called a colony, and four protectorates—Cambodia, Annam, Tonkin and Laos. The combined territory is an exotic land of rugged mountains, of jungles infested with such wild animals as tigers and elephants, of flooded rice fields plowed by buffaloes, of beautifully sculptured ruins of a civilization of the Middle Ages.

"The sixth unit does not touch the remainder of French Indo-

China. It consists of 200 square miles of land called Kwangchow, on the coast of South China, which France leased in 1898 for a 99-year period. This region lies some 235 air miles across the Gulf of Tonkin from Hainan, northernmost port of French Indo-China.

Bachelor King for Cambodia

"Cochin-China, southernmost part of the country, came under French control in the middle of the nineteenth century. In 1897 the King of Cambodia agreed to French domination of his land, as did the Emperor of Annam, whose realm also included Tonkin. Their descendants still receive homage from the natives; only last spring a bachelor prince ascended the throne of Cambodia after the death of his aged father, King Sisowath Monivong.

"When Laos became a French protectorate in 1893, the King of Luang-Prabang, one of its provinces, retained his title and court. Laos, the wild, mountainous interior of the Indo-Chinese peninsula, is the largest but least populated governmental unit. East of it, Annam stretches along the coast. Tonkin, on the north, was subjected to virtual Japanese control in the autumn of 1940. Both Cambodia and Laos ceded some of their territory last spring to Thailand under a Japanese-negotiated treaty ending a border war."

Off The Record

By Ed Reed



"You won't hear any knocks in there, Doc—I'm full of 'em and their oil!"

Enough

By Westbrook Pegler

Erickson And Hague

YOU KNOW how one casual idea suggests another and you go bouncing all over the country without moving out of your chair? What I mean is something like this:

Last week this Erickson, Frank Erickson, the gambler, got into a jam over in New Jersey. Somebody slugged a guy and busted the guy's chin and they tried to cover it up but LaGuardia got wind of it and LaGuardia hates Erickson so he needs up a prosecution in New Jersey so now Erickson has to stand trial. This is strictly cheap, topnot stuff and unimportant but Erickson is the big magnate in the Wall Street of the horse-gambling racket which operates in Frank Hague's town and he is also head man, one way or another, at the hoodlums horse yard in Miami, otherwise known as Tropical Park which has been a gangster's political principality for years and years.

Well, Hague is supposed to be a simple, rugged man of the people but he doesn't spend much time sharing the squalor and the summer heat and winter cold of Jersey City with his subjects. He keeps a winter plant in Florida and a home on the Jersey shore for his summer vacation and a big apartment in New York for the year around, all on a very modest salary as Mayor of Jersey City and he spends so much time around the horse-yards that you would think he was practically painted on the walls. When Tropical is running he is right there among the mob day after day but of course his pleasures are subject to interruption in the interests of the party and humanity as with that occasion when he and Ed Kelly, of Chicago, conspired with Harold Squares Guy Icker in Chicago to nominate Mr. Roosevelt for the third term.

IN FLORIDA, the horse-tracks have a strange hold on the government of the State and this Erickson, whom LaGuardia delights to call a cheap gambler, a J. who has the New York police orders to shove around, is bigger in a way than the Governor and the Legislature, although he doesn't even live in Florida. He just runs the old hoodlums track which formerly belonged to a mob of New York bootleggers and assorted criminals but seems to have come to him on the bounce in a crap game or some similar transaction.

The Florida tracks turn in a big pot of cash money as mutual and other taxes to the State treasury every year and this money is divided evenly among the counties and, of course, back in some of the jungle and dry-grass counties where people are few and some of the few have thumbs on their feet, that easy money greatly eases the burden of local taxes. So the counties are all very strong for the Miami horse-tracks and never mind who runs them and the more days the tracks are allowed to run the more racket the counties get which means that the track operators are sitting very nicely too because the more days they run the more money they make.

THEN, for another thing, the members of the Legislature have a habit of giving themselves and their constituents and their no-account in-laws the track pay rolls and these jobs are political patronage so a statesman who gets his share of jobs is expected to look after the tracks when bills are introduced which might impair the breed of horses so that our brave cavalry boys may have only the best mounts. The tracks give out enough of these jobs to keep the boys in line but even if the boys should get out of the tracks wouldn't the county treasuries want that horse racket. The people would repudiate legislators who voted to abolish the source of this easy money.

WE FREE PEOPLE certainly play some funny tricks on ourselves in the operation of our beautiful democracy. A cheap punk in New York is a substantial financier and associate of the great plain man of the people just across the river and, in Florida, by virtue of his control of a race track is one of the great governing powers of a State in which he isn't even a resident.

Buckley Case To Be Reviewed By Appeals Court

The United States Court of Appeals has announced yesterday that it would review the ruling by which Attorney M. Edward Buckley escaped trial on a charge of driving while drunk after the case had hung fire in the Police Court for more than a year.

Buckley was arrested in July, 1940. Five months later the drunken driving charge was dropped and Judge Robert Newman found him on a plea of guilty of driving on the wrong side of the street. When this became known a few weeks later the drunken driving charge was reinstated.

Japan Strikes Again

By Mark Gayn

Behind The Scenes In Tokyo

STRANGLING for aggression, the new Japanese cabinet required less than a week to browbeat Vichy and Hanoi into concessions its predecessors have been too timid to demand.

But large as the coup in Indo-China loomed in the headlines abroad, it was still larger on the Japanese domestic horizon. For there the action signified a rearrangement of the balance of power precariously maintained since Hitler's "betrayal" of his Japanese cronies by the agreement with Moscow in August 1939.

The new lines of division—the new brooms the secret deals and the compromises—will not be clear until Tokyo shows its hand in the Russo-German conflict. But enough has been exhibited in the past week to denote the rise of a powerful pressure group outside the government, as well as a change in the temper of the navy-business coalition.

THE PURPOSE of the cabinet reshuffle in mid-July was threefold. The first was to remove a handful of professional politicians, to give larger representation to the navy and to what, for want of a better name, can be described as the "police-bureaucratic" group of Baron Hiranuma. In the new cabinet, Hiranuma not only retained his vice-premier position, but he also headed man, one way or another, at the hoodlums horse yard in Miami, otherwise known as Tropical Park which has been a gangster's political principality for years and years.

Well, Hague is supposed to be a simple, rugged man of the people but he doesn't spend much time sharing the squalor and the summer heat and winter cold of Jersey City with his subjects. He keeps a winter plant in Florida and a home on the Jersey shore for his summer vacation and a big apartment in New York for the year around, all on a very modest salary as Mayor of Jersey City and he spends so much time around the horse-yards that you would think he was practically painted on the walls. When Tropical is running he is right there among the mob day after day but of course his pleasures are subject to interruption in the interests of the party and humanity as with that occasion when he and Ed Kelly, of Chicago, conspired with Harold Squares Guy Icker in Chicago to nominate Mr. Roosevelt for the third term.

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resorted to his favorite political stratagem: he fell so ill he could not receive the callers. But the blueprint was left behind, and its authors publicly announced they expected the government to act on it.

BEFORE this pressure group could display its persuasive strength, the cabinet resigned. The new cabinet—strangely enough—promptly launched on a course indicated in the Suetugu-Toyama blueprint.

If this "coincidence" was the highlight of the reshuffle, less clear have been the reasons which impelled big business and the "China" faction of the army to accede to the move in the South Seas and the inevitable exacerbation of relations with the democracies. Certainly, big business could not look forward with equanimity to American economic retaliation or to the distinct possibility of armed clashes.

In the new cabinet, big business was given free rein in the finance ministry and an influential voice in the ministry of commerce and industry. This meant not only control of military appropriations, but also power to regulate the regimentation of national economy.

WAS this the bait the empire-builders used to catch the super-trusts?

The army's attitude also provided a clear field for speculation. The move in Indo-China was the joint venture of the navy and the southern command of the army—the garrison commanders in Formosa, Hainan and South China—with the blessings of Gen. Sugiyama, chief of the general staff, who in 1939 won undying fame by stripping Britons in Tientsin.

But there are other equally powerful factions within the army which look askance upon southward expansion—at least for the moment. The Kwangtung army, which has been in Manchuria, long has its heart set on an incursion into Siberia. It would seem scarcely likely that it would abandon its ambitions at a time when the Red army is engaged in Europe. It is miraculous that up to this moment no incidents have yet been reported from the Manchurian-Siberian border.

The "China" faction, which controls the army's administrative machinery, has repeatedly vowed its determination to let nothing distract its attention from ending the four-year-old "incident" in China. This group is headed by Supreme War Counciler Nishio, the "silent general," War Minister Tojo; Gen. Hata, Commander in Chief in Central China, and Gen. Itagaki, the new commander of the Korean garrison.

ALL these men have had direct contact either with the actual conduct of operations in China or with the raising of funds for it—and they all realize the immensity of the problems presented by the Chinese campaign. None of them will take lightly the prospect of a new war unless the bait could not be resisted.

What was the bait? Were these men assured that the Indo-China coup would not be followed by an attack on Siberia, unless Soviet defenses completely crumbled under the Nazi juggernaut? Has there been a Soviet pledge to cease assistance to China, and if yes, what part did such a pledge play in the Indo-China move? Was the "China" faction persuaded that the occupation of southern Indo-China would involve no risk of military retaliation by the democracies?

THE ANSWER to these questions is of paramount importance to the United States. But, apparently, it must wait for the decision on the Russo-German battlefields, for it is there that Japan's next move is being determined. If the Red army survives the Nazi hammering—this side of Moscow or the other—the invasion of Siberia would present obvious risks, and Japan may not be willing to take them. Then, the world will undoubtedly be treated to the spectacle of Japanese blackmail of Russia in regard to grant of major economic and political concessions. If Germany finally breaks down Russian resistance, nothing will prevent the Kwangtung army from provoking a border incident in Outer Mongolia and, willy-nilly, Tokyo will be drawn in.

Close to losing one great gamble in China, Japan has now undertaken another one. Its outcome will be closely tied up with the outcome of the entire world struggle. But win or lose, Japan faces lean days in the years to come.

EARLY in July the Council of Suetugu-Toyama presented the cabinet with a lengthy outline of the policy it wanted the government to pursue. The blueprint provided for action in the South Seas—in Indo-China and beyond—in the conviction that the democracies, preoccupied elsewhere, would confine themselves to bluff and bluster.

The cabinet did not display the expected enthusiasm, and even warned the authors of the plan to keep their ideas to themselves. Hiranuma's announcement of the expansion of "Thought Police" was regarded as a warning to ultra-rightist elements to be good—or else.

Undaunted, the council returned the document—in amplified form—to Premier Konoze with a request for reconsideration. Konoze

America For Americans

By I. F. Stone

Reply to Pegler

MR. WESTBROOK PEGLER, with characteristic originality, says France fell because it gave asylum to refugees from Italian, Spanish and German Fascist oppression. "We know, of course," Mr. Pegler writes modestly, taking no credit for the discovery, "that the disaster of France was due in no small part to her indiscriminate hospitality. . . . There were always those among the native French who, in the name of democracy, would insist that alien devotees of this or that ism or faction in other nations must be allowed to enter."

No doubt it was due to this grant of asylum that France today lies under the heel of such non-Aryan anti-Fascist refugees as Laval, Petain, Jacques Doriot, Flanin.

Mr. Pegler does not say that ALL Americans of foreign origin now regard themselves as partial-Italiens, Polish, Irish, French or German. He refers to "the thousands . . . who . . . do so. The rest would, too, if it ideas were adopted."

Mr. Pegler would establish legal and social distinctions between the foreign-born American and the native-born. He would bar any American not born in this country from holding any office in the Government of the United States or in any labor union. This would take Wagner from the Senate, Murray from the C. I. O., Knudsen and Hillman from the O.P.M. He would set up a class distinction. He suggests that "a native-born American citizen should rank before a naturalized immigrant," a Richard Whitney, for example, before a Ferdinand Pecora. Mr. Pegler admits this "would create a B class of citizenship," but he sees no objection to that, "especially in view of the doubtful quality of much of the immigration which has swept in here . . . since the scourge began."

THESE VIEWS are not new, here or abroad. The Frenchmen who cried "France pour les Français" are prominent among those who now proving their patriotism by making a France for the Germans. Since our own Republic was founded, there have been many who shared Mr. Pegler's views, gentlemen who covered their heads with powdered wigs and gentlemen who covered their heads with hastily silt pillow cases. There have always been scoundrels abroad and riffraff here coming here in every generation while decent folk stayed home, and heeled as they were told.

IMMIGRATION laws have long been a source of controversy. Once upon a time a people revolted against its king. One of the grievances was his handling of the immigration laws. This people did not say that it wanted to keep X-ivania for the X-ivans. It did not demand that the king stop letting in all those X-ivian farmers. The revolt began with the publication of a document in which rebellious people complained of their king: "He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for the purpose obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migrations hither . . . The document was dated July 4, 1776."

I ADMIT that the views of the Nazis hope to use for the disintegration of America. They hope to encourage Americans to think in terms of their differences of racial origin rather than their heritage of common democratic tradition. They hope to use the melting pot for a witches' brew of mutual hatred and suspicion.

This kind of racialism is important to the Nazis for many reasons. They cannot use Americans of German origin for their purpose unless the rest of us first determine their loyalty by treating them as unwelcome and suspect. The Nazis can find no more potent way to destroy our national unity in a time of crisis than to set us squabbling among ourselves over our family trees and dates of arrival. The most important reason is the least tangible. It is to rob America of faith in itself and the ideals on which it was founded.

This is the kind of psychological weapon the Nazis wield so effectively. A man who has lost faith in himself makes a poor opponent, and what is true of a man is also true of a people. A nation whose spiritual roots lie in the affirmation of human equality cannot survive half Class A and half Class B. It cannot establish inequality without poisoning the blood.

In earlier days, too, there were groups who—between pinches of snuff—deplored the quality of the newer immigration and the radical leveling and egalitarian ideas it nurtured. The Scotch-Irish upcountry settlers whose blood was in Jefferson's veins

The Once Over

By H. I. Phillips

Private Purvey

(Wherein Oscar in letters to relatives and girl friends reveals something in the nature of a draft campaign, due to present radio commercials.)

Dear Ma: I am just dashing off a line to ask you please not to send me no more packages of things I can't use. I mean if you will just ask what I need and I will just say what I can use it will save you a lot of money. Now Ma do not believe every commercial you hear on the radio with you must be believing or I would not be getting practically everything on the market from candy bars to snowshoes.

At first I did not know why I was getting so many funny presents but in your last letter I got the tipoff when you said that you were sending me the loaf of currant bread, the box of chocolate, the presto razor blades and the cigars on account of the radio announcer urged every mother to send them to her boy in the Army.

Only send me what you think I would like from now on as I have been tuning in myself and every radio advertiser is linking up his product with a soldier's needs. Last night I even heard that every patriotic mother should send her son a ham on account of it has all the vitamins and I would not be surprised to hear some radio voice tell the mothers of America that no Army could do its best unless every jeep in it used a certain bath soap. More later.

Your loving son,
OSCAR.

Dear Nellie: This is just a quick answer to your last letter to tell you you are the only girl I love no matter

never had shown a decent respect for the lords of tide water, and in the cities there were Irish mechanics insolent enough to consider themselves the equals of the great merchants.

IT IS to the Founding Fathers of the Third Reich that Mr. Pegler must look for precedent and guidance in his proposal for a Class B citizenship. Its possibilities in this country are greater than with more for Germany where Hitler only separated the "non-Aryan" from the "Aryan" German. With our diverse racial backgrounds and layers of immigration, Americans could be split up with more for Germany where Hitler only separated the "non-Aryan" from the "Aryan" German. As a second generation American, is a second generation American, is a third generation Polish American, as good as a second generation Irish American?

To which might be added another question: What little man with what little mustache would like Americans to be discussing these questions?

UNWITTINGLY Mr. Pegler has stumbled upon the methods the Nazis hope to use for the disintegration of America. They hope to encourage Americans to think in terms of their differences of racial origin rather than their heritage of common democratic tradition. They hope to use the melting pot for a witches' brew of mutual hatred and suspicion.

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what you hear. I did not take Olive Bunce to a dance last Saturday night and reports to the contrary are a vicious plot. I will write you more dearest Nellie tomorrow but in this letter I just want to ask you not to send me no more nut bars as my tent is piled with it five feet high. Also do not send me no donuts as every jeep in my tent got donuts from everybody he ever knew lately and we have enough for the duration of the war. No matter how many vitamins the radio announcer tells you is in a donut do not send me no more dearest. I have got to do kitchen police again and must rush this off.

I love you,
OSCAR.

P. S.—We just counted the razor blades in my tent and have about 2,000 per man.

Dear Aunt Daisy: Thanks for being so thoughtful. The teeth paste, shaving cream and catarrhic came thru okay and it was nice of you to send them as urged by the program like you said in your letters. I guess Aunt Jennie, Uncle Fred and Grandma Toopser listened to the same programs as they all sent the same things except Grandma sent three different kinds of pills explaining that in each case the radio man said no soldier could be fit to fight without this particular brand. We have more pills in my company than the whole Army can use.

I have 32 bottles of different anti acids. Some radio commercials must be plugging these for national defense too. Do not think I am not grateful Aunt Daisy, I just want to give you the lowdown. Give Uncle Jephthah my best and remember me to Cousin Beatrice.

OSCAR.

"AMERICA" is Jefferson and Lincoln and Whitman. It is the America in which the man at the gas station pump speaks the same friendly language as the man in the back of the limousine. It is the America in which men have been accustomed to boast not of their ancestry but of their lack of it, the country in which it is a distinction to have come up from nowhere. This is an America where progress could speak with an accent without being rejected, where an immigrant often understood the Address at Gettysburg far better than some erstwhile aristocrats who could not be asked to go back where they didn't come from.

The Nazi racial State confronts its contrary in the melting pot state, where men are bound together by ties far stronger than blood. The inclusiveness of America wins loyalty where the exclusiveness of the Third Reich can at best produce servility. No idea is better suited to unite all Americans at home and to appeal to oppressed peoples abroad than the idea we have had since 1776. We need no better. We need only infuse the idea with new vitality by living more truly in accordance with it.

Hitler understands the power of an idea. He hates democracy but he has not underestimated the force it has exerted in the history of the world. "The lack of a great, new creative idea," he wrote in Mein Kampf, "means at all times a limitation of the fighting power . . . The demonstration of a new great idea was the secret of the French Revolution's success." This idea was also the idea of the American Revolution. The men who inscribed Liberty, Equality and Fraternity on their banners looked to Jefferson and Philadelphia for their inspiration, and the peoples of Europe look westward again for the same grand affirmations.

DESPOITISM in Europe is unsafe so long as there remains freedom in America. America is strong so long as it believes in itself and in the power of its idea, "America for Americans" in Mr. Pegler's sense would be an America made safe for Nazism. It will be time to write off one of the great experiments of history when we decide to judge our fellow Americans by their grandmothers.

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The unerring choice of Gentlemen who know and wear fine clothing. These incomparable suits are products of English and American skill. The lightweight fabrics, loomed in England, are typically British in design and color blendings. They are hand-tailored by Oxford, most famous of American tailors. All sizes.

\$65 OXFORD TROPICAL SUITS, \$32
\$75 OXFORD TROPICAL SUITS, \$40
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Clearance SHOES

White and Dark

Remainders of this season's Spring and Summer lines. Cordé, gabardine (wool-and-cotton), calf, patents. Daytime, afternoon, spectator types. Whites, white with color, few black, blues, browns. Broken sizes, naturally.

\$4.95 Shoes—\$3.85	\$8.75 Shoes—\$6.85
\$6.50, \$6.95 Shoes—\$4.85	\$10.75, \$12.75 Shoes—\$8.85

Shoe Salon—Fourth Floor

Here's What the Government Does With That Blond Hair

By Scott Hart
Post Staff Writer

The place where the hair from the blonde heads goes is a one-story white frame structure in College Park, Md., and a glassed-off narrow section of its interior is oppressive with ether and humidity.

Romance left that hair the moment it left the blondes. In the laboratory science calculates over it in hair-breadth mathematics, keeps exacting temperatures on it, hangs weights on the individual strands to get a uniform tension; soaks it in ether and distilled water and in enough silence (they have a sign commanding it) to hear the scientific pulse beat.

Apparently, no one in the laboratory stops to think that the strands, primly, exactly strung, had dropped in his lap from some once lovely head. But the national defense program, to which the blondes bowed, will feel the impact of each falling strand.

For the national defense program, 200 miles of blonde strands are expected to ride the air currents 60,000 feet above Weather Bureau stations at Gravelly Point, and elsewhere through the Continental United States. Other strands will describe the humidity—which has to do with weather, and with flying, major element of defense—above San Juan, P. R., Swan Island, W. I., the conditions above seven Alaskan stations and the prospects for good or bad weather over latitude 39 north, longitude 59 west, and latitude 39 north, longitude 46 west, the bureau's two-ocean stations.

So in the narrow room in College Park, blonde hair is something to be calculated over, not altogether a new status. But new to it is a thorough bath in ether to remove all the oil, and the later washing in distilled water and scientific drying. Human hands don't touch it after these baths, after it is graded under a microscope and put on the weights. The hands might put oil on it.

Hair, generally speaking, that has had beauty parlor treatments isn't useable. Hair that has been in a permanent wave won't work. It must be 22 inches long.

Only blond hair works at all, why, science doesn't know, but it reacts to temperature variations and has music in it. The weather observers who send up the sonde tracks, part of a boxed-up meteorological instrument that ascends by balloon, don't listen to the serenade. They watch exciting dials and teletype the messages to Washington and other key weather centers.

Twice a day the balloons ascend over the two score observation points—at

1. SONDE TRACK is placed in inclosure at National Airport by Robert L. Houghton. Instrument's temperature, humidity and pressure readings must be the same as those on ground-level before being sent aloft



2. BALLOON inflated to a diameter of 7 feet carries the radio-sonde transmitter skyward. Here, Houghton and Clifford Jones attach the instrument, which has been fitted with blond hair. Parachute lowers transmitter to earth when balloon bursts at high altitude

noon and midnight. They rise often to 60,000-foot below zero.

It has been said that the

elevation, where temperature is about 90 degrees Weather Bureau in the beginning of experiments

3. SONDE RECEIVER at the airport is operated by Louis Malcin. He records temperature, humidity and pressure readings sent by sonde transmitter as it is pulled skyward by balloon. Readings are posted for pilots

wanted a particular mold for the balloons and a manufacturer was lent it by Sally Rand, who danced with the type picturesquely.

In any event, the radio sonde consists of an outer box containing a small radio transmitter, a pressure unit for determining altitude of the instrument, a temperature tube and a humidity unit.

In flight, the pressure of the air constantly reduces and causes a small arm to pass over silver electrical contacts which switch the transmitter to sending out signals indicating altitude, temperature and humidity. The signals are repeated constantly during the ascent and may even be picked up during the descent of the box by parachute, after the balloon has burst.

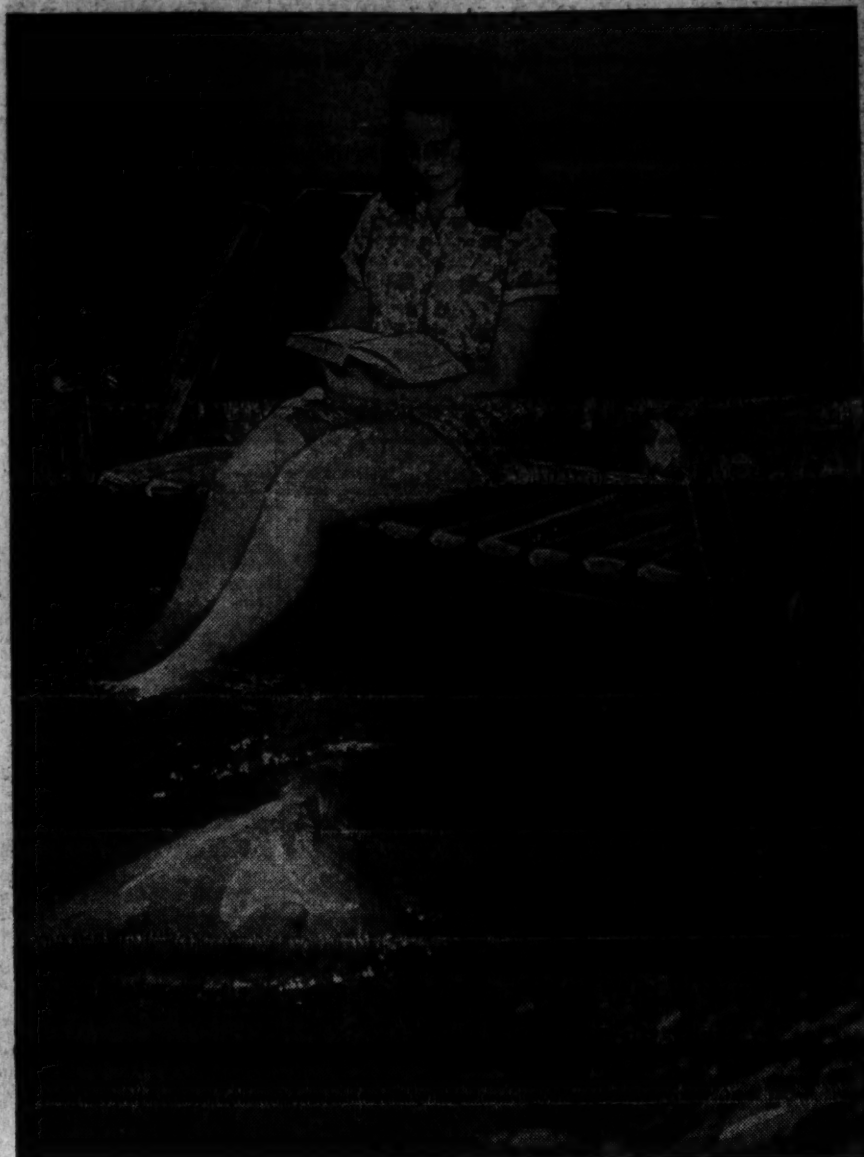
The instrument transmits different frequencies of tones corresponding to variations in temperatures and humidity, much like the running off of a piano scale. This means that the

hair from the blondes is contracting and expanding to the changes in humidity, doing its bit for defense 12 miles above where it used to be otherwise admired and useful.

The expansion and contraction causes a little silver-plated wheel to move across a resistance coil, changing the frequency of the signal transmitted.

When word went out that the Washington Institute of Technology wanted hair, the response was immediate and terrific. About 20 per cent of the hair brought in was usable, according to B. Russell Shaw, W. I. T. manufacturing division director, said, observing that the percentage was good, requirements considered.

The 32-inch donated tresses of Jeanne Turner, 11, of Washington, set off a group of first-generation American girls of Scandinavian descent; in San Francisco. From them 11 collections of blonde hair are now en route to the W. I. T.



CHARLOTTE MALETZ, CHEVY CHASE, TOOK A SEAT IN ROCK CREEK

A heat wave rolled over these parts yesterday and when night came Washington was pulling itself out of Rock Creek.

Thousands, fleeing to what safe water there was to lie in, or tree shade to sprawl under, during the day, were preparing to make a night of it in any cool retreat, from the Tidal Basin grass to any farmer's field where a breeze might strangely wander.

There had been an exodus of thousands from Federal and District government buildings before the mercury hit 100 at 3 p. m., repetition of what it did on July 27, 1940. It reached 100 then also.

Out of the Agriculture Department's South Building at 12:30 p. m. streamed some 8,000 employees. War and Navy Departments released all who could be spared at 2 p. m., Treasury followed and, finally, the Weather Bureau allowed 370 to flee from the shadow of its thermometer. A few stood by to see what the instrument might do next.

The air-conditioning apparatus at the new Municipal Center broke down. The windows had been stuck tightly to keep any air from coming in to disturb the cool air from the air-conditioning system. But with



HOT WORK
Pete DeStefano Pauses Behind Lawnmower, Looks at Sun, Wonders When Heat Wave Will Break

no air-conditioning system and unable to raise the windows, hundreds of workers discussed various ways of remedying the situation, getting hotter in the process.

The jail, meanwhile, was nice, its air-conditioning apparatus functioning smoothly. The prisoners, languishing in 70 degrees, looked from the windows on unfortunate free men.

Miles away, in more livable but nonetheless sweltering Rock Creek Park, thousands waded the stream. One girl found a bench in the stream and sat all day reading a book. A workman mowing the grass looked agonized. A few people rode bicycles with faces terribly strained.

Many in the Government must have decided in the morning to take the day off because the parks were crowded, from early hours. At 11:30 a. m. the shade of every tree along the water edge in Potomac Park was crowded with from one to 10 sprawlers. The Wilson Line steamer took 1,000 down the Potomac on its 10 a. m. trip.

Between noon and 1 p. m., when the mercury climbed from 95 to 98 degrees, long lines waited outside downtown air-cooled theaters. The temperatures inside were regulated conservatively, so the heat wouldn't strike departing patrons so noticeably, wouldn't tell them before they got a block away.



A—Alice Boyer gives hair an ether bath at Washington Institute of Technology



B—Helen Talbott examines hair, grades it according to texture

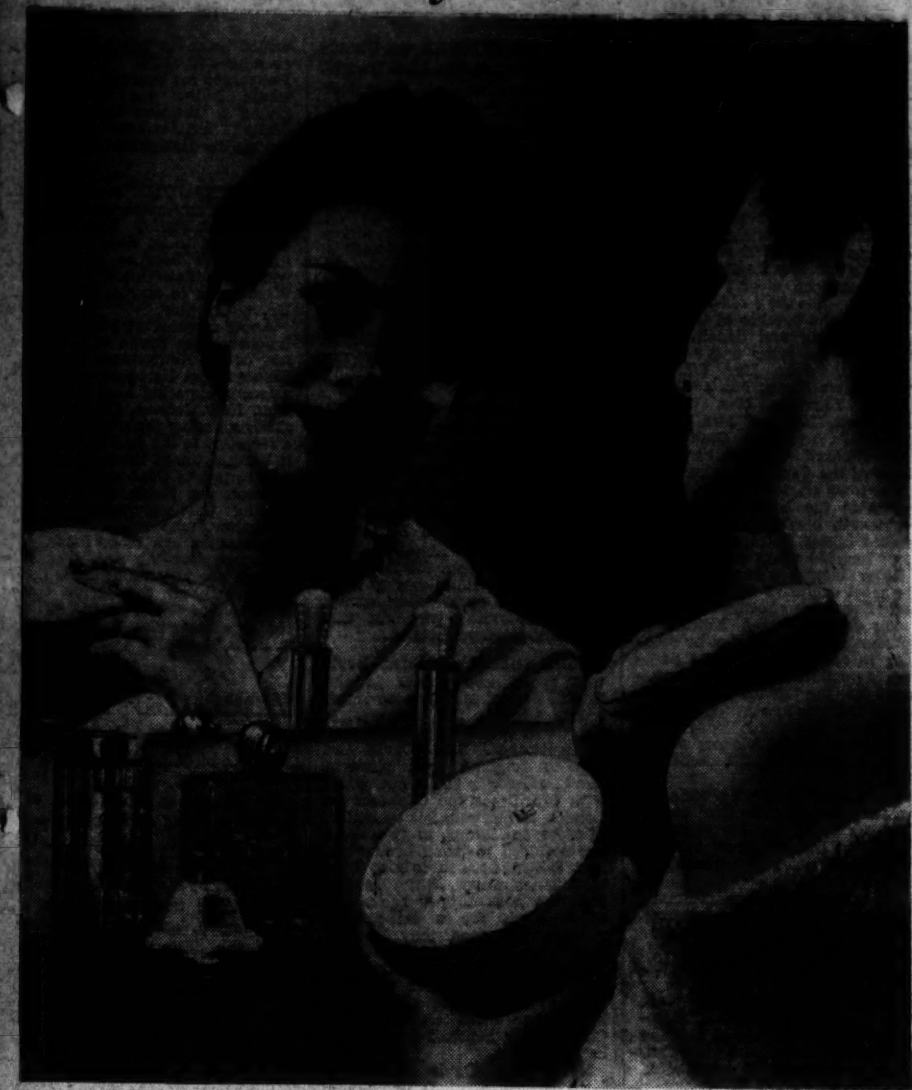


C—B. Russell Shaw, W. I. T., examines completed hair units ready for use in radio-sonde instruments



AUDREY PRICE MARY LEAPLEY MARTHA LLOYD FRANCES LAPAGLIA
They Looked Cool, but These Agriculture Department Workers Got Off Early Because of Heat

For a Cool and Dry Finish—in Summer



By Carolyn Abbott.

Out of the tub into your dress requires only a few minutes. But with the thermometer hovering around 96 degrees, it's a problem to keep cool and fresh that length of time. Before you can apply make-up, you're drenched in perspiration. Here are a few ways to outwit Washington's wilting summer weather:

Take a tepid shower of bath. Follow with a cold shower to close the pores. Dry thoroughly but without too much exertion. Wrap yourself in a towel or bathrobe that absorbs water. If possible, lie down for ten minutes. This gives the pores a chance to throw off excess water. Get up, again dry off the body and face. Apply alcohol or a cooling summer cologne. Proceed with your make-up, arrange your coiffure with the towel around you as illustrated by the model here. If you can't stop the perspiration naturally, apply an antiperspirant to your entire body. By all means apply a deodorant and perspiration checker to your feet.

Just before donning your lingerie and dress follow the example of the girl above—cover yourself from neck to toes with a sweetly-scented bath powder. She chooses a cooling, frolicking fragrance to match her cologne.

Martha Elynn's
Plaster ChatterAdmiral's
Choice

REAR ADMIRAL Royal E. Ingersoll has sailed the seven seas most of his life. His father was also a rear admiral in the United States Navy, and so the present admiral became a water traveler as a child.

But this sea-going man says that he is always glad to get back to Washington so he can have his favorite food—soft-shelled crabs. Washington is virtually in the shadow of the Maryland waters where superior crabs are found.

Some Washingtonians have been reporting difficulty in buying soft-shelled crabs. It is not a scarcity of crabs that makes them less plentiful as food, but the scarcity of labor to fish for them, according to one local fish dealer. Naturally, since they are not so plentiful in the fish markets, they have advanced in price.

But there are thousands who, like the Admiral, do not mind paying for soft-shell crabs. If they can enjoy them occasionally they can enjoy them occasionally.

Anyone familiar with seafood knows that all uncooked crabs should be vigorously alive when purchased or the meat is not good. To prepare them for cooking, proceed as follows:

To kill a soft-shell crab stick a sharp knife point into the body between the eyes. To clean it, lift and fold back the tapering points that are found on either side of the back shell. Remove the spongy substance that lies under them (the gills). Place the crab on its back and remove the small piece at the lower part of the shell which terminates in a point (the apron). All other parts of the crab are edible, including the small legs and fins.

Broiled Soft-Shell Crabs

Clean, wash and wipe the soft-shell crabs. Combine ¼ cup butter, 2 tablespoons lemon juice, ¼ teaspoon salt, a few grains each of cayenne and pepper. Roll the crabs in the butter mixture. Place the crabs on the broiling rack and broil for ten minutes. Turn them once.

Immediate Washing
For Poison Ivy

The severity of ivy poisoning can often be checked and sometimes eliminated, according to the United States Department of Agriculture, by immediate soap and water treatment after touching the plant. Scrub the hands and any other skin areas that may have been in contact with poison ivy, with ordinary soap. Work up a good lather on the affected areas, then rinse off and repeat the lathering and rinsing at least four times.

It is best to do this in running water, but if basins must be used, the water should be changed often. Particular care should be given to the finger tips, especially the skin just under and adjacent to the nails, where the poison may linger and be carried to other parts of the body.

Medical advice adds the caution, "Don't scratch," because scratching may spread the infection. If the poisoning is severe, the sufferer is advised to see a doctor.

Towering Turbans

Carmen Miranda, a guest at luncheon in Hollywood honoring South American bigwig, wore an amusing ensemble which made her look part South American, part college girl. Her red wool frock and box coat of white curly lamb were typical co-ed; but she crowned it with one of those twisted towering turbans that are pure Miranda. Very mad, very gay.

Mary
Haworth's
Mail

Believing Man's Tales of Adventurous Past, Girl
Weds Him, Spellbound by His 'Glamour.' It Turns
Out He Was Fooling and She No Longer Trusts Him

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: Two years ago, I married a man around 50 years of age. He is 18 years my senior, although at the time we were married, he led me to believe he was 10 years younger than he is. I fell for him because he seemed so "glamorous." Later, he admitted he had "kidded" me about his past; that in reality it was far different from what he had told me. He said he had invented his "tall tales" to interest me; and that most men do much the same thing. Now, I am beginning to wonder just what he did do all his life. For instance, he told me he was a Northerner, when actually he comes from the South.

Of course, this doesn't really matter. But what troubles me is the fact that I don't trust him any longer. He refers to his untruthfulness as "kidding," and tells me I take things too seriously. But if he "kidded" me about his past, in order to win me, might he not go on doing the same to hold me? This thought is always on my mind.

Also, while he is never unkind to me, he has stopped all those flattering attentions that mean so much to a woman. He never brings me little gifts any more, as he did in the beginning and when he does take me out, it is at my insistence. Even then, he crabs about the few dollars spent—despite the fact that both of us work, and his salary is now double what it was when we decided to "face life together." The most I can get out of him, in the way of a compliment, is "You look alright," or, "the dress is okay." And if I stay home from work for a day, he doesn't like it and tells me so. Yet, he still insists that he loves me, etc. But somehow I can't believe it any more.

I keep thinking I would be much better off if I left him. But as I have been married before, I don't want to be thought of as a "two-time loser." We do all our own housework and I spend very little on myself, as I have a family to help in another State. My husband gives me room and board, and that's about all. But if I left him, it would be pretty hard going, as I am very much in debt.

I like to have a good time—dancing, swimming, bowling, playing tennis, etc., and he doesn't care for these things only for movies and the radio. Sometimes I feel that my life is being wasted. I am not interested in living as I used to be. And this apathy is getting worse. It seems to me if I don't snap out of it by leaving him—I will eventually just PETRIFY. What do you advise me to do?

MERLE.

Woman's to Blame
For Her Discontent

DEAR MERLE: If your life is "being wasted," the fault must be construed as more yours than your husband's. One judges you to be about 33 years of age, which suggests that you cannot afford to do much more fumbling around. With regard to selecting the materials that are to go into the making of your adult life. Women, in particular, cannot afford to live life as a tumble-weed. They need a rooted place in the social scheme of things. They need a home of their own, preferably created with a husband's cooperation; and a continuity of blended experience (of social, domestic and emotional kinds), that gives to their existence (when viewed in retrospect) some rational outline, order, substance and significance, whether or not it has been more unhappy than happy.

It is demoralizing to a woman's personality and character to lead an episodic type of existence, broken into unrelated bits by repetitious marriages and divorces, such as automatically uproot her from one residential locale and circle of intimates and

Marian Martin Pattern

Slender Lines
For Autumn

9768

PATTERN 9768 may be ordered only in misses' and women's sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32. Size 18 requires 3½ yards 39 inch fabric. To get this pattern send 15 cents to the NEW YORK OFFICE of The Washington Post Pattern Department, 222 West Eighteenth Street, New York, N. Y. Send ten cents extra for our latest Pattern Book—a complete collection of smart, new, easily made fashions.

'Uplift' Posture, Clothes Tricks,
Make Short Woman Look Tall

Vivienne Segal
Operetta Star, Adds
Inches by Illusion

Ida Jean Kain's 10-Day Summer Slimming Diet to Lose 5 Pounds is being run at the end of this column daily. Clip for your files.

By Ida Jean Kain

IF YOU are short and you keep remembering that only the tall wear clothes well, you might put into practice a few of the slight-of-sight tricks that Vivienne Segal, petite musical comedy star, has found successful in making herself seem taller.

In spite of measuring a mere 5 feet 2 and a fraction, Miss Segal manages to appear a fashionable 5 feet 6 or 7. The way to do it, she says, is to keep in mind not only that it is fashionable to be tall, but also that fashion can make you tall.

The woman with the short neck and round face should begin with those two features to augment her stature. She looks better in the V-neck effects—none of those round, high collars. Or, if a high collar is worn, use clips that dip down and catch the eye.

A short woman only looks squashed when she wears this fashion plate, and she delights in the upsway brims. They can always be counted on to add a tricky inch or so to the height. Suits Are Banned

Unless your hips measure less than your bust, she thinks suits are "out." They cut the short woman off and exaggerate a hip-line bulge, which only makes her appear wider, not taller. But if your hips measure less than the required standard, you can probably get away with skirts and coats as long as you do not go in for too wide lapels or too wide belts. Those make you look chunky.

Miss Segal prefers dresses with no belts or, at least, belts of the same material so that they do not attract the eye. In a short figure the fewer breaks in line the better.

Skirts should not be too full, and dirds are definitely out. They make the short woman look wider than she is long!

But clothes are not everything, as I learned in the course of the interview. Miss Segal is completely solid, and she has a complete fashion—a good figure and a good posture. She says:

"Sometimes I walk down the street and notice women about whom I would take to be middle-aged. Then when I pass them I find they are quite young. It is the way they carry themselves that makes them seem old."

Dancing Helps

To help keep her spine straight, she sleeps on a hard hair mattress without a pillow and makes a habit of sitting in a straight chair with the lower back pressed against the back of the chair.

She never permits her weight to exceed 115 pounds, which is a 2-pound leeway from the 113 she considers perfect, and she relies on dancing to keep her proportions within bounds—waist 24 inches smaller than the bust, and hips not more than 2 inches larger.

TUESDAY—FIRST DAY
16-DAY DIET TO LOSE 5 POUNDS
BREAKFAST CALORIES

Orange juice, ½ glass..... 55
Baked apple..... 125
Slice of enriched toast..... 75
Butter, ½ pat..... 25
Coffee, clear..... 20

LUNCHEON
Salad: Escarole, 2 leaves; sliced tomato, sliced cucumber, celery, cold cream..... 125
Enriched bread, 1 slice..... 75
Butter, 1 pat, ¼ thick..... 50
Glass of skim milk..... 80

DINNER
Chicken broiler (¾ of two-pound broiler)..... 110
Washed beans, ½ cup..... 15
Cubed carrots, ¼ cup..... 45
Butter, 1 pat..... 50
Enriched bread, 1 slice..... 75
Glass of skim milk..... 80
Fresh fruit..... 50

TOTAL CALORIES FOR DAY.....1,810

Instructions—With dinner take a 1-milligram tablet of thiamin chloride, furnishing 25 International Units Vitamin B-1. This may be purchased from drug stores... Skim milk and butter-milk are interchangeable. Use either enriched bread or whole grain bread and cereal. Have one green every day like water-cress, escarole or cooked greens to furnish Vitamin A... Do not omit the milk, cheese, eggs, vegetables or fruit or the minerals and vitamin content will be inadequate. These reducing menus measure up to the nutrition yardstick recommended by the National Research Council.

It's About Time



By Dolores Boland
IT'S ABOUT TIME to use the same material for making play clothes for you and your small fry. Use checked or striped material for this purpose and make garments with similar lines. Use gingham now and washable corduroy later.

Arnold Galleries

1300 G ST. N.W.
Antique Jewelry, Silver, Shell, Furniture, Mirrors, Brasses, Art Objects, Wedding Gifts

Leisurely Bath
One Way to
Combat Blues

One of the quickest and most agreeable ways of calming down is to take a leisurely bath. Maybe this isn't what the originator of the phrase "drowning your sorrows" had in mind, but it certainly is effective. Troubles actually do seem to go down the drain, so that a bath leaves a quieter spirit as well as a cleaner body.

The bath that is taken mainly for the purpose of shedding troubles should be neither too hot nor too cold, but should be on the warmish side. Fill the tub generously, so that the body may be enveloped in the water; rather all over gently, then lie back and rest in the tub. A sponge-rubber bath pillow tucked at the nape of the neck adds to the restfulness. Close the eyes, make the mind a blank and soak for five minutes, then rinse with clean, warmish water. Dry with a clean towel, using the blotting method, and then dress in clean, fresh clothes. The temperature may still stand at 90 in the shade, but the spirit will be at least 20 degrees cooler inside.

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LANSHIRE

Gen., Mrs. Holcomb Buy Southern Maryland Home

Rosecroft, Which They Say Is of 'Victorian Blemish' Period, Is on St. Mary's River And Boasts of Nice Harbor for Boating

By Carolyn Bell

Combining their love for boats with their yen for a "house in the country" the Commandant of the Marine Corps, Gen. Thomas Holcomb, and Mrs. Holcomb have bought a lovely old place in southern Maryland—which boasts of water on three sides. It has a little harbor all its own which will be an ideal place to moor their boat.

"The house is perfectly hideous," laughed Mrs. Holcomb and when asked of what period it was, she said, "Victorian blemish." They plan, however, to do a little remodeling, and the grounds make up for what the house lacks. In its present state it is quite livable though, and they probably will not do very much to it for the present. Rosecroft, the name of the estate which has lovely old English box completely surrounding the place, is situated on St. Mary's River.

The house won't be turned over to Gen. and Mrs. Holcomb until next month, but from then on they will be spending many weekends at the place. They expect to make their home there, when the general retires from active service.

Lieut. Frank Holcomb, jr., found the house for his parents. On one of his numerous cruises in the

Chesapeake Bay about three years ago Frank visited "Rosecroft" and immediately fell in love with it.

Around the Fourth of July this year, he heard it was up for sale, and the Holcombs immediately went down to look it over. They liked it so well, they bought it. Frank, who has a short leave coming to him, will leave on Saturday aboard his boat, The Moonance, to sail leisurely about the Chesapeake. Last year, with several friends, he cruised up to Southampton and to Newport to take in the festivities there.

Holcombs Spend Weekend on Cruise

The Holcombs spent this last week cruising down the Potomac River on their yacht the Slowboat. This is their usual custom for a short weekend, and if they have three days or more they usually spend it exploring the various little ports that mark the Chesapeake Bay. On board with them last weekend was Col. Lee Brown.

Yesterday Mrs. Holcomb received members of the English Speaking Union at a tea from 5 until 7 o'clock. The hostess was gown in a full-length, light blue chiffon frock. Mrs. Ralph Wil-

Ralph W. S. Hill to Marry Mrs. Wilcox Next Month

Of wide interest is the announcement of the engagement of Mrs. Katharine Wilcox, of Los Angeles, to Ralph Waldo Snowden Hill, of Washington. Mr. Hill, who is one of the most popular bachelors in local circles, will leave for the West Coast the second week in August, and the wedding will take place shortly after his arrival in Los Angeles. After a honeymoon at Lake Arrowhead, Calif., the couple will return here the end of September and will live in Mr. Hill's home on N Street in Georgetown.

Mrs. Wilcox is the sister-in-law of Mrs. Randolph Minor, of Washington, whom she has frequently visited here. She is the daughter of the late Willard Sackett Strickler, who was a prominent banker in New Mexico, and of the late Ellen Kennedy Strickler. Mrs. Wilcox was first married to the late Alfred H. Wilcox, of Los Angeles, and has a large and beautiful home in that city, noted for its attractive garden concealed by high walls.

Mr. Hill was for several years the American observer on the Reparations Commission in Paris, and is now assistant legal adviser to the Department of State. He was graduated from the law school of the University of Virginia and completed his studies at L'Ecole des Sciences Politiques in Paris. He is a member of the Society of Colonial Wars, the Chevy Chase Club, Grasslands, and other clubs here and abroad.

Mr. Hill is a son of the late Eugene Francis Hill and the late Minnie Waldo Hill and is descended from the prominent Maryland colonial family of that name. He is closely related to many of the other colonial families of Maryland, among them the Carrs, Snowdens, Warfields, Darrells and Brents.

Mrs. Hill's handsome old red brick home is in the famous "Cox's Row" in the 3300 block of Georgetown. He purchased it and did it over several years ago and has frequently entertained at pleasant parties for his many Washington friends. The house is furnished with many beautiful antiques from this country and abroad.

Mrs. Wilcox spent last spring in Washington and the year before was also here for a visit, occupying Mrs. Henry's Flood's apartment at the Shoreham.

Cave dwellers here know that

William Close, wife of the South African Minister, and Mrs. Richard Casey, wife of the Australian envoy, were among those who assisted.

Midway in the party, a parade was put on for the guests by the Marine Corps in their crisp, white trousers and blue coats. Not far away was the red-coated Marine Band which played marital airs all during the party. Refreshments—including tea, iced and hot—were served in the garden. There were water ices, iced cakes and tea sandwiches.

Mrs. Peck Assists Hostess at Party

Among those assisting Mrs. Holcomb was Mrs. De Witt Peck, who with Col. Peck, has just returned from a tour of duty in China. They have recently purchased an old home at Indianhead on the Potomac River. This is a lovely old brickhouse surrounded with spacious grounds boasting of many fine old trees.

Others who assisted at the party yesterday were Mrs. Merchant Mahoney, wife of the Canadian Commercial Counselor; Mrs. Albert Niblack, Mrs. W. R. Kenney, Mrs. William Capers James, Mrs. Austin R. Brunell, Mrs. Edward R. Hagen, Mrs. A. V. Golding and Mrs. W. S. Jamerson.

the original Hill homestead, Compton Bassett, on the Patuxent River, near Upper Marlboro, Md., was first constructed in 1698 and after being partly destroyed by fire was rebuilt in 1786. It is still occupied by members of the family.

Montpelier Manor near Laurel, Md., the beautiful Georgian house built between 1742 and 1750 by Thomas Snowden, an ancestor of Mr. Hill, was the home of his grandmother Anne Elizabeth (Snowden) Hill. It is now owned and occupied by the Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. Breckenridge Long. Members of the Hill family have been identified with Washington society for over 100 years. The memoirs of several old residents, such as Mrs. Marion Gouverneur's "I Remember," refer to members of the family as being social leaders in Washington as early as 1840.

Mr. Hill's grandparents, Charles and Anne (Snowden) Hill, had a large town house on Massachusetts Avenue near Thomas Circle, which has since been razed, and entertained there extensively. The house, on account of its size was requisitioned during the Civil war for a hospital by the Federal Government. The interesting, but somewhat critical "Souvenirs of a Diplomat" written by Chevalier de Bacourt, one time French Minister to the United States, refers, under the date of February 7, 1841, to a ball to be given by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hill, "who live at the extreme end of the city (i. e. Fourteenth Street and Massachusetts Avenue). The Chevalier mentions that his carriage sunk up to the axle trees in the snow and mud while he was en route to call on the Hills. He adds somewhat bitterly, "This is how it is in Washington—streets not paved, swept or lighted."

Notes of Society

Official and Residential

The Colombian Ambassador, Dr. Gabriel Turbay, spent the weekend at the Greenbrier Hotel in White Sulphur Springs.

The Solicitor General and Mrs. Francis Biddle are visiting the latter's sister, Miss Cornelia Van A. Chapin, the sculptress, at her home in Red Bank, N. J. They were guests at a luncheon given on Sunday by Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Knapp for Dr. and Mrs. Charles Brown, of Princeton, N. J.

William C. Burdett, counselor of the United States Embassy in Rio de Janeiro, arrived in New York yesterday on the liner Brazil.

Richard Heathcote-Amory, of the British Embassy, and the Hon. Mrs. Heathcote-Amory spent the weekend as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest C. Wagner at their home, Red Top Farm, in Southampton, Long Island.

Thomas Leiter, who arrived in Bar Harbor recently on his yacht, was among those entertaining at the first dinner dance of the season at the Bar Harbor Club over the weekend.

Mrs. Alfred H. Granger, of Washington, has gone to New York, where she is staying at the St. Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. Rodman Wana-

maker have with them at their home in Newport, Miss Fernanda Wamaker and Robert Schuman.

Stanley Reed, jr., son of Justice and Mrs. Reed, spent the weekend with Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt at Beaulieu, Newport.

The former Ambassador to Germany, James W. Gerard, and Mrs. Gerard are staying at Montauk Manor, Montauk, Long Island.

Mrs. Walter H. Schoellkopf, of Washington, has arrived at the Ritz Carlton Hotel in New York after a stay in Buffalo.

Mrs. Close Rand, daughter of Mrs. Joseph E. Davies, is at the Hotel Weylin in New York.

Dr. and Mrs. A. B. Little are vacationing at Mayview Manor, Blowing Rock, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hulse are spending several days at the Hotel Traymore in Atlantic City.

Dr. Charles H. Judd, of the Social Science Research Council, and Dr. E. G. Nourse, of Brookings Institution, spent the weekend at the Skytop Club, Skytop, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Geiger are spending several days at the Seabreeze in Atlantic City.

Will Return to Capital Monday



Mrs. Cordell Hull (left), wife of the Secretary of State, and her niece, Mrs. Paul Hays, pause for a moment's rest at the golf links on the Greenbrier at White Sulphur Springs, where they are vacationing. Secretary and Mrs. Hull, who have been at the resort for the past several weeks, will return to the Capital on Monday

Gov. Cooper Will Accompany Sergt. York Here

A distinguished guest at the Washington premiere of "Sergeant York" on Thursday evening will be Gov. Prentice Cooper, of Tennessee. Gov. Cooper will arrive in Washington with Sergt. Alvin C. York and Jesse Lasky tomorrow, 12:30 p. m., at Union Station.

Gov. Cooper is greatly interested in the Warner Bros. film because he gave his aid to Jesse Lasky in getting Sergt. York to give his permission to make the motion picture.

The two Tennessee visitors will be welcomed by members of their own Tennessee State Society, among other patriotic and service organizations.

Mr. Letts to Wed Charlotte Dana

Mrs. Frank W. Dana has announced the engagement of her daughter, Charlotte Elizabeth, to David Sawyers Letts, of Washington. The wedding will take place next winter.

Miss Dana, who is the daughter of the late Frank W. Dana, attended Fairmont Junior College in Washington and was graduated from the University of Wisconsin. She also obtained her M. A. degree there. She is a member of Zeta Phi Beta and Pi Lambda Theta Sororities.

Mr. Letts is the son of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Letts, of Washington, Iowa, and a nephew of Justice and Mrs. F. Dickinson Letts, of Washington. He was graduated from Parsons College in Fairfield and from George Washington University Law School. He is affiliated with Phi Delta Phi, Sigma Nu and Zeta Gamma Fraternities, and at present he is practicing law in Washington.

Miss Mount Gives Swimming Party At Marwood

Marwood, the fabulous estate in Maryland where the Joseph Kennedys once made their home, was the scene of a swimming party Sunday when Miss Marie Mount entertained in honor of her houseguests, Mrs. Helen Hicks Baker, of Bloomington, Ind., and Miss Frances Kearby, of Indianapolis. A dinner party followed at Normandy Farms.

Guests included Senator Raymond E. Willis, of Indiana; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas L. Stokes, Dr. R. R. Corbett, Miss Vienna Curtis, Miss Jane Joyce, Miss Martha Elynn Slayback, Bruson MacChesney, William Lesh, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Hostettler, Mr. and Mrs. James Nolan, Everett Watkins, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Berman and J. W. Carr.

Saratoga Wakes Again to Lure Nation's Famous

Saratoga, that sleepy little village in the Adirondacks, which makes up once a year as a magnet for the rich and famous from all over, inaugurated another season of racing yesterday. George Bull, president of the Saratoga Association, predicts "it will be the biggest, snappiest season yet."

Plenty of Washingtonians and Virginians can always be found rocking in the old-fashioned chairs on the porches of the huge hotels, dining and dancing, and attending the races and sales of yearlings. John Hay Whitney, Mrs. Dodge Sloan, Mr. and Mrs. George Harrison, Mrs. William B. Street, Mr. and Mrs. Dion Kerr, and Richard Wallach, jr., are some of the Saratoga enthusiasts.

The town started out as a health resort in the latter part of the eighteenth century. The famous United States Hotel was a popular place 100 years ago. Later Newport began to lure the most exclusive summer trade, and Saratoga showed signs of going down hill. A handful of sportsmen saved the day by stepping in and organizing the Saratoga Association for the improvement of the Breed of Horses, which today is known only by the first part of its title. Today there are around 50,000 visitors a day to Saratoga during the month of August.

Mr. Bull, who gives a series of parties throughout the season there, is noted for his geniality, his bright handed straw hat and the walking stick or umbrella he always carries.

John Hay Whitney was among those on hand for the opening. His is the most perfectly equipped estate in Saratoga, with a private race course for tryouts of his own horses.

Despite the gayety of plush night clubs in and around Saratoga, many of the social notables are up at 6 a. m. to watch their favorites work out. Yearling sales, held in the evening, attract a crowd done up in the tops in furs, satins and jewels.

Atlantans Guests Of Mrs. Kasehagen

Miss Virginia Pettis Higginbotham and Cabell Lee Higginbotham of Atlanta, Ga., are spending some of their vacation with their aunt, Mrs. Leo Kasehagen, at her home on Jefferson Street.

Miss Higginbotham is a junior in high school and Mr. Higginbotham is a sophomore in the University of Georgia. They will go from here to Long Island, N. Y., to spend the remainder of the holidays with an uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. William Montgomery Sweeney.

Other guests of Mrs. Kasehagen, who returned to their homes over the week-end, were: the Misses Jane and Mary Elizabeth Bollner of Burlington, Iowa; Miss Margery Althaus, Miss Marie Weatherwax, Miss Catherine Monson, all of Ann Arbor, Mich., and Kenneth Gieselman of West Burlington, Iowa.

About the Town

with Dudley Harmon

OFF BY CLIPPER on Thursday for London are Mrs. Dwight Davis, director of Volunteer Service for the Red Cross, and the "assistant director," Mrs. Grace Eustis. Mrs. Eustis is in New York for a few days' vacation before going to blitzed London.



MRS. DWIGHT DAVIS

These two women, who successfully combine efficiency with glamour, are going to England at the request of Lady Reading, head of the women's volunteer services there. The Marchioness wants them to study how the Red Cross aid sent from here is being distributed, and to survey to see if there is any room for improvement. Lady Reading was to have come to this country last spring on a fact-finding trip, but was too busy, to leave London.

MRS. EUSTIS and Mrs. Davis will spend two weeks in the British capital and plan to make a few trips to the countryside. They will return to this country in September. Mrs. Davis' last trip to England took place a month after war broke out, when with Mr. Davis she clipped to London to persuade his daughter, Mrs. Roger Makins, to give them her children to bring back here. Mrs. Makins decided to keep them with her, however, so the Davises took the next clipper back. To allow room for a last-minute refugee passenger, they left all their baggage sitting on the dock. Mrs. Makins later returned to this country with her children and has been living at a house her father owns on Kalamazoo Circle. Her husband is an English diplomat.

Both Mrs. Davis and Mrs. Eustis are famous for chic as well as for ability. It is impossible to imagine either going through a bombing raid and emerging looking otherwise than soignée as usual. Since coming here last winter to work for the Red Cross, Mrs. Eustis has been living at the home of the George Howes in Georgetown. She spent several years in Washington in the early days of the New Deal and is one of the most popular hostesses of the Capital. At one time she conducted a newspaper column, and has also written magazine articles.

HOT WEATHER HINT: Try wearing absolutely no make-up whatsoever and maybe you'll look as cool as did actress Julie Hayden at Mrs. Raymond Miller's buffet luncheon in her honor. Her frilly white blouse, which she confessed used to be the top to an evening dress, and a peppermint striped skirt also appeared fresh and cool. Miss Hayden wears her blonde hair shoulder length and absolutely straight.

"My hair was a great problem in the movies, as it won't stay curled," she said. When I was making a film, a hair dresser

would come to my home every evening and set it. Then, when I appeared for work at 6 a. m., he would follow me everywhere, giving a frequent twist with a curling iron when my curls started to straighten out in the heat.

MODEST JULIE says she will not make any more movies as "I photograph badly. Some of my scenes had to be done over several times because the prints were so unflattering." She is in Washington to star in a Catholic University play.

Another guest at Mrs. Miller's luncheon was Baron van Boetzelaer of the Netherlands Legation. He says that Baroness van Boetzelaer is expected here this week from New Canaan, Conn., where she is spending the summer. After a few days in the dust bowl which is Washington at the moment, she will return to Connecticut.

Baron van Boetzelaer was discussing the war with George Burklew, who returned only a few months ago from Paris. A newspaperman, he says that the French are just biding their time until somehow they have their independence back again. "They continue to ignore the Germans in Paris," he says.

Maechtle-Dyer Nuptials Aug. 9

Of interest to Washington will be the wedding on Saturday evening, August 9, in Evanston, Ill., of Miss Janet Lois Maechtle and Dan Bues Dyer. The bride spent a year doing newspaper work in Washington, and Mr. Dyer was with the State Department for several years. His posts included Stuttgart, Germany, and the Lisbon consulate. After their marriage the couple will live in Washington, where Mr. Dyer recently received an appointment in the aviation intelligence department.

Many parties are being given for the bride-to-be, who is the daughter of Mrs. V. Vinal Maechtle. On Friday Mrs. William French, of Evanston, will give a shower for Miss Maechtle and on Saturday, Mrs. John T. Zaitsev will give a luncheon for her. Miss Billy Kelly, of Evanston, is to be maid of honor and the bridesmaids are Miss Harriet Ann Pribble, of Evanston; Mrs. Sidney Corlies Lumbard, of Gary, Ind.; Miss Jane Dyke, sister of Mr. Dyer, of Salt Lake City, and Mrs. Everett Maechtle, of Evanston. Miss Maechtle's sister-in-law, Mr. Dyer, who will not arrive in Evanston until the day before the ceremony, will have Reginald C. Augustine, of New York, as his best man. Ushers are Kenneth Reaswin, of Kansas City, Kan.; Benjamin Armitage, of Battle Creek, Mich.; Elmer Jolley, of Dayton, Ohio; Everett Maechtle, of Evanston and Joe Parry Dyer, of Chicago.

A reception at the Orrington Hotel will follow. The couple will live here at 1401 Whittier Street.

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Columbian Girls to Hear Mrs. Lawton

Mrs. Walter Lawton, first vice president of the Woman's Missionary Society of the First Baptist Church, will speak at the annual installation of officers of the Columbian Girls, auxiliary of the society, at 8 tonight at the church.

Mrs. Lee Hammond, leader of the young people's work; Miss Jessie Ford, of the National Baptist Memorial Church, and Miss Frances Thatch, in charge of installation, will also be speakers at the ceremony.

The officers to be installed are: Miss Doreen Berger, president; Miss Laura Lee Brooks, vice president; Miss Marynne Weston, treasurer; Miss Dorothy Williams, secretary, and Miss Angie Carpenter, enlistment secretary.

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12 Children To See U. S. In Action

Group From Church Of All Nations In New York To Visit Capital

By Lucia Giddens

Twelve boys and girls of assorted nationalities will come from New York City early in August for a close-up of "Americanism in Action" in the National Capital, under the wing of the Washington Council of Church Women.

The group—Italian, Chinese and Slav—will come from the Church of All Nations in the Bowery. The pastor, the Rev. Charles Austin, asked the council's cooperation because of its program in world outlook.

In his letter to Mrs. George A. Ross, president of the council, he said the project was intended to acquaint the group more closely with the Government and the ideals of the Nation. Boys and girls 15 and 16 years old will be chosen to make the trip.

Arriving here on the evening of August 6, the group will be entertained at the home of Miss Etta Mai Russell, executive secretary of the council, and Miss Marguerite Griffin at 478 N Street Southwest.

Mrs. Ross and Miss Russell have planned two days of patriotic pilgrimages for the visitors before they return to New York on August 8. In addition, two radio appearances have been arranged for them to express their impressions of Washington—on WRC on August 7, after which Miss Mary Mason of that station will entertain them at luncheon, and on WWDC August 8, when Mrs. Ross will appear with them on Meredith Smith's "Autograph Album" program.

Mrs. M. Bronner, who returned to Washington recently after many years of residence abroad, will entertain the international group at luncheon at the Dodge Hotel August 8. Afterward they will be conducted through the Capitol by a special guide, Miss Russell said, and will probably call on a Senator and Representative from New York.

Miss Russell will provide each boy and girl with a guide book and a scrap book so that each may compile a record of impressions at the end of each day here.

Miss Russell pointed out that this project would be a feature of the council's "Adventure in Neighborhood Friendliness" which would thus be extended to another city and other nationalities.

Mrs. Howorth Will Tell Newcomers How to Succeed

Mrs. Lucy Somerville Howorth, member of the Board of Veterans' Appeals, will speak on "Making Good in a New Home Town" on the Business and Professional Women's Club's radio program at 3:15 p. m. Wednesday, over WINX. The broadcast will be one in a weekly series giving vocational guidance to persons coming to Washington to engage in defense work.

Mrs. Miller Hickerson, of the publicity committee, will interview Mrs. Howorth, who is a member of the club.

The club's Wednesday at-home, intended for out-of-town and prospective members, will be held at 5 p. m. at the Silver Bowl, Connecticut Avenue and R Street, Northwest. Miss Lou Frazier of the hospitality committee will be hostess.

League Leaders Discuss Plans



Mrs. Wallace Donald Brock (right) served as radio chairman for the recent series of broadcasts in the District League of Women Voters "Win the Battle of Production" campaign to stimulate citizens' morale in the defense effort. Mrs. Harold Krogh, membership chairman of the league (left), is pictured with her before the start of a recent conference of league leaders.

Jewish Relief Society Plans Donor Party

An attendance goal of 1,000 has been set for the donor luncheon of the Washington Ladies' Auxiliary of the Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society on November 5.

Mrs. Nathan N. Wallack, president, said yesterday as plans for fall activities advanced.

Mrs. Maurice L. Bernstein has been named chairman for the luncheon at the Mayflower Hotel, the proceeds of which will benefit the sanitarium in Denver.

Mrs. Joseph Millenson has been appointed treasurer for the luncheon and chairman in charge of tickets.

The rummage store, a related activity, will be opened about September 1 at 1241 Seventh Street Northwest, under the chairmanship of Mrs. Louis Dinovits and Mrs. Harry R. Bland.

Leaders of other activities which will add to the fund include Mrs. Barney Krucoff, Mrs. H. Mirman, Mrs. Al Demmberg, Mrs. George Nathan, Mrs. Samuel Mirman and Mrs. Joseph Isaacs.

Mrs. Bernstein, who is also membership chairman, is assisted by Mrs. Michael Harris as co-chairman.

Auxiliary leaders are planning other events for the coming season, including a "member-bringing-a-member" tea to be held at the Variety Club in October and a bazaar scheduled to open in January.

Mrs. Watkins to Be Radio Guest Speaker

Mrs. Arthur C. Watkins, newly elected president of the District Federation of Women's Clubs, will be the honor guest on the radio program, "Women Who Achieve," tomorrow afternoon, at 3:30, on Station WWDC.

Mrs. Watkins will be introduced by Mrs. Edward R. Seal and Miss J. Jeune Carter, originators and producers of the program. Before being elected to the presidency of the federation, Mrs. Watkins served a term as second vice president, during which she prepared the annual year book. She also has been an active member of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Embassy Aide to Speak

Nelson Ho, who is on the staff at the Chinese Embassy, will give a lecture on China at the International Student House, 1708 New Hampshire Avenue Northwest, at 7:30 p. m. Wednesday for the young women and men staying there this summer.

Madame Chairman

By Suzanne

Woman's Club of Chevy Chase, which already has a busy summer program of defense activities, is now discussing addition of another new course—nutrition.

Mrs. Edgar Fowler, the club's defense chairman, said the course would not be a cooking class, but would deal with "new knowledge about vitamins and balanced low-cost meals." The course is still merely in the discussion stage, but interest is rising, with the recognition of the part that nutrition plays in the strength of the Nation.

Mrs. Alan Maphis, who is serving as chairman of entertainment and recreation on the club's defense coordinating committee, is planning a story-telling course as a starter in her program. With Mrs. H. Lyle Campbell in charge, it is expected that the six-lecture course will begin August 8, at the clubhouse, to train workers for entertainment duties in recreation centers and hospitals.

Marjorie Piltz, a student at American University and daughter of Mrs. Carl Piltz, has volunteered her services to cut the stencil and mimeograph the defense news bulletin which the club has just started issuing.

Mrs. David H. Robinson and her family have offered to fold the bulletin and put them in envelopes as their contribution to the club's program.

Mrs. Fowler has had messages from shut-in members of the club who, although they can not attend the defense classes, wish to do something to help.

Letters and telephone calls from nonmembers of the club indicate activity, Mrs. Fowler said.

D. A. R. Delegation From D. C. Arrives In Mexico City

A delegation from the District of Columbia Daughters of the American Revolution has reached Mexico City on a good-will tour, according to an Associated Press dispatch yesterday. Most of the 30 members in the party are from the District.

The delegation, headed by Mrs. H. C. Oberholser, District regent, was delayed 24 hours on the train by a washout between Nogales and Mexico City.

On arrival Sunday Mrs. Oberholser pointed out that the delegation was there as "a demonstration of United States interest and friendliness toward Mexico." The group will leave for home August 5.

Red Cross Class Closes Sessions

A Red Cross class in home nursing, which has been meeting twice weekly at the District Chapter House for the last six weeks, held closing exercises yesterday under the direction of Mrs. Charles Persons, the instructor.

The group, whose president is Mrs. T. Raymond Zepp, presented a bud vase to Mrs. Persons. The group ranged from a girl just out of high school to older women, and included a mother and daughter, all intent on learning this phase of home defense work. Certificates will be sent later to members of the class.

Other officers were Mrs. Lawrence Hyland, vice president; Mrs. Clarence Ashe, secretary; Mrs. William C. Nevitt, exhibition chairman; Miss Ann Gillespie, chairman for closing exercises.

Others in the group included Mrs. Anna Beihl, Mrs. Florence Burr, Mrs. Lucienne Davidson, Mrs. Josephine Furstenau, Mrs. Margaret Hall, Mrs. Karolina Hedler, Mrs. Sadie Hyman, Mrs. Ella Kostokos, Mrs. Cynthia Richardson, Mrs. Laura D. Sieler, Miss Florence Swain, Mrs. Florence Swain, Mrs. Virginia Tomlin, Mrs. Gladys Willard, Mrs. Lenore Winfield.

Mrs. Williams to Head Committee for D. A. R.

Mrs. Roger Williams has been named chairman of the newly created program committee of Monticello Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. She is a past regent of the chapter.

Other new officers of the chapter are Mrs. Francis M. Shore, regent; Mrs. Frank Carden, chaplain; Mrs. John Jefferson Davis, recording secretary; Miss Gertrude Blaisdell, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Samuel Woodbridge, treasurer; Miss Isabel Parr, registrar; Mrs. Harvey W. P. Hunt, historian, and Miss Elizabeth Bourn, delegate.

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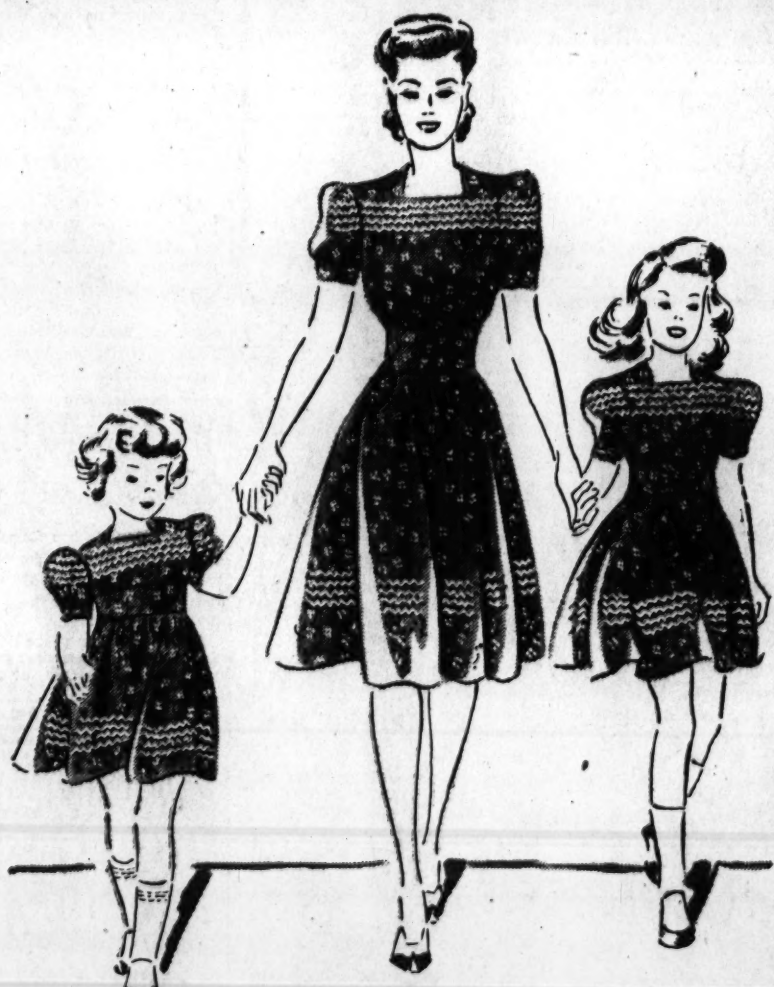
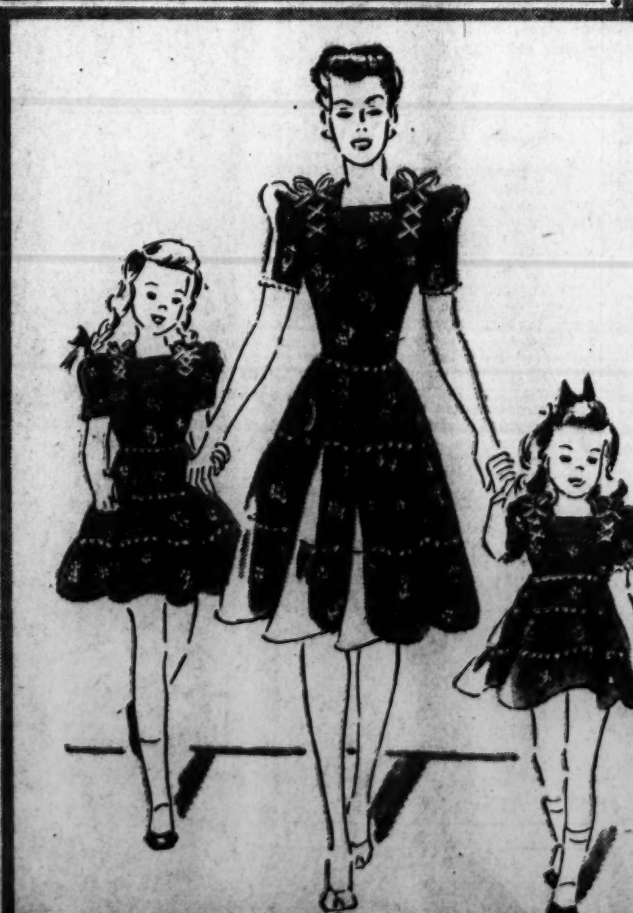
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- Sizes 38 to 44 and 16½ to 26½!

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Better Dress Shop—Second Floor

Kann's
"The Avenue"—7th, 8th and 9th Sts.



Mother-and-Daughter

"DRESS-A-LIKES"

—The fashion magazines and rotos have been full of charming pictures showing mothers and daughters dressed alike. We are featuring two styles of dresses that are becoming on all ages . . . dresses designed so that everyone looks at mother and says "but you can't be the mother of these young ladies!"

(Above). Challis-type print on red, maise or open blue cotton percale, trimmed with white rick rack.

(Left). Charming rose print on crisp cotton percale in pink, open blue or red, lined in white.

- Sizes 3 to 6 \$1.95
- Sizes 7 to 14 \$2.95
- Sizes 9 to 15 for Mother \$3.95

Fourth Floor

Kann's
"The Avenue"—7th, 8th and 9th Sts.

Child, 2, Killed, 10 Hurt In District Area Traffic

A 2-year-old child was killed and nine persons injured in traffic accidents yesterday in the metropolitan area.

The dead child is Ralph John Small who died in Casualty Hospital yesterday morning several hours after an accident in Forestville, Md. The child, together with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph N. Small and another son, Robert Norris Small, 2 months, was fatally injured when their car struck a pole on the Marlboro Pike. A passenger in the car, Miss Laverne Peak, 17, of the 1200 block of Forty-fourth Place Northeast, suffered a head injury.

The father, 21, suffered cuts on

the left leg and Mrs. Small, 20, was treated in Casualty Hospital for a compound fracture of the leg and a head injury.

James M. O'Neil, 17, of 925 L Street Northwest, received abrasions and contusions on the arms and knees when his bicycle was struck by a truck at Vermont Avenue and K Street Northwest. The boy was taken to Emergency Hospital by the driver of the truck and later discharged.

Two Alexandria men received severe injuries when their car was in collision on No. 1 Highway about 3 miles south of Alexandria with a trailer truck. Randolph Mooney was treated for arm and head injuries in the Alexandria Hospital and Stewart Watkins, 21, for head, neck and knee injuries. Howard Downs, 16, and Arthur Mudd, 21, of near Alexandria, passengers in the car were treated for cuts and bruises.

Tired Kidneys Often Bring Sleepless Nights

Doctors say your kidneys contain 15 miles of tiny tubes or filters which help to purify the blood and keep you healthy. When they get tired and don't work right in the daytime, many people have to get up nights. Frequent or scanty passages with smarting and burning sometimes show there is something wrong with your kidneys or bladder. Don't neglect this condition and lose valuable, restful sleep.

When disorder of kidney function permits poisonous matter to remain in your blood, it may also cause nagging backache, rheumatic pains, leg pains, loss of pep and energy, swelling, puffiness under the eyes, headaches and dizziness.

Don't wait! Ask your druggist for Doan's Pills. Used successfully by millions for over 40 years. They give happy relief and will help the 15 miles of kidney tubes flush out poisonous waste from your blood. Get Doan's Pills.

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Vogue
AUGUST 1
ISSUE

HANDBOOK ON FURS

24 HATS WITH A FUTURE
AT YOUR NEWSSTAND—35c

*What's Going on
and Where*

Lunches
Optimists Club, Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.
Civilian Club, Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.
Columbia Heights Business Men's Association, 3011 14th St. N.E., 12 noon.
East Gate Lions Club, Colonial Room of Art's Dining, 829 Bessing Road Northeast, 12:15 p. m.
Dartmouth Club, Hotel Annabell, 12:30 p. m.
Dinner
Faculty of the Accountancy School, Southeastern University, Carlton Hotel, 6:30 p. m.
Meetings
Retailers Advisory Committee, Carlton Hotel, all day.
Olds Motor Works, Mayflower Hotel, 10 a. m.
O. S. A. Mayflower Hotel, 8 p. m.
American Legion, Mayflower Hotel, 8 p. m.
Shell Oil Co. Hamilton Hotel, 8 p. m.
Board of Directors, A. R. B. A. Willard Hotel, 10 a. m.
Meeting American Road Builders Association Board of Directors and Manufacturers Division, Willard Hotel, 1 p. m.
Collectors Club, Branch 5, S. P. A., Thomson Community Center, 8 p. m.
Bride Party
Federal Bridge League, Wardman Park Hotel, 8 p. m.
Recreational Program
Business and Professional Girls Department of Y. W. C. A. for new girls of the city, at the Y, 8 p. m.
Motion Pictures
Washington Section of Technocracy, Inc., "Construction of the Grand Coulee," Mount Pleasant Branch Public Library, Public invited, 7:45 p. m.

Model Charges Friend Forced To Attack Her



Associated Press WIREPHOTO
CLAIRE BERINGER

Mamaroneck, N. Y., July 28.—Claire Beringer, 17, stunning blonde model, in court here today charged that she was attacked by a rejected suitor Sunday night while his wealthy young friend stood by, gun in hand, to force the assault.

Jack March, 21, amateur tennis player of Pelham Manor, N. Y., was named as the man with the gun. His house guest, Robert Decker, 22, Miami University student, from Clearwater, Fla., was charged with being the unwilling attacker. Both entered pleas of not guilty and were held in \$2,500 bail each for further hearing on the assault charge.

Mrs. Bertha Beringer, mother of the model, filed the formal complaint, telling how her daughter returned to their Bronx home in a state of hysteria.

After treatment by a physician, Claire told her mother of her meeting at the swanky Quaker Ridge Tennis Club in Scarsdale, with March and Decker. Decker, the mother said, had arrived March about a month ago as March's house guest and had met Miss Beringer soon after his arrival. Decker had twice proposed marriage, the model acknowledged, but she had refused.

Following the tennis club dance Miss Beringer and her escort, William Theilids, drove with March and Decker in March's car to a night club. Leaving the night club they took Theilids home first. Then near a golf club March parked the car. Miss Beringer charged, and presenting a gun, urged Decker to the assault.

At first the model and Decker thought he was joking, she said, then Decker pleaded with March not to carry out his demand, but March, gesturing with the gun, insisted, she said.

Turks Reported Told Reds Won't Seize Dardanelles

Ankara, July 28 (P).—Joseph Stalin, following a British suggestion, has written President Ismet Inonu of Turkey assuring him that Russia has no intention of seizing control of the Dardanelles, Turkish gateway between the Mediterranean and Black Seas, it was learned tonight on the highest authority.

Writing Philosophical Letters To Editors Cools This Citizen

Harry Daniels has found the answer to hot weather, he said in effect yesterday. It consists in writing brief, philosophical letters to the newspapers.

In the last four years Daniels has rolled up a record that makes the English letter writers of the eight-

McLean Wills Half Million To Friends

Requests of half a million dollars were made by Edward Beale McLean in a will dated ten years ago which was filed in the District Court yesterday, 24 hours after the former Washington publisher died in Baltimore.

The will left Mrs. Evelyn Walsh McLean "such sum as she may be entitled to receive under the law as her dower right" and \$5,000 each to his children, John R. McLean 2d, 23, Evelyn Washington McLean, 19, and Edward B. McLean, Jr., 23. He provided that if any of these four contested the will he should forfeit his bequest.

Mr. McLean left \$300,000 to "Rose Davies, who has given me her association and affection." Miss Davies is the sister of Marion Davies, former film star.

To Martin Finn, his one-time butler, who now is a deputy United States marshal here, Mr. McLean left \$100,000 and two-thirds of the residuary estate. To his personal attorney, George B. Fraser, Mr. McLean left \$10,000 and one-third of the residuary estate.

Personal bequests included \$10,000 to John Major; \$2,500 to Nora O'Brien and \$2,500 to Ben Ballinger; \$15,000 goes to John Finn; \$10,000 to Harry Kohler; \$5,000 to Mollie Parker; \$5,000 to P. J. Reynolds; and \$2,500 to Barney Hughes.

Named executors were Fraser and Attorney John W. Calvert, who filed the will yesterday. Subscribing as witnesses were J. M. Becker Jr., John C. Varn and George E. Smith. The will was dated June 19, 1931, two years before Mr. McLean was adjudged incompetent by a Baltimore court.

The law firm of Hogan and Hartson, representing the McLean family, stated last night that the paper filed in District Court yesterday is "utterly ineffective for the simple reason that Mr. McLean had no property of any kind that he could leave to anyone by will."

"Income for Life Only"

The statement of the law firm said, "Mr. McLean's father left to his son an income for his life only. Upon the death of the son last Sunday that income ceased."

Edward B. McLean had no interest whatever in any property in addition to the life income he received from his father's estate. As that ended with his death, it follows that the persons named as beneficiaries in the published will can get nothing.

Jury Confined By Judge in Assault Case

A human hair and the purple stain of a chemical blood test were mute witnesses yesterday against James R. McKenzie, 21, Negro, who was put on trial for his life in the District Court yesterday.

Mrs. Vada K. Abarcia, 28, Takoma Park, pointed out McKenzie as the man who criminally assaulted and robbed her in a laundry where she was a clerk, at 3477 Fourteenth Street Northwest, on June 24.

Two days later, Mrs. Abarcia said, she saw McKenzie on the street, exclaimed, "My God! That's the man," and collapsed in hysterics. Two policemen with her seized McKenzie. District Attorney Edward M. Curran, prosecuting his first case since he took office more than a year ago, indicated circumstantial evidence to support Mrs. Abarcia's identification. Dr. Richard Rosenberg, deputy coroner, found a single hair on the man's clothes, which the police said he did not explain. A chemical test brought out stains on his person.

Defense Counsel John Wilson reserved his opening statement, but repeatedly sought to bring out that McKenzie also was identified as the man who robbed another laundry agency about the same time. But Federal Judge F. Whitfield Davidson blocked every effort to "try both lawsuits at once."

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He's 40 years old, unmarried, and an employee of the administrative office of the WPA. Most of his writing is done between the hours of midnight and 2 a. m. in his small room at 1509 Sixteenth Street Northwest, "when I can think best."

"Washington is a great political center, and I've tried to become a part of that political center by giving out ideas from time to time," he said.

He aspires neither to fame nor money, but is content with his portable typewriter, a few books and an occasional bottle of wine. Like the greatest letter writers he strives for compression. He says he has no desire to write books or articles, believing his influence on public thought can be more subtle through the daily press.

One of his favorite letters consists of one sentence:

"Not until man's greatest pleasure becomes that of instilling a greater degree of spiritual beauty within his rebellious nature to make it subservient to the laws of liberty and freedom, and to a longing for wisdom and understanding, as a blind man longing for light, can he expect a government to survive that governs him least."

While he writes for the daily papers, Daniels does not read them too thoroughly. "If I read the daily papers too freely it might confuse some of my personal thoughts."

Like most great artists, Daniels feels he has not yet achieved perfection. "I yet haven't said what I'd like to say about America," he declared. "I hope some day I'll be able to work up to what I want to say—perhaps in one sentence."

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able in most sizes!

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DRY GIN**

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QUART**

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**SPECIAL
CAR**
for Women
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DAILY ECONOMY TRAIN TO AND FROM CALIFORNIA

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The Scout, dedicated entirely to chair car and tourist-Pullman

travel, also provides a cozy lounge car for Pullman patrons, a cheery dining car serving low cost Fred Harvey meals to all passengers, and the free service of a Courier-Nurse.

The one-way chair car fare on the Scout, between Chicago and California, is only \$39.50; round trip, \$65. One-way fare in tourist-Pullman is only \$49.90; round trip, \$74... and the cost of your berth space in a Scout Pullman is only about half that of a Standard Pullman.

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on Chesapeake Bay,
York River, James
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(FROM BALTIMORE)

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3 nights—2 days on Chesapeake Bay,
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Cruises"—R. L. Jones, P.T.M., Flat
10, Light St., Baltimore.

MAKE RESERVATIONS EARLY

OLD BAY LINE

The Federal Diary

By Jerry Klutz

DIARY, from Page 1.

There. "No employee," a spokesman said, "will be transferred to Philadelphia unless he is willing to be transferred. There are plenty of defense jobs here where our people, many of whom have homes and are established here, can get other jobs. The jobs transferred from Washington can be filled easily from our personnel in Delaware, Maryland and Pennsylvania."

An incomplete survey had revealed, the spokesman said, that not a single employee wanted to be transferred to Philadelphia.

However, the Treasury employees would have to go to Philadelphia to protect their eligibility for civil service if the President hadn't signed yesterday's order. Under the terms of a previous Executive order, the 100,000 employees to be brought under the merit system on January 1 by the Rameck Act were "frozen" in their present jobs for the six-month period from July 1 to January 1.

The President's order "unfreezes" the Rameck employees and permits them to be promoted, transferred, or assigned to any civil service position without losing eligibility for status at the end of the year.

These Who Wish May Move

This part of the order was urged by John H. Fahey, chairman of the Home Owners Loan Corporation. HOLC will be moving its 1,100 employees to New York City around September 1, and Fahey desired the "order to allow employees who don't want to make the move to get other jobs here and still be protected for civil service eligibility."

Moreover, the order will permit a Rameck employee who wants to live in New York City to transfer to HOLC and be taken there without losing eligibility for status. The order will affect similarly any other agency that is moved from Washington in the decentralization drive. It will lighten the employee burden by permitting transfers.

Another practical effect of the order will be granting of grade promotions and salary raises to several thousand Rameck employees. It also means that when the uniform promotion plan becomes effective on October 1 that Rameck employees will be eligible for in-grade, administrative raises along with civil service employees. Under the previous Rameck order, all promotions were banned until January 1.

The 10,000 additional employees who will be brought under civil service on January 1 were appointed mainly from the replacement list. They will be given a chance to qualify for merit status through noncompetitive tests and other conditions of the Rameck Act. The employees, however, must have been in their jobs, the order reads, "on June 30, 1941, and on July 1, 1941." Of course, they must be in their jobs on January 1, too.

Order Superseded

The only exceptions are persons who have been appointed to positions at National Youth Administration, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Farm Security Administration, Works Projects Administration, and Tennessee Valley Authority, all of which are noncivil service agencies by law. It is highly probable that persons appointed from the replacement list after July 1 will be brought into the merit system eventually.

The replacement list was established more than a year ago to give persons who didn't have a civil service status and who were separated involuntarily from their jobs in defense agencies. The executive order that set up the replacement list provided that no person could gain civil service status by the appointment but, of course, yesterday's order superseded it.

The order also will bring under civil service several thousand Navy Department employees who were originally hired with WPA and FWA funds and continued in their jobs and paid with regular Navy funds on the order of Congress.

Exempted from the order are temporary employees and employees appointed to defense jobs for the duration of the emergency on the approval of the civil service commission. In the latter classification are hundreds of defense experts and technicians.

Gas Tax Hearing Also to Weigh Paving Levies

Hearings in legislation to increase the District gasoline tax 3 cents a gallon to raise funds for financing the \$44,500,000 highway improvement program have been enlarged to embrace consideration of a companion bill to relieve property owners of payment of one-half street-paving costs. Chairman Jennings Randolph of the House District Committee announced yesterday.

At the same time, Representative Hunter (Democrat), of Ohio, chairman of the Fiscal Affairs Subcommittee considering the legislation, announced that all citizens are invited to attend the hearings, to be resumed at 10 a. m. today.

Spy Scare Plus Heat

A Naval officer lived next door—an Army man on the other side. Awaking one hot night he saw a blinker working outside. Oh, to know the Morse code, and learn the spy message. He called his wife, who took one look. "What an unearthly time to be awakened," she commented, "to look at lightning bugs."

Summer Carnivals Open at Two Churches



Post Staff Photo

Eileen Roche (right), of 210 Sixteenth Street Southeast, sells chances at the candy stand at the Holy Comforter Church carnival, which opened last night on the church school grounds, Fifteenth and East Capitol Streets. Meanwhile, over at Thirteenth and Good Hope Road Southeast, the St. Teresa's Church carnival opened. Taking a turn on the ferris wheel (below) are (left to right) Mary Agnes Thompson, Jean Lynn and Cecilia McCarron.



Post Staff Photo

D. C. Expects Social Security Funds Today

The Commissioners yesterday expected Social Security Board to release today \$66,000 in local relief funds, which have been withheld because of the District's failure to comply with certain Federal requirements for the administration of public welfare.

Funds involved include aid grants to the aged, blind and families with dependent children. The Social Security Board authorized payments to these groups for July, but held up grants for August and September because of the noncompliance, it was learned yesterday.

The issue, it was explained, has been pending for nearly two years. However, it was not brought to the attention of the Commissioners until a few weeks ago and since then a round of conferences have been held in an effort to untangle the situation.

Commissioner John Russell Young said last night the city heads are "seriously considering" a drastic curb on the administrative powers of the Board of Public Welfare as a result of its failure to act on SSB demands for compliance with Federal regulations.

The Federal board meets this morning and since the Commissioners have indicated a move to meet the demands it may authorize Welfare Board July 11 by Oscar M. release of the vital relief monies.

In an "ultimatum" served on the Powell, executive director of the SSB, it was pointed out that among Federal requirements which the local group has failed to meet are rules governing civil service selection of welfare workers and provisions to protect confidential matters of public assistance.

There are two legislative measures now pending in Congress which may "clear the air." One would provide safeguards for confidential welfare matters and the other would bring the local aid-to-dependent children program in line with Federal requirements.

Both bills have passed the House and are pending in the Senate District Committee. They were sent to the Capital about six weeks ago, it was reported.

Expecting release of the funds by the SSB, the Commissioners have instructed Corporation Counsel Keen to study possibilities of making immediate payments from local money without the usual "red tape" delays.

"A review of our conference with respect to the personnel plan of the District indicates that the board has had with your agency with respect to changes necessary in the District's plan to comply with requirements of the Social Security Act."

"These deviations, as you know, are: First, there is no assurance that subsequent to January 1, 1940, employees are being appointed through competitive examinations. And second, no provision has been made for either competitive or qualifying examinations of the type required under the board standards for the large number of employees who were appointed prior to January 1, 1940."

The Commissioners reported yesterday they are now having legislation prepared under which the Civil Service Commission would give the necessary tests.

sent him to the scene of an accident at Queens Chapel Road and Bladenburg Road.

There he found the stolen auto had crashed. The driver had fled into nearby woods, witnesses said. Cooper went in after his man.

He chased him through brooks and thick underbrush, up hill, down hill for 45 minutes. He came out of the woods to see the fugitive disappearing up a steep bank onto Montana Avenue.

Cooper started all over again, cruising in the vicinity. Again he spotted his man, this time at Seventh and T Streets Northwest. And again the man escaped.

A few minutes later he sighted him again at Third and Randolph

Postlude Rapee Conducts Symphony In Concert at Watergate

By Ray C. B. Brown.

Erno Rapee conducts the National Symphony Orchestra on Monday night at the Potomac Watergate. Program: "Lenore" Overture No. 3 (Beethoven), Symphony No. 2 in D major (Brahms), Overture to "Die Fledermaus" (Strauss), Three Czech Dances (Smetana-Brynn), Prelude to "L'Apres-midi d'un Faune" (Debussy), Romanian Rhapsody No. 1 in A major (Enescu).

Seeking the relaxation of music after a scorching day, thousands of citizens found the coolest place in Washington last evening at the Potomac Watergate, where Erno Rapee conducted the National Symphony Orchestra in the ninth summer concert, a downriver breeze brought relief to the vast audience gathered on the steps and terraces facing the prospect of water and wooded hills, and the usual contingent of canoeists flanked the barge on either side. A crescent moon, tinged orange by atmospheric haze, sank slowly toward the west, purring the first part of the concert.

Well remembered here as his guest appearance two summers ago, Erno Rapee was welcomed cordially as he made his way to the podium, and this reception was only a forecast of the applause accorded him during the course of the evening. The verve of his conducting was

This action was taken because of the protracted negotiations which the board has had with your agency with respect to changes necessary in the District's plan to comply with requirements of the Social Security Act.

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The Washington Post

TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1941 15

Hearings Set On FBI Aid To Police

House District Committee Approves Report on Probe Of Department

A Senate subcommittee yesterday scheduled public hearings on two bills to authorize the Federal Bureau of Investigation to intervene in crime detection in Washington. Earlier, the House District Committee, after an hour's executive debate, voted 9 to 2 to approve the report of the Police Investigation Subcommittee and formally file the document with the House and the District Commissioners.

A section of the report condemning the Civil Service Commission for a "hasty effort to influence the opposition of the subcommittee to civil service examinations for police promotions, aroused the ire of Representative Dirksen (Republican), of Illinois, ranking minority member of the committee.

Dirksen carried his attack on the report into the open with a statement that criticism of the commission was "without warrant of necessity." Referring to letters sent the committee by the commission explaining its participation in police examinations, Dirksen declared:

"No evidence was presented . . . from which anyone could reasonably infer that the letters sent by the Civil Service Commission to members of the House District Committee in any way reflected upon or were designed to influence the deliberations or conclusions of the subcommittee."

Dirksen, who with Representative Bates (Republican), of Massachusetts, voted against the report, declared that the document was presented to the full committee without adequate opportunity for study.

"It occurs to me," Dirksen declared, "that a matter of such magnitude, involving recommendations for new legislation and a reorganization of a large Metropolitan police organization, deserves a reasonable amount of study before it is approved."

In addition to the 14 recommendations made public Thursday, the report, as approved, contained additional sections criticizing the courts and condemning spying within the Metropolitan Police Department.

Boys Clubs Praised

The final report also praised the Police Boys Clubs, founded by Maj. J. Edgar Hoover, for their work in the supervision of the Metropolitan Police Department.

Ernest W. Brown recommended the promotion "as an incentive to members of the department that efficient and outstanding service bring recognition."

Slattery will fill the position of precinct detective Alton S. Bradford, who was called to active duty in the Marine Corps July 5.

For his work which resulted in the arrest of Roland Lindsey, 19 Negro, Slattery also received high praise from members of the congressional committee which recently completed its investigation of the Police Department.

Questioned Stranger

A few days prior to the attack on Private Lawrence McCullough, a District selectee stationed at Fort Meade, Md., and his girl companion, Slattery had questioned Lindsey as a "stranger" on his beat. He later recognized the youth's description and Lindsey was apprehended.

In another police promotion, Private Henry H. Hedin, of the First Precinct, was given the temporary rank of sergeant to replace Sgt. Paul Sullivan, also called to duty with the Marine Corps. He will restore to the rank of private when Sullivan returns.

In the Fire Department, Battalion Chief G. W. Smith, was ordered required because of physical disability. He had served in the department since 1908.

Lieut. Davidson Retired

The retirement of Lieut. J. H. Davidson, a member of the Fire Department since 1905, also was ordered because of physical disability.

Additional changes in the Fire Department ordered by the Commissioners were:

The promotions of Capt. J. L. McFarland to captain, Sgt. C. E. McFarland to lieutenant, Private J. C. Barnes to sergeant, Sgt. B. J. Harris to lieutenant and Private H. A. Strick to sergeant.

Privates I. J. Bradekamp and Nels Mortensen were granted additional compensation of \$5 a month in recognition of "outstanding efficiency."

'Token of Our Appreciation'



FORMER CLERKS HONOR FORMER CHIEF—LeVerne Beales, former chief of the Census Bureau's now extinct Division of Territorial, Insular and Foreign Statistics, was honored last night at a dinner staged by former employees of the division at Wesley Hall, Seventeenth and K Streets Northwest. Here, Mrs. Margaret Strahorn (left), Beales' former assistant, presents to her former chief a scroll signed by the workers, which read in part, "a token of our appreciation of the months spent together in the Bureau of the Census." Mrs. Beales (right) watched the proceedings with admiration.

Policeman Is Promoted For Alertness

Policeman Daniel J. Slattery, of the Twelfth Precinct whose old-fashioned police work led to the arrest last week of a man wanted for attacking an 18-year-old girl and assaulting her soldier-escort, yesterday was promoted to a precinct detective by order of the Commissioners.

Maj. Ernest W. Brown recommended the promotion "as an incentive to members of the department that efficient and outstanding service bring recognition."

Slattery will fill the position of precinct detective Alton S. Bradford, who was called to active duty in the Marine Corps July 5.

For his work which resulted in the arrest of Roland Lindsey, 19 Negro, Slattery also received high praise from members of the congressional committee which recently completed its investigation of the Police Department.

Questioned Stranger

A few days prior to the attack on Private Lawrence McCullough, a District selectee stationed at Fort Meade, Md., and his girl companion, Slattery had questioned Lindsey as a "stranger" on his beat. He later recognized the youth's description and Lindsey was apprehended.

In another police promotion, Private Henry H. Hedin, of the First Precinct, was given the temporary rank of sergeant to replace Sgt. Paul Sullivan, also called to duty with the Marine Corps. He will restore to the rank of private when Sullivan returns.

In the Fire Department, Battalion Chief G. W. Smith, was ordered required because of physical disability. He had served in the department since 1908.

Lieut. Davidson Retired

The retirement of Lieut. J. H. Davidson, a member of the Fire Department since 1905, also was ordered because of physical disability.

Additional changes in the Fire Department ordered by the Commissioners were:

The promotions of Capt. J. L. McFarland to captain, Sgt. C. E. McFarland to lieutenant, Private J. C. Barnes to sergeant, Sgt. B. J. Harris to lieutenant and Private H. A. Strick to sergeant.

Privates I. J. Bradekamp and Nels Mortensen were granted additional compensation of \$5 a month in recognition of "outstanding efficiency."

The Old College Spirit

Britain's "V" for Victory campaign swept up to the front doorstep of the Italian Embassy here yesterday, when attaches discovered that two "V's" had been painted on each side of the main entrance sometime Sunday night. They had the four red and black letters, one of them 2 1/2 feet high, quickly washed off, and suggested that they might have been the work of a naughty child.

Randolph Has Change In Court Bill

District Committee Chairman to Offer Amendments as Suggested by Lawyer

Chairman Jennings Randolph of the House District Committee, sponsor of a bill to merge the District's police and Municipal Courts, yesterday introduced a second court measure modifying the first proposal.

The second bill would strip the chief judge of administrative powers over the combined courts given him by the original measure, which has the backing of the Department of Justice. It also would eliminate the Intermediate Appeals Court proposed by the first bill, and would fix the salaries of all judges at \$8,000 a year. The original proposal was to pay the chief judge \$8,500.

Randolph declared that his action was not to be interpreted as an indication of his preference for one measure against the other, but that he wanted the Judiciary subcommittee to have both bills before it when it resumes hearings on the merger proposal at 10 a. m. today.

Randolph said the changes were suggested to him by a leading attorney in whom he had "great faith" but whose name he declined to disclose at the man's request.

To give one man control of the new court, which the second bill would name City Court rather than Municipal Court, as proposed originally, might lead to "ill-feeling and discontent," Ralph suggested. The new bill, he pointed out, would leave appointment of clerks and appointment of court business to the vote of the nine judges.

It was suggested to him, Randolph said, that creation of an intermediate appellate court might involve "needless expenses, slow up justice and invite delay." It was the belief of the unnamed advocate of the changes that there should be only one appellate tribunal in any court jurisdiction.

The original bill was agreed upon by a conference of District, municipal and police judges and representatives of the District Bar Association and the Justice Department. The conference was headed by Associate Justice Justin Miller of the Court of Appeals.

Confession Is Good For His Pocketbook

The prisoner had just approached the bench of Police Court Judge Robert Neuman. He was charged with playing dice. "Were you playing," the jurist queried.

"Yes, your honor," replied the man, which is an admission under difficult to obtain in these cases.

"Did you win or lose?" was Judge Neuman's second question. "I lost," replied the prisoner. "Five dollars." It could have meant a stiffer penalty but the judge apparently sympathized with the loser.

When it's too hot for words



Composer Will Play at Starlight Concert Tonight

Appearing with the Gordon String Quartet at Meridian Hill Park tonight will be Robert McBride, young composer, whose "Wise Apple Five: A Quintet of Today," will be featured on the Starlight Chamber Music program. The composer will play the clarinet, the fifth instrument for which the quintet is scored.

McBride is a member of the composer-player group which will shortly tour South America under the auspices of the Composers League of America.

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This Morning

With Shirley Povich

TAGGING SOME OF THE BASES:

There is no joy in Flatbush, what with the Dodgers having been licked in seven of their last night games. Two weeks ago, the Dodgers held a four-game lead over the Cardinals. They blew that margin and are now two full games in the rear of the Cards. Their pennant hopes were probably buried on this Western trip. As Stan Frank says, it is no longer a question whether the Dodgers will come home in first place; the chief concern is will they come home at all, knowing Brooklyn fans as they do.

Here in Washington, the Dodgers never were conceded much of a pennant chance—on the theory that any team with Jimmy Wasdell playing first base could not win the pennant. Another reason Brooklyn probably won't win the pennant is because the Cardinals have no less than seven 300 hitters to the Dodgers' three. The Dodgers were doing very well as long as their pitching held up, but with Whitlow Wyatt and Kirby Higbe being smacked around the Dodgers aren't formidable.

If the Dodgers finish anywhere but first, the chances are they'll have a new manager next season. General Manager Larry McPhail will be forced to abide Team Manager Leo Durocher if the Dodgers win the pennant, but there is a great lack of affection there and the loss of the flag will be excuse enough for McPhail to fire Durocher. In fact, it will probably be a pleasure.

Meantime the Pittsburgh Pirates are threatening to nudge the Dodgers out of second place. Ordinarily, the Pirates don't begin to move until the last month of the season when Frankie Frisch's job is usually in great jeopardy, but this year they are joining the leaders in July. The Pirates have won 9 of their last 11, have just slapped down the Dodgers three out of four, and are now only seven and a half games behind a backsliding Brooklyn club.

Yankees Have Comfortable Margin

In the American League, a team called the Yankees seems to be doing very well. They failed to win more than nine in a row when they lost the second game of a double-header to the White Sox Sunday, but there probably isn't any panic in the Yankees' camp. They have an 11½-game lead in a league that doesn't contain another good ball club and the Yanks will have to set a new slumping record to muffle the pennant.

Their runaway race doesn't seem to hurt the Yankees' gate receipts any. There were \$2,304 in the park for the double-header with Chicago. Neither is Joe DiMaggio a drawback at the gate. He has hit safely in 66 of his last 67 games, and is on another consecutive-game hitting streak that has already reached ten straight. The other day he struck out for the first time since June 8.

The Red Sox continue to have a horrible time of it. They have been ten five times this season by pitchers who couldn't win for the Sox last year. Dennis Galehouse and Jim Bagby have been licking the Boston club consistently, and the other day the Indians trotted out old Joe Heving, a former Boston pitcher, and watched him shut the Red Sox out with four hits.

This might be the season when the Athletics will finish in the first division, and that would be the chief upset of the American League season. The A's, in fact, are tied for fourth place with the White Sox, are only four games out of first place and eight games behind second. Connie Mack has the hardest-hitting club in the league with the exception of the Red Sox and the Yankees. Sam Chapman, Dick Siebert, Bob Johnson, Benny McCoy, Frank Hayes and Wally Moses are a batting order that might have won the pennant for Cleveland.

Tigers Have Missed Greenberg

The Tigers, of course, are shot. They're buried in sixth place only five games ahead of the Nats, and could finish seventh, or eighth. They're learning this year what a help Hank Greenberg used to be, and they sort of miss Charley Gehringer. The Tigers have lost eight of their last nine games and Del Baker faces the biggest rebuilding job in the league.

The individual batting championship race is about all that's left to the American League in point of high interest. It has boiled down to Joe DiMaggio and Cecil Travis, what with Jeff Heath, of the Indians, and Roy Cullenbine, of the Browns, having fallen off the pace.

The league batting championship is something more than honorary. The champion goes a \$500 award from the league treasury. For Williams, with his phenomenal .408 average must be rated the favorite, but he has gone to bat 117 fewer times than DiMaggio and his average could shrink faster on his hitless days. DiMaggio is maintaining a clever .378 and is certainly a solid entry in any batting race. But Travis is only one point behind DiMaggio's, and the fact is that he, too, could win the title. From here in it ought to be fun.

On the Line

With CONSIDINE

Portrait of Saratoga, 1941 A. D.

New York, July 28.—There has been a lot of preast-beating and lackaday in the public prints of late over the passing of the old, old Saratoga. We're too much of a green pea to know about that, though we have the proper respect for any elder who shook the hand that shook the hand of "Bet a Million" Gates. Be that as it may, here's what the 1941 Saratoga is like.

It's about the hottest place in the United States, and that's because it sits, like most of its seasonal inmates, in a depression. It is a leafy place, alive with vile but healthful mineral waters in which about 1 percent of the August population indulges. The prices are high, the drinks are short, the favorites cold, the tips hot.

An almost unheard-of victory for a Saratoga horse player is to make expenses. For if he beats the gee-gees in the afternoon at the old galloping grounds he'll lose successive decisions later in the play to his hotel, his bar, his caddy, his dinner club, his old lady (or his young one), and/or his session at one of the furtive dice parlors that open and close like a night watchman's eyelids.

The Upper Crust Is Still on Hand

Fancy people still go to Saratoga. In some sections of the clubhouse you still can throw a rock without hitting a Whitney. But it is a diminishing turf nobility. It is inclined to come for weekends now, whereas its comfortably paunchy ancestors came for the season.

When the revolution comes, ready, this brave little band of those who have been tested and approved by the Archibald Butt of his day, Barclay Beekman, the owner man's Cholly Knickerbocker, will be found at the Sunday afternoon buffets given by George H. Bull. Mr. Bull is president of the track. He is a round little soul who gives a perpetual impression of looking something slightly offensive to his nostrils. But, at heart, he is a good ready to stake a busted expert with a sawbuck. The more garrulous section of the New York Turfwriters Association will always have a soft spot in its collective head for Mr. Bull for restoring to good standing in the clubhouse a group of belles from a Saratoga charm foundry, earlier barred for one reason or another by stuffy reactionaries.

Several Thousand Guys Named Joe

But the bulk of Saratoga's patronage is a Broadway type of bloke with a dazzling wife or girl, sometimes pretty. His name is Moe or Joe, but from the corrugation of his damp forehead it is apparent he doesn't always get the dough. He gets up at 11 a. m., pulls a racing form from under the pillow of his Civil War bed, wheezes into the bathroom, puts on his slacks and yesterday's rayon polo-shirt and clumps downstairs to get his coffee. He walks slowly down the village's one main street, with its deep gutters, his stomach bobbing in time, and waits his turn in the whitewashed barber shop.

Shaven, slicked up, he walks slowly back to his wide-porch hotel, studying his form, and finds his favorite rocker. He rocks, dopes 'em and talks to men who look exactly like him until it is time to take a cab ride to the track. The Whirlaways, Big Pebbles, Molands and Tangled mean nothing to him. The price he can get is what counts with Moe, or Joe.

The food at the big, rambling clubs on the edge of the town is as good as you'll find anywhere in the country. One of the great American escotters, the late, great George Lamaze, set the pace and the others held it well. No matter how much of a poor man's game the mutuels make of the so-called sport of kings, the brand of food that once made a gourmand out of Jim Brady perseveres for the delectation of today's calory-conscious gourmets. The floor shows at these clubs are elegant, too, as is the music. The prices aren't as steep as you'd

See CONSIDINE, Page 15, Col. 1

Amphitheatre and Roman Win Saratoga Features

Walper Edged Out for Bedford Open Title

Can You Guess the Winning Jockey?



Jockeys in Saratoga's second race yesterday received a mud bath. Left to right—Basil James, Alfred Robertson, who rode the winner, Porter's Gift, and Ruperto Dgonso. Yesterday's card opened a month of racing at the up-State New York track.

Amphitheatre, Roman Score At Saratoga

By the Associated Press

Saratoga Springs, N. Y., July 28.—Rain spoiled opening day at the Nation's oldest race course today as Mrs. Charles S. Payson's Amphitheatre romped to an easy victory in the \$4,500 Flash Stakes before a sparse gathering of 6,267.

Five of America's top two-year-olds performed in the day's feature attraction, marked by a new low for betting at a New York race track under the pari-mutuel system—\$252.386.

Amphitheatre, under the veteran Don Meade who scored a triple for his day's work, broke in third place, moved into the lead in the stretch run and came on to win the \$5,150 top money by three lengths from John Hay Whitney's Buster. The Milliside Stable's Gray Dream was third, six lengths farther back.

Roman Also Scores

In the co-feature, Joseph E. Wheeler's Roman scored his third straight triumph by winning \$3,200 top money in the American Legion Handicap. Roman was hard-pressed to win by a head from Victor Emanuel's Omission, the rail-runner of the field, with John Hay Whitney's Gramps finishing third, three lengths away.

Amphitheatre sloped through the mud for five and a half furlongs in 1:06 1/8 to reward his backers with \$3,600 to \$2 to win. Roman, also ridden by Meade, went the seven sloppily furlongs in 1:25 flat to pay \$6.10 in the mutuels. Meade also won the third race aboard the favored Dini.

The rain, which began late last night and continued through the morning, stopped a few minutes before the first race. By then it had turned the track into a sea of mud, and it kept the crowd down to the smallest to attend a Saratoga opening in years.

Zuber to Face Indians Today At Ball Park

Bill Zuber goes to the mound for the Nats today against his old pals, the Cleveland Indians, who come to a three-game series at Griffith Stadium.

During his three years as a member of the Indians, Zuber started only one game but he has come to be something of a fixture on Bucky Harris' pitching staff.

As usual, the Nats are maintaining a fast Grif Stadium pace. Since returning from their ill-starred Western trip, they have won five of seven games on the home lot.

Tomorrow night ball here will reach something of an apex when the Nats face the Indians under the lights with Bob Feller pitching for Cleveland. Traditional pitching opposition of Feller, will be on the mound for the Nats. All seats for the night game are reserved with tickets on sale throughout the day at Griffith Stadium.

Diffenbaugh Ties With Two Others In York Tourney

Special Dispatch to The Post

York, Pa., July 28.—George Diffenbaugh, Kenwood Club, of Washington; Gene Kunes, of Philadelphia; and Tom O'Connor, of York, Pa., finished in a three-way deadlock in the one-day York tournament over the Country Club of York course here today.

The trio posted 71 totals. Diffenbaugh carded 36-35-71. Kunes posted 37-34-71, and O'Connor had 36-35-71.

Kunes and John Markle paired to tie for Felix Sarafin and Ed Gonsky for pro-amateur honors. Kunes and Markle scored a 35-32-67, and Gonsky and Sarafin had 34-33-67.

Amateur Pro George Diffenbaugh and Maury Fitzgerald (Kenwood) 34-33-69. Set Collins and Ray Seearings (Columbia C. C.) 34-33-71.

Wirtz Cox (Congressional) and Volney Burnett (Indian Springs) 35-36-71. Log Worsham and John Brooks (Burnside) 36-36-72.

Paul Bolten (Bradley Hills) and George Vass, Jr. (Kenwood) 35-36-71. Fred McLeod and Neil Norman (Columbia) 41-36-77.

Individual Pro Scores: Diffenbaugh 36-35-71. Kunes 37-34-71. O'Connor 36-35-71. Markle 35-32-67. Gonsky 34-33-67. Sarafin 34-33-67. Fitzgerald 34-33-69. Collins 34-33-71. Seearings 34-33-71. Cox 35-36-71. Burnett 35-36-71. Worsham 36-36-72. Brooks 36-36-72. Bolten 35-36-71. Vass 35-36-71. McLeod 41-36-77. Norman 41-36-77.

Zivic Fight Is Postponed Until Tonight

By International News Service

Newark, N. J., July 28.—Threatening weather today caused postponement of the Fritz Zivic-Freddy (Red) Cochrane 15-round welterweight title fight scheduled for tonight and the titleholder from Pittsburgh will take on Jersey's red-headed hope tomorrow night in Ruppert Stadium.

At the weigh-in today, Zivic scaled 145 and Cochrane 142½, both being well under the division limit of 147 pounds.

Promoters Babe Culnan and Willie Gilzenberg expected a crowd of 10,000 to pay in about \$20,000 to witness the tussle. Promoter Mike Jacobs will share in the receipts, as he holds a contract with Zivic. Cochrane, a pleasing and willing club fighter who has made few appearances on the big time, was a 4-to-1 underdog in the wagering and most bookies expected Zivic to score a knockout inside of 10 rounds.

The Majors

American League

Standings of the Teams	W.	L.	Pct.	G.B.
New York	45	29	.601	—
Cleveland	41	33	.556	11½
Boston	40	34	.537	15½
Chicago	40	34	.537	15½
Philadelphia	40	34	.537	15½
Detroit	40	34	.537	15½
WASHINGTON	36	38	.483	27½
St. Louis	36	38	.483	27½

Yesterday's Results

(No games scheduled).

Games Today

Cleveland at WASHINGTON. Smith (7-1) vs. Zuber (1-1). Chicago at Philadelphia. Ross (1-0) vs. Beckman (2-0) or Harris (3-1).

Detroit at New York. Newhouse (5-8) vs. Harris (9-0).

National League

Standings of the Teams

Standings of the Teams	W.	L.	Pct.	G.B.
St. Louis	41	33	.556	—
Brooklyn	40	34	.537	1½
Pittsburgh	40	34	.537	1½
Cincinnati	40	34	.537	1½
New York	40	34	.537	1½
Chicago	40	34	.537	1½
Boston	37	37	.493	22½
Philadelphia	37	37	.493	22½

Yesterday's Results

(No games scheduled).

Games Today

Philadelphia at Chicago. Pearson (2-8) vs. Lee (7-12). New York at Cincinnati. Schumacher (6-8) vs. Riddle (11-1).

Brooklyn at St. Louis. Hamilton (4-4) vs. Warneke (12-5) or Lanier (7-1).

Boston at Pittsburgh. Javery (6-3) vs. Sullivan (4-3).

Another 'Gas House Gang'

By the Associated Press

Pittsburgh, July 28.—Frankie Frisch's brand of "win or die trying" baseball has made the Pittsburgh Pirates a bunch of eat 'em alive guys full of the fight and fury which characterized the fabulous St. Louis Cardinals' "gas house gang." Frankie once boasted, "Speed, hustle and fight, that's what I want on my ball club," snapped the old Fordham Flash when asked today to explain the Buccos' sudden rise to rating as "the hottest team in the National League."

They are the same ingredients which made the "gas house gang" and the elixir has transformed the Buccos from a meek gang of second divisioners into a fire-eating crew with a record of 23 victories in their last 31 starts.

"I won't have any player logging down to first on a pop fly," declared Frankie. "My club is young and it is fast. Right now that speed and hustle—plus a

never quit spirit—is paying off." The Buccos' new fighting spirit was best exemplified in the recent Brooklyn series. The Pirates had scored to give the point-scorer Brooks their lumps, claiming a

Ben Zola, seagled No. 2, defeated Joe Hall, No. 4, in the Garfield Playground's tenth annual tennis tournament yesterday, 6-4, 7-5. In today's play, Pete Finerman meets Bill Morgan at 3 o'clock.

Ben Zola Wins

By the Associated Press

Ben Zola, seagled No. 2, defeated Joe Hall, No. 4, in the Garfield Playground's tenth annual tennis tournament yesterday, 6-4, 7-5. In today's play, Pete Finerman meets Bill Morgan at 3 o'clock.

Old Fordham Flash Instills Plenty Fight And Hustle In Boys

By the Associated Press

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Jimmy Webb Knocked Out By Mose Brown

By the Associated Press

Pittsburgh, July 28.—Jimmy Webb, of Houston, Tex., tentatively scheduled to meet Gus Lesnevich for the world's light heavyweight title, was knocked out by Mose Brown in the second round of a scheduled ten-round bout by a relatively unknown Negro slugger, Mose Brown, of McKeesport, Pa.

Brown, weighing 170 pounds, one-half a pound more than the Texan, floored Webb twice in the first round and spun him to the canvas unconscious with a smashing right punch to the chin in the second round. He was counted out 59 seconds after the round started.

Webb signed for the bout over the protests of promoter Mike Jacobs, of New York. His manager, Chris Dundee, said Brown had agreed to meet Webb again August 18. It was the first knockout Webb has suffered in the ring. Brown, who has fought chiefly as a middleweight, was outpointed here some time ago by Ken Overlin, the former middleweight champion. Webb was a 6-to-1 favorite to win tonight.

Babich, G. W. Ace, Will Not Join Redskins

By the Associated Press

Sam Babich, star back on the George Washington University football team last season, will not join up with the Washington Redskins, it was announced yesterday.

The fight attracted a crowd that paid \$3,200.

Jim Reishay, former Georgetown center, is another graduate of local college football who will not play with the Redskins after having signed a Redskins contract. Reishay has suffered a recurrence of an old leg injury and has deemed it inadvisable to play this season.

Bob Seymour, who is expected to do much of the ball carrying for the Redskins this coming season, has agreed to terms, making 40 players signed to date.

Seymour, third leading ground gainer of the Redskins last season, averaged 3 yards per try. He also scored four touchdowns and was fourth leading scorer. Dick Todd and Jimmy Johnston led Seymour both in scoring and ground gaining. Bob Masterson, due to his field goal and extra point kicking, edged Seymour out for third placing in scoring.

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Mike Pavella Is Winner, Carding 139

By the Associated Press

Bedford, Pa., July 28.—Leo Walper's two over par finish for the last three holes cost him the Bedford Open championship here today as Mike Pavella, a 25-year-old professional from Waynesburg, Pa., slipped in ahead of the Washington driving range mentor with a 46-hole total of 139.

Walper, whose clip shot grazed the cup on the thirty-sixth hole here last year to miss tying Al Houghton for the title, was one of the early starters today in the field of 60 and coming down the stretch over the Bedford Springs layout he looked like a winner.

Walper was three under par for the afternoon playing the eighteenth hole, a polarized birdie number but he wound up by three putting for a six and losing a previous stroke. He parred the short seventh but on the eighteenth his sand-wedge approach shot bounded over the green into a trap and he failed to get down in two more for another bogey and a one under par 70.

Pavella, a three-time National Open qualifier who has built on the order of Benji Hogan, pounded out consistently played rounds of 70 and 69, three under par, to top Walper's 71, 70—141 by two shots for the \$100 first prize.

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Col. Foster's Funeral to Be In Arlington

Charles L. Foster, 68, former president of the American College of Surgeons, died at the Walter Reed Hospital Saturday, will be held tomorrow at 10 a. m., in Arlington Cemetery.

Col. Foster, in recent years a resident of New Orleans, entered the Army in 1915. He was promoted, after a year's illness, to Army physician for more than 30 years, he retired six years ago.

He served in the Philippines in 1905 as first lieutenant and rose to colonel in 1923. During the First World War he received the Mexican Border Service Medal, a citation for conspicuous and meritorious service in the A. E. F. and a Distinguished Service Medal in 1924.

Col. Foster was a member of the First Division Association, the American Public Health Association, the Association of Military Surgeons, the American College of Surgeons, the Companion Military Order of the Purple Heart, the Washington Army and Navy Club.

He was born in Stockville, Miss., and was a graduate of Mississippi College, George Washington University and the Army Medical School. In later years, he took courses at Harvard University and the Institute of Technology.

Col. Foster leaves a daughter,

mento, Calif., and a sister, Mrs. Mattie F. Lott, of Wilmington, De.

Bring Your Glass

London (#7).—There is a shortage of bottled beer but plenty of draught, and some hotel men are considering asking customers to bring their own glasses because of a shortage.

The WEATHER



the District of Columbia—Consider-
diness, continued warm and humid
mornings, thundershowers and
Tuesday afternoon; moderate tem-
Tuesday night; Wednesday mostly
with likelihood of occasional
gentle to moderate shifting
becoming northerly Tuesday.
Maryland—Considerable cloudiness
and showers and thunderstorms
Tuesday afternoon and

Wednesday mostly cloudy with likelihood of occasional showers.
Thurs. mainly clear, pleasant, con-
form and humid Tuesday morning
by local showers and thunder-
storms. Tuesday night and Wed-
nesday mostly cloudy with likelihood
of occasional showers.
Conditions
Principal feature on tonight's
map is the development of a
zone of moderate intensity over
the South and Southeast. This
feature is causing a rise in the
pressure 102.7 millibars (29.61
inches) at Hartford, Conn. This distur-
bance is causing a rise in the
pressure over the Northeastern States. This
zone is apparently moving south-
ward and it is likely to bring cooler
weather to the North and Northeast
which is now in the hands of the
South. Abnormally high tempera-
tures registered this afternoon from
Hartford to New York.

Tyndall, S. Dak., 1006.8 mill-
9.73 inches). Pressure remains
from the Gulf of Mexico and the

[illegible]

Os.....	90	73	84	
Cty. N. J.....	96	75	72	1.10
re, Md.....	104	78	82	
ham, Ala.....	88	72	85	0.10
k, N. Dak.....	100	70	84	
Mass.....	68	63	61	0.66
N. Y.....	67	73	74	0.20
Mont.....	76	47	54	0.42
s, Wyo.....	88	55	84	0.07

Pa.	100	77	93	***
Pr. C.	100	77	93	***
Ch. Ohio.	95	79	74	0.13
Colo.	94	79	74	0.13
Conn.	92	60	69	0.57
Ill.	92	60	69	0.57
Ind. Now.	91	79	90	0.11
Mass.	89	79	90	0.11
Mich.	85	68	79	***
N. Mex.	85	79	90	0.11
N. York	85	79	90	0.11
N. Car.	80	79	90	0.11
N. Dak.	73	87	88	0.04
N. Hamp.	73	87	88	0.04
N. J.	73	87	88	0.04
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N. J.	73	87	88	0.04
N. Mex.	73	87	88	0.04
N. York	73	87	88	0.04
N. Car.	73	87	88	0.04
N. Dak.	73	87	88	0.04
N. Hamp.	73	87		



22

Automobiles

Automobiles

-1936 2-Door: Blue original passenger sedan; heater at covers; perfect interior; \$5 cash. RM. 4856.

-'39 De Luxe 4-Dr. Tr. Sedan dove gray finish. Very good \$23.

LEAHY, JR., & BROS.
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-1936 four-door Trunk Sedan in fine mechanical shape throughout and ready to

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green finish. Radio. \$495.
LEARY, JR., & BROS.
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1937 model, suitable for
 measure: reduced to \$345.
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blue finish like new; equ
to and climatizer. Car a
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1937 four-door Sedan. The most economical full-size. Thoroughly CHERNER guaranteed for your safety. This is a real bargain at \$18.30 per month. CHERNER MOTOR CO. Florida Ave. N.W. HOBART 50
1938, four-door sedan. Equipped. A very clean car. That is the most economical.

This full-size car on the market.
 This car has had only three
 owners and reflects it in
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 in, no beat.
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owner, white
tires, equip-
with radio, 2-
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Sedan. Excellent

Graham Cavalier **\$275**
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Ford Tudor Se- **\$225**

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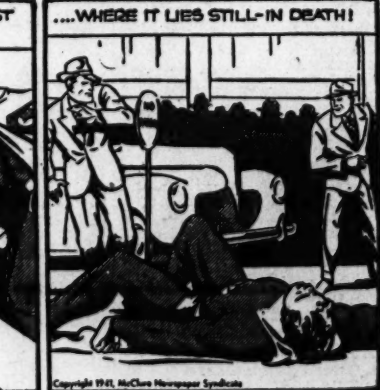
BY CLIFFORD McBRIDE



BY MONTE BARRETT AND RUSSELL ROSS



BY JERRY SIEGEL AND JOE SHUSTER



By Lichty

Listen
with Glynn

So that you won't miss the stars don't take part in minutes on the all chronology of the



"The club feels that the tour wouldn't be complete without seeing the sabotage workers, too!"

By Edwin Cox

IN THEIR OWN PRIVATE
GARDEN PLOT THE YOUNG,
ENGLISH PRINCESSES,
ELIZABETH AND
MARGARET ROSE, ARE
WORKING HARDER THAN EVER
THIS SUMMER, TO RAISE A
BUMPER CROP OF WHAT HAS
BECOME BRITAIN'S MOST
PRECIOUS EDIBLE
—THE LOWLY ONION!



TAIL-LESS GLADIATOR

FIGHTER LEW JENKINS HEARD OF A MANX CAT THAT HAD LICKED ALL CORNERS IN THE ALLEY POPULATION OF A SOUTHERN CITY. LEW LOOKED UP THE OWNER, BOUGHT THE BEAST, MADE HIM HIS INSEPARABLE PET AND MASCOT.

7:30, WWDC—Aubrey Williams of the NYA talks of that organization's work in national defense.

8:15, WINX—How's your handwriting? Your Hidden Self lies there says Graphologist B. J. Thompson.

[illegible]

So that you won't think that ra

The People," which you hear on WJSV every Tuesday night.

He remembered vaguely that he had been in the neighborhood, but he had no shoes, until he met another man who had no footgear. So he consulted all the books in the library, and found the following quotations. It wasn't there. He called the New York Public Library and was told that the book was not there. He then called John Kieran, of the New York Times. We hate to confess this, but Kieran didn't know either. He suggested Henry Seidel Canby as the author and critic. Canby did not know. So Canby referred Merced to the Boston office of the New York Times Book Review. And just as the book that perseverance paid for was about to be sent to Miss Buell came through. The poem comes from the book, "Gullistan," the ancient Persian story of the adventures of the Caliph Harun al-Rashid had to find out who published it. It had to call people in to Vermont to find out who published it. Albany, N. Y., to find that it was owned by the Sunshine Press, Ltd., which he then called to get to the publisher. The book was published. The reading, incidentally, took two seconds.

9:00—Fran Oros	1:30—Torch Events	8:00—Newspapers	7:15—Lee Highway News
9:00—Lost, Strayed, Gleaned	1:45—Consoletas	8:00—Tack Tack Burns Associated Press News at five minutes past the hour throughout the day	7:30—Aubrey Williams
9:30—All Time	2:00—News Interim	8:00—Ed Barnett	7:45—The Swinging Rhythm
9:45—Favorite Rhythms	2:15—News Roundup	8:00—Ed Barnett	8:00—Marjorie Vogel
10:00—Music	2:30—House of McCreary	8:00—Ed Barnett	8:15—Ruth Brown
10:15—Parents Only Human	2:45—News Roundup	8:00—Ed Barnett	8:30—D. C. Defense Council
10:30—Maiden	3:00—News: Red Cross	8:00—Ed Barnett	8:45—Ruth Brown
10:45—The Happiness	3:00—WNXN 13 Club	8:00—Ed Barnett	9:00—Round Table
11:00—News: Music Ads	3:15—WNXN 13 Club	8:00—Ed Barnett	9:00—WNDC Presents
11:15—News: Music Ads	3:30—News: A. P. O. C.	8:00—Ed Barnett	10:00—Ed Barnett
11:30—Traffic Court	3:45—News: A. P. O. C.	8:00—Ed Barnett	10:30—WNDC Presents
11:45—Marching Along	4:00—News: A. P. O. C.	8:00—Ed Barnett	10:45—WNDC Presents
12:00—News: A. P. O. C.	4:15—Hitler Porch	8:00—Ed Barnett	11:00—WNDC Presents
12:20—Matinee Melodies	4:30—WNDC 1450KC	8:00—Ed Barnett	11:15—WNDC Presents
12:30—Poovy and His Boys		8:00—Ed Barnett	11:30—WNDC Presents
		8:00—Ed Barnett	11:45—WNDC Presents
		8:00—Ed Barnett	12:00—WNDC Presents
		8:00—Ed Barnett	12:15—WNDC Presents
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		8:00—Ed Barnett	6:45—WNDC Presents
		8:00—Ed Barnett	7:00—WNDC Presents
		8:00—Ed Barnett	7:15—WNDC Presents
		8:00—Ed Barnett	7:30—WNDC Presents
		8:00—	

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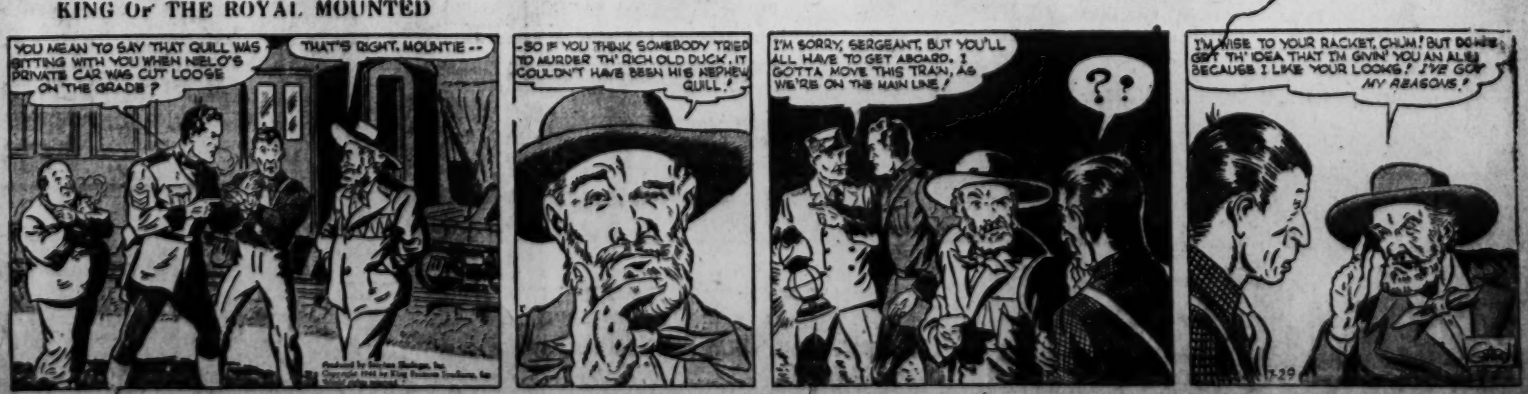
BY THREE MONTHS



BY SAUNDERS AND WOGGON



7-11



Vanderbilt Heirs Typical of a Trend

Vanderbilts Won't Follow Parents' Lead

This is the second article of a series about how social mainstays are streamlining the motto, "You Can't Take It With You," to meet a new trend.

By Lucz Robb

International News Service Staff Writer

New York, July 28.—Home is where the hat is to the younger generation of the rich and ritzy throughout America. It does not want to be burdened by unwieldy possessions that render it immobile in a world moving at a tempo calculated to make a whirling dervish dizzy.

At the time that the late Tomte Oelrichs' \$2,000,000 white marble palace in Newport was knocked down at auction to Torch Singer Gertrude Niesen for \$21,000, thousands of New York's hot polloi were paying \$1 a head for a peek at the alleged grandeur of the Cornelius Vanderbilt home at 640 Fifth Avenue.

Way of All Such Mansions

If Newport has heretofore been the Gibraltar of American society, certainly the Cornelius Vanderbilt home on the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue at Fifty-first Street has long been its holy of holies. From this huge, brownstone house covering half a block, Mrs. Vanderbilt has ruled as the queen of the New York-Newport crowd for a generation. Here she entertained kings and potentates, princes and politicians, the great and near-great of international society.

But No. 640 Fifth Avenue is going the way of all such mansions. Before long it is to be torn down, and in place of its great private ballroom, its salons, its tremendous dining room, its huge parlors, three stories high, its picture gallery, its morning room, and its plush and gilt will rise another commercial skyscraper.

Society, at a great subscription ball for the United Service Organizations fund, bade farewell to the Vanderbilt mansion at \$25 per. The public, admitted for the first time a month later, said its hail and farewell at a dollar each, also for the USO.

Following the Trend

The sale of the Vanderbilt house to the English branch of the Astor family is an almost classic illustration of at least two of the three cardinal factors responsible for the present, widespread streamlined social trend.

1. Ever increasing and multiple taxation on real property throughout the nation.

2. The determination of heirs not to be burdened either with the expense or responsibility of such possessions representing a way of life they actively dislike.

3. The servant problem, curse of womankind ever since Eve looked around the Garden of Eden for someone to dust and tidy up.

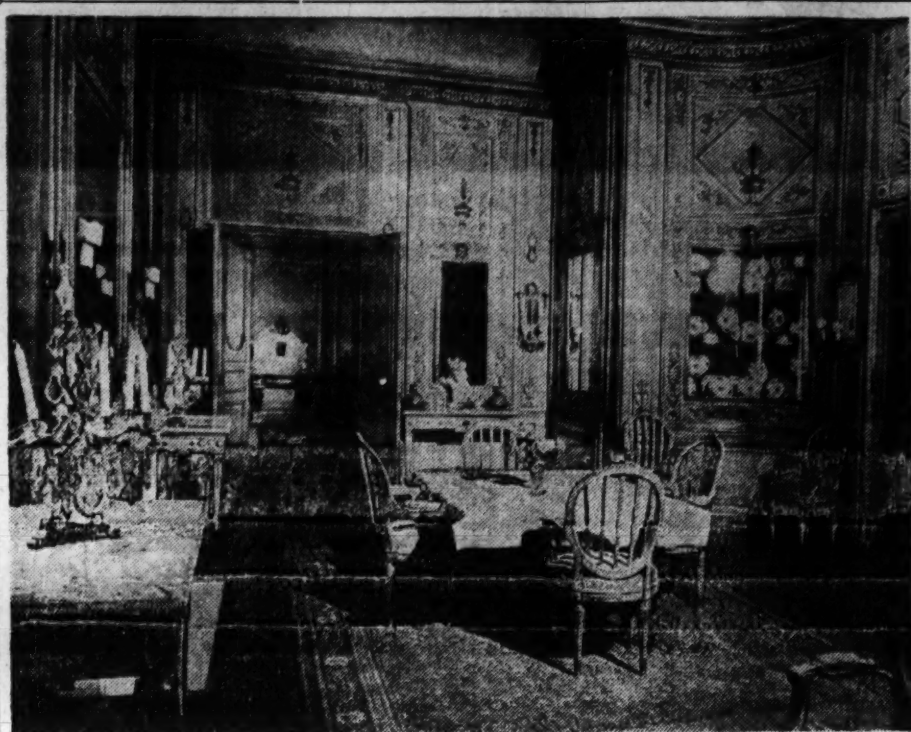
Hostesses can no longer assemble the needed perfect servants in army-like numbers for either love or money.

But it is no secret that the taxes on No. 640 Fifth Avenue were several times more each and every day of the year than the average American family pays monthly for rent. The annual tax bill based on an assessed value of \$2,400,000 is certainly more than the average American family can ever hope to accumulate in a lifetime.

Even for a Vanderbilt, this is stiff stuff! Furthermore, this tax represented the figure on but one home. The Vanderbilts taxes on Beaulieu, their Newport home, are proportionately high.

Children in Revolt

The Vanderbilts can rent the most luxurious unfurnished apartment or



SALE OF MANSION MARKS CHANGING ERA—This is one of the rooms in the Vanderbilt mansion in New York, which was recently sold because heirs to the estate were reluctant to pay for its maintenance

house in New York City for a fraction of their annual tax bill on No. 640, which is adjacent to Rockefeller Center.

But even had they been willing to continue payment of such heavy taxes, Brig. Gen. Vanderbilt, who has been a semi-invalid for many months, and his wife are faced with the knowledge that neither one of their two children would have the house—as a residence—for a precious gift.

The only daughter, Mrs. Robert L. Stevens, lives at 4 East Seventy-second Street in a compact, modern apartment house. She is a shy young woman, who has an almost positive aversion to the grandiose scale of living that has been her mother's breath of life.

As for Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr.—certainly the problem child of the family and sometimes of society itself—his idea of the ultimate in comfortable living is the trailer in which he lives and tours this country. He roamed through Europe in it for several years before the war closed that continent to his pen and his peregrinations.

Cornelius, Jr., could no more be persuaded to live in and maintain No. 640 Fifth Avenue than his mother could be persuaded to live in this trailer. Mrs. Stevens and Cornelius, Jr., are typical of the heirs to the social grandeur of the past. These heirs are in revolt against the formalities and ostentations of the past.

Era Passed Years Ago

Members of the mythical 400 have been mistaken in their recent moans that the auction of the Oelrichs house and the sale of the Vanderbilt mansion marks the passing of an era. That era checked in its chips more than 20 years ago with the beginning of World War No. 1.

Ever-increasing taxes, plus the depression, administered the final roundhouse wallop and coup de grace to a social order that even its heirs show no desire to save.

Today, the remnants, such as the Oelrichs mansion, are mere white elephants haunting a generation eager to give them away for a song to anyone who will assume the tax burden and the responsibility of management.

Pink elephants are bad enough, but heirs have learned that it takes a lot more than bicarbonate of soda to vanish the white variety!

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